

THE MINNESOTA FIERY CROSS

VOLUME 1, NUMBER 37

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1924

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THIRD PARTY TO MEET IN ST. PAUL

TWILIGHT'S THINKINGS

AMERICA, HOUSE OF
STABILITY
THE SOUL AND EDUCATION
ARE YOU EDUCATED?

AMERICA stands forth a marvelous structure of stability after having passed through in its construction periods of painful uncertainty.

It has taken the unyielding faith, the uncounted heroes to erect the great Temple of Glory, the United States of America. What will you do to preserve it?

We must not permit the rats of violence, the moles of dreamland or the leeches of moneyed privilege, to destroy our House of Stability.

We will drift back to the chaos and anarchy of primitive times if a proper respect for law is not re-established over the entire nation.

The selective principle of obedience comes from the dark days of savagery and must never be permitted even a passing recognition. A law is a law, and as long as any law remains the statute books, demands enforcement and obedience.

Every champion of lawlessness in the past has shouted in bitter denunciation against various laws, mouthing an easy phrase—personal liberty.

No person can be the right kind of dweller in our House of Stability of he or she cannot read or write the American language.

A bureaucratic government is anti-American. It makes possible long tenures of office for the political gangsters who seek places of trust for personal gain. The House of Stability was never intended to be used as a museum in which to display political specimens.

IN swinging from one extreme there is danger that we swing to an opposite extreme. That is just what happened as we went from the cultural aim in education to a more practical one. There is evil in an over-emphasis of the "bread-and-butter" aim in education. We must always remember that the human soul is of more concern than the human stomach, even as important as that is. Human beings are not machines for industrial production. Industry is intended for man's convenience, not man for industry. Professor James H. Baker says, "Too much attention to the practical, dwarfs the powers, limits the horizon, and will result in the destruction of that spirit which makes a strong national character. There is little need to urge the practical; the more immediate and obvious motives constantly draw men toward it. The refinements of the soul are at first less inviting; they are hard to gain and easy to lose."

JUST because a person can tack a sheepskin on the wall of his bedroom does not indicate that he has an education. A young man may be able to construe Homer, understand Horace and taste Virgil, yet stand out conspicuously as an ignoramus. Herbert Spencer said, "No sound fabric of wisdom can be woven out of rotten raw material." And Hannah More has said, "I call education not that which is made of shreds and patches of useless arts, but that which inculcates principles, polishes tastes, regulates tempers, cultivates reason, subdues passions, directs the feelings, habituates to reflection, trains to self-denials; but more especially that which refers all actions, feelings, sentiments, tastes, and passions to the love and fear of God."

A mind stuffed with facts and theories is not necessarily a useful mind, any more than a sausage-casing stuffed with sawdust is something good to eat.

KLAN AT BRAINERD GROWING IN SPITE OF OPPOSITION

KLEAGLE WARNED TO LEAVE TOWN BY UN-AMERICANS

Effects of Boycott on Alleged Members Overcome by Protestants

WILL SAVE HOSPITAL

Plan Open Air Public Ceremony at Early Date if Weather Permits

BRAINERD, MINN., April 2.—Although non-Protestant friends in this community frequently promise interesting activities should the Klan ever appear, rapid growth of the Ku Klux Klan in Brainerd has only been encouraged by threats.

The fieldman of the Ku Klux Klan has been invited to leave town so often that the invitations are becoming somewhat monotonous and, according to a statement he made today, he has no intention of leaving Brainerd till he gets ready, and not even then, should a certain group think he's been driven out of town. Certain business men here in town were suspected of being Klansmen, and a boycott immediately went into action. For a few days things looked a little dubious, but it wasn't long until the Protestants united sufficiently to more than overcome the effects of the boycott.

Recently five fiery crosses appeared within the city limits, one on each of the five school grounds of the city. A member of an un-American organization said, according to several auditors, "I'll blow the brains out of anyone who sets a cross on fire in this city." To say the least, this was a very friendly remark, yet it doesn't trouble anybody hereabouts.

It is alleged that one of the city officials has expressed himself in terms that leave no doubt in anyone's mind as to his feelings concerning the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. He is so obviously against the Protestant organization that little stock is placed in his malicious utterings.

The Protestant people of this community are uniting for the purpose of saving the Northwestern hospital from bankruptcy. In spite of its public denials made by various individuals who are known to be non-Protestants, there is an organized effort to remove the Northwestern hospital from Brainerd. In that the Northwestern hospital is recognized as a necessary institution here, in spite of its public denials, it is a low way off, and it can be said with emphasis that the Northwestern hospital will never become a parochial school.

Dr. Harper and the Rev. Mr. Rainbarger have lectured here at various times and aroused much enthusiasm for the Klan. There is little need to urge the practical; the more immediate and obvious motives constantly draw men toward it. The refinements of the soul are at first less inviting; they are hard to gain and easy to lose.

Do not think for a single moment that the Ku Klux Klan is not on an effective basis here. Enthusiasm shows quite a satisfactory increase in membership, and with the coming of summer, out-of-door meetings will be held. A public, open air naturalization ceremony is being planned which will open the eyes of the people in this neck of the woods.

KLAN IN ELECTION

Believe Sheldon Americans Put Over Candidates at Municipal Polls

SHELDON, I.A., April 7.—Rumor has it that members of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan polled a heavy vote in the late municipal election which resulted in placing in office men of high caliber and of American ideals.

Up to the present time there has been a great deal of bitterness toward the Klan in Sheldon, but as the general public is coming to see that its activities are working for the betterment of the entire community, this spirit is dying out. A boycott against merchants believed to be affiliated with the order was started, but has not resulted in any harm.

The fairgrounds was the scene of the burning of a fiery cross after the election results were made known.

JOBBER ARRESTED
WICHITA, KAN., April 7.—After attempting to suppress the news of a liquor raid at the residence of E. V. Schnoor, local tobacco jobber, to see that its activities are working for the betterment of the entire community, this spirit is dying out. A boycott against merchants believed to be affiliated with the order was started, but has not resulted in any harm.

Immigration Before House

Mason City Klansmen Attend Funeral Following National Emblem and Bible



PARADING IN HUMAN CROSS FORMATION

The photograph reproduced above shows members of the Mason City, Iowa, unit, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, marching to the funeral services of a deceased member, W. B. Cook. The leader is carrying the stars and stripes, and the Holy Bible over his head. After the service at the funeral parlors, these Klansmen formed a semicircle around the grave, knelt for a few moments in silent prayer, planted a cross of bright red flowers at the head of the grave, and departed. This is the first time that members of the local Klan have been seen in public in full regalia.

Clinic Director Handles 'Problem Children' Cases

EXAMPLES RECITED BY DR. L. G. LOWREY

First Step Is to Gain Confidence of Child Being Examined, It Is Said

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., April 7.—When a "bad boy" fully understands and admits the real underlying causes of his incorrigibility—and when his parents understand them too—he ceases to be "bad."

So says Dr. Lawson G. Lowrey, director of the child guidance clinic at the University of Minnesota, which handles 60 new cases of "problem children" a month.

"I never yet saw a child who had nothing on which to build," Dr. Lowrey said recently, "and that is the experience and special training of members of the clinic are helpful and sometimes essential. Frequently two or three boys—possibly members of the same gang, will show exactly the same faults and behavior, though the causes may be totally different."

Cures "Problem Children" The special aim of the clinic is to cure the "problem children" while they are young.

The clinic recently moved its offices to the partially completed new library building on the university campus. In the middle of the big room where the children are received, on the till bare cement floor, is a table piled with children's books and magazines. Among them are drawing books in which the youngsters can take out superfluous energy by creating pictures. And they do, too, from just scribbles to creditable drawings.

Children as young as three are brought to the clinic—some by their parents, and some by social agencies, but most by the schools.

Confidence First Need "Of course, the main thing is to gain the child's confidence and remove any feeling of antagonism he may have," Dr. Lowrey said. "Generally this is not hard. In fact, if we never had any more trouble with some of the parents than we do with their children, our task would be easy."

There are four main parts to the examination: history taking, physical, psychological (to discover the level of intelligence and special abilities and disabilities), and the psychological.

Hits Ban on Political Speeches in Schools
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., March 29.—Action by the board of education barring political speeches in public school auditoriums was opposed in a resolution passed by members of the Bancroft Improvement association and filed with the board Saturday. Free use of auditoriums for discussion of all questions, political and otherwise, would afford citizens an opportunity to secure an education on public questions, H. C. Malchow, president of the association, said.

BIG MEETING HELD
WHITE CITY, KAN., April 5.—Despite the handicap of bad roads, which were almost impassable, members of the local Klan held a highly successful meeting in the city hall recently, which was well attended. A minister was the speaker. It was the first open meeting here.

SENATE MEASURE HAS 1910 CENSUS AS QUOTA BASIS

Author of Senate Bill Would Maintain "Gentleman's Agreement"

FOREIGN BLOCK IS BUSY

New York City an Example With Alien Dominated Courts, Politics and Schools

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—The immigration fight is on in dead earnest in congress, and every Klansman who wants to help by wiring his senator or congressman, must do so right now if he wants to get in before the fight is over. This is the last call. It is the eleventh hour.

In the senate the fight has been on several days. The bill on the senate calendar as the unfinished business of the senate, and comes up every day the senate is in session. It began with a long discussion by the chairman of the senate committee, Senator Colt, of Rhode Island, who told of its many provisions. Senator Colt and the committee substituted the 1910 census on which to base the quota instead of the 1890 census, as is wanted by the Johnson bill over in the house. The 1890 census will further restrict immigration over that of 1910 by about a ratio of something like 150,000 to 180,000 as against 355,000 to 40,000, if the 1910 figures are enacted into law. Klansmen are for the 1890 census if they cannot have a stoppage of immigration altogether for a five-year period.

Senator Harrison, of Mississippi, has an amendment for which he is fighting to base the quota on the 1890 census, and Senator Shortridge, of California, is fighting for this amendment, providing for Japanese exclusion. California people want the Japs kept out. They have too many of them on the Pacific coast.

Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, author of the senate measure, is also fighting for the senate bill, but he wants to try to keep the "gentleman's agreement" with Japan, holding that it will be more effective in the curbing of that immigration than would any exclusion law. The California senators take issue with him on that point, and are arguing for Japanese exclusion altogether.

The bill will not come to a vote in the senate for possibly another week, as it is believed it will be under discussion that long, perhaps longer.

(Continued on page 5)

Sob Story Blames Klan for Stealing Minneapolis Child

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., March 31.—The news story that appears in today's Minnesota Daily Star refers to the Ku Klux Klan as a party to the alleged Tanner persecution is ridiculous, for the Protestant organization does not take part in any such case as is alleged to be centered on Zina Tanner.

The news story is clearly one that reporters class as "sob-stuff" and is written from a point of view which attempts to malign the Klan and Klansmen. It relates that a secret organization is to blame for the disappearance of Alice, aged 6, who was being reared by her foster parents, the Tanners. Efforts made to connect the Ku Klux Klan with the disappearance of Alice reveal suspicions that are ill-founded. Alice, it seems, is the daughter of Mrs. Tanner by a former husband, one William Hammond, who lives in North Dakota. Mr. Tanner is quoted as saying that certain persons believe him and his wife incapable of properly taking care of Alice and providing good surroundings. Further, he is reported to have expressed himself so as to indicate a belief that the persons affiliated with the Ku Klux Klan desired to take the child away from the influence of himself and his wife.

The facts so far revealed in connection with the case in no way point to the Ku Klux Klan as a party to the disappearance of Alice. But then, the story serves the purpose of The Star, which has always been unfair in its attitude toward the Protestant organization.

Pitiful Prattle Printed by Paper in Northfield

NORTHFIELD, MINN., April 2.—Under the title of "The Business of Kluxing," the editor of The Northfield News, Mr. Herman Roe, makes many statements that reveal him so completely ignorant of the Ku Klux Klan as to make him eligible for a place of honor in the Ananias club. The people around here have had many a good laugh over the editorial, and Northfield tailors reported stampedes which have kept them busy sewing buttons to vests.

The editorial begins with the statement, "There are rumors that the Ku Klux Klan exerted an influence in the recent city election in Northfield; that the organization which appeals to the most dangerous of prejudices has 200 members in this community." Well, we'll admit that the Klan is a power in Northfield affairs and we are glad that The News has discovered that fact, even though at a late hour.

But the reference made to the effect that the Ku Klux Klan appeals to dangerous prejudices stands as mere childish prattle. Then the editor with a trembling pen writes: "There is danger to every community in playing with fire like the Ku Klux Klan, to permit the injection into a (Continued on page 5)

LEGISLATION TO HELP CRIPPLED URGED BY WOMEN

Relief Corps Has 200,000 Members Working for One Aim

AUXILIARY TO G. A. R.

North Dakota Assembly Made Appropriation Last Year Thorough Leader's Efforts

Laws in every state appropriating funds for the care of crippled children will be one of the pieces of legislation for which the Women's Relief Corps of every state will work during the coming year. The Relief Corps, the national organization of which has more than 200,000 members and is auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic, is making a canvass among all its corps for interest in and funds for child welfare work—which is to specialize in getting medical and surgical treatment for children crippled from illness or born handicapped.

Mrs. Harriet Jones of Lisbon, N. D., chairman of the national welfare committee of the organization, was in St. Paul and Minneapolis last week talking to local corps, and conferring with the national officers here, Mrs. Ida K. Martin and Mrs. Emma V. Campbell of Minneapolis as to plans for intensive welfare work for the crippled boys and girls of every state.

State Aid Is Proposed
Mrs. Jones' plan is to have state legislatures make appropriations for the crippled needy children in their own state, for care within the state if possible, and in hospitals or by surgeons of other states if necessary.

(Continued on page 5)

RAMSEY COUNTY WOMEN VOTERS MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO STATE LEAGUE

A representative group of the Ramsey County League of Women Voters met Monday afternoon at the Women's City club to prepare recommendations to be submitted to the state league, which in turn will be submitted to the pre-convention meeting of the national league at Buffalo, N. Y., April 24 to 29.

These recommendations concerned the program of work for 1924-25 and included phases of uniform laws concerning women in industry, international co-operation to prevent war, social hygiene, living costs, education, child welfare, and education in government and politics.

Uniform Laws Urged
Under the category of uniform laws affecting women, the matter of federal legislation concerning an amendment to the constitution giving congress the power to legislate upon the subject of marriage and divorce. The recommendations for study included the survey of changes in the legal and political status of women in the several states.

The state legislation suggested proposes removal of all common law disabilities of married women, equal guardianship of both parents of the

NEW POLITICAL BODIES INDORSE CONVENTION CALL

Omaha and Minneapolis Are Turned Down as Possible Gathering Places

OLD PARTIES "TOOLS"

Public Ownership of Railroads And Co-Operative Banks Urged by Leaders

Formal call for a national Farmer-Labor-Progressive convention for June 17 at St. Paul, indorsed by recent state conventions and conferences of third party advocates, was issued recently over the signatures of several national political organizations and political bodies in several states.

Those signing are the Farmer-Labor federation of Minnesota, William Mahoney, president, and Dr. W. A. Schaper, Henry G. Teigan and R. D. Cramer; the Progressive party of Nebraska, through J. L. Beebe and W. H. Green; the Farmer-Labor party of Washington, John C. Kennedy, secretary; the Farmer-Labor party of North Dakota, R. H. Walker, chairman, and H. R. Martinson, secretary; Buffalo Labor party, Buffalo, James Campbell, secretary; Western Progressive Farmers, Wm. B. Mouck of the state of Washington, chairman; Federated Farmer-Labor party, the communist branch of the former national Farmer-Labor party, Joseph Manley, secretary; the Farmer-Labor party of South Dakota, formerly the Non-Partisan league party, Tom Ayres, chairman, and Miss Lorraine Daly; Farmer-Labor party of Montana, Charles E. Taylor and P. Budden.

The committee on arrangements for the convention, named at a conference in St. Paul several weeks ago, decided on St. Paul, rather than Minneapolis, for the convention on account of the better facilities in that city for a large gathering, the committee said.

Omaha was a bidder for the convention, but was turned down.

Platform Announced

The committee on arrangements, also signing the formal call, consists of William Mahoney, St. Paul, chairman; C. A. Hathaway, secretary; W. A. Schaper of Minneapolis; H. G. Teigan, of Minneapolis; secretary to Magnus Johnson; R. D. Cramer of Minneapolis; W. H. Green, of Nebraska; Tow Ayres, of South Dakota; Joseph Manley, of Illinois, and R. H. Walker of North Dakota.

"The Republican and Democratic parties have proven themselves equal to the instruments of the privileged class in using the governmental power against the farmers and industrial workers," the convention call says.

(Continued on page 5)

Klans Have United Program in Kansas

EMPORIA, KAN., Apr. 7.—Throughout Lyon county the true patriots are rallying to the cause of the fiery cross, and a spirit of unselfish devotion to the principles is exemplified on every hand. Various Klansmen in Lyon county are working in a program of united effort upon an enthusiastic manner, which will benefit Protestant Christianity and make Protestant people of this country realize more fully their duty to their churches and the responsibility of a great democracy.

IMMIGRATION IS MOST IMPORTANT BILL IN HOUSE

Samuel Gompers of American Federation of Labor For Johnson Measure

IS ATTACKED BY MANY

Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America Still Favor Japanese

(Bureau of Publication and Education) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is out with a statement putting immigration first of nine measures which he puts in order of importance at this session of congress.

The report of the federation's legislative committee declares that the Johnson immigration bill, providing for a two per cent quota and the admission of families of foreign-born citizens, is being "maliciously attacked in foreign countries, by their nationals in the United States" and by "unfair and greedy corporations."

"Mussolini declares that if the bill is enacted into law that less money will be sent back to Italy to the relatives of Italian immigrants. And the Italian ambassador has been directed to make protest to our government."

Rumanians Protest

"The Rumanian government has made a similar protest, declaring, as did Mussolini, that the economic recuperation of that country depends upon money sent by immigrants to their families who remained at home."

"Former Attorney General Wickard opposes the bill because it would admit the admission of 'aliens ineligible to citizenship.' Mr. Wickardham for many years has represented Japanese interests in this country. In some way the Federal Council of Churches has been led into opposing that feature of the Johnson bill. It says that it would be a case of bad faith to pass a law that would abolish the 'gentleman's agreement' but never says a word about how Japan has time and time again violated that agreement."

"It must not be forgotten that the 'gentleman's agreement' is not a treaty. In this case the 'gentleman's agreement' leaves to Japan the issuing of passports for those who intend to come to the United States. No

EAT AT
M. & M. CAFE and GRILL
Miller & Wife, Prop.
221 E. Fifth St. Phone Maple 1783
"At It For Twenty Years"
"By Our Food We Shall Be Known"

Dr. J. E. HAWKINS
CHIROPRACTOR
Palmer School Graduate
Phonics: Res. Market 4127, Office Market 2160
301 Hippee Building

LET US RENEW YOUR WARDROBE
OUR SERVICE SATISFIES
AMERICAN DRESS CLUB
A. G. TAYLOR, Prop.
CLEANER, DYER, ALTERATIONS
Phone Drake 1859

Fountain Pens & Pencils
We Repair All Kinds
Kodaks, Films & Developing

When You Think of Flowers Think of Us
Kindness and flowers together go.
In honor bound it must be so.
Get the habit, give us a call.
Your patronage, thanks, we need it all.

MARKET FLORAL COMPANY
City Market Annex—414-2
Phone Market 1411 Glenn A. Wisner, Prop. WE DELIVER

\$2.35 Per Gallon
FLAT WALL PAINT
We Guarantee the Quality
You Be the Judge
SCHROEDER-SILLETTO COMPANY
PAINT MANUFACTURERS
Des Moines, Iowa

Thot-O-Grams

By JO LEE

WELL! as
THAT'S done
WELL done
WE SHOULD as
KLANSMEN offer
THANKS to
OUR great
JEHOVAH who
SENT US to
DO THE RIGHT and
ELECT DISCIPLES who
WOULD follow his
TEACHINGS and forgive
HIS ENEMIES for they
KNOW NOT what they do
AND GREAT will be
OUR REWARD for this
WELL DONE, so mote it be
I THANK you

one has ever seen this 'gentleman's agreement' and it is believed to be on the same order as 'gentleman's agreements' between corporations for profiteering purposes or for determining wages and the blacklisting of labor.

"It was a verbal agreement, Japan is said to have given a pledge to issue no passports to laborers. However, they come in here as merchants, students or under some other classification, but soon throw off their disguise and become laborers."

Many Japanese

"There are 100,000 Japanese in California alone. The federal council of churches is also urging that the Japanese come under the 2 per cent quota. President Gompers has made a protest to that organization and it is hoped the influence that led it into such a mistake will be exposed."

"The January and February reports of the United States employment service show a surplus of labor, especially of such a nature that even the committee were astounded."

"If a new immigration law is enacted before June 30, 1924, the law of 1917 will become operative. Under that law immigration to this country is almost unlimited. Before the passage of the 3 per cent law, 100,000 immigrants were coming here each month. Secretary of Labor Davis has said there are 10,000,000 people in Europe who are anxious to come to America. It will thus be seen that the danger ahead of the United States cannot be lightly treated."

Here Are Facts
Joseph M. Owens, of Washington, tells the truth and gets over important facts when he writes as follows:

"Why do the manufacturers' associations advocate unrestricted immigration and at the same time call for an increased tariff on foreign goods? Would not unrestricted immigration injure American labor just as free trade would destroy our industries? The big corporations are always sending out propaganda about the radical and foreign element and they are the very ones who encourage them to come here. They believe in passing laws to increase their wealth and at the same time help to destroy American labor by an increase in the immigration of cheap labor. Every genuine American, regardless of politics, should support the Johnson immigration bill now pending before the house."

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

SOLVED AT LAST!!!

Assure large attendance to your Konklaves by serving the finest quality fireworks. Programs prepared for individual requirements. Write us and receive special attention. R. D. McCullough, Box 42, New Castle, Pa.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

From time to time we read about extravagances in the expenditure of public funds and frequently we are presented with facts that conclusively prove that public officials are criminally wasteful in the use of money that has been accumulated by taxation. Investigations that have taken place during the past year show beyond the possibility of a doubt, that the people's money is not properly safeguarded. It is time to call a halt and demand a strict accounting to all the public officials who in any way handle public money. Wasteful expenditures have increased the tax rate and placed heavy burdens upon the citizens of the nation. It is not strange that the taxpayer is becoming rebellious and demand specific actions which will bring immediate relief.

Congressman Johnson, of Kentucky, brought forward some facts pertaining to the reckless expenditure of public funds that should receive the attention of all those who are interested in the welfare of the nation.

When the war ended, there was a large accumulation of supplies which were intended to be used in the military activities centered in Europe. These accumulations became surplus and were immediately disposed of.

Obviously it was best to dispose of these supplies by some methods that would bring satisfactory returns to the government. Public auctions were accordingly arranged for the disposal of surplus supplies. In these auctions the government carried all the expenses of the sale and then paid a percentage to the auctioneer. It develops that the auctioneers worked about thirty minutes on a given sale. Some of the results that have now been made public will be studied with much interest.

"Gerth's Realty Experts, New York, 18 days, \$206,110.08, or about as

JOHNSON GETS MANY LETTERS ON ALIEN BILL

Citizens of New York City Do Not Write to Own Congressmen

STOPPAGE FOR 5 YEARS

Theodore Burton, of Ohio, Takes Stand for Japanese Immigration

(Bureau of Publication and Education) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Thousands and thousands of letters, petitions and memorials are being sent to Hon. Albert Johnson, chairman of the house immigration committee, in Washington, in behalf of the house bill. Hundreds and hundreds of these letters are coming right out of New York city and Brooklyn, where there are so many foreigners. The writers of same know that it is useless for them to ask their own congressmen to support the bill, so they are writing to other members of congress because they know the congressmen from New York city districts are against them and favorable to the many aliens in their districts. Here is a sample of the thousands of letters that are coming:

"As the immediate restriction of immigration is vitally necessary to the welfare of our country, the undersigned, a resident and voter of New York, earnestly believes:

"1. That the need is for a complete stoppage of immigration for a period of at least five years.

"2. That the maximum concession to be tolerated would be a two per cent quota based upon the immigration census of 1890, as provided for in the Johnson bill.

"3. That there is great need for a national alien registration law, providing for registration of all aliens and the immediate deportation of those unlawfully here.

"Further, as the unassimilability of certain races is apparent, there should be no hesitancy in saying so in plain English and taking an open course without subterfuge to limit their entry."

"Realizing the futility of addressing congressmen from New York city who for obvious reasons have already put themselves on record as opposing real restrictive immigration, this letter is sent to you as the outstanding spokesman of true Americanism."

In the Senate

Over in the senate things are getting hotter and hotter for a more restrictive immigration bill than has been reported to that body by the senate committee. An amendment has been proposed by Senator Harris, of Georgia, proposing to reduce the quota from 2 per cent to 1 per cent and base the computation on the census of 1890 instead of 1910.

Senator Harrison, of Mississippi, has proposed an amendment, to base the 2 per cent quota on the census of 1890.

There is a rumor going today that special efforts will be made to get the senate immigration bill up in the senate before the house bill can come up in the house, realizing that the pressure all over the country is getting so great that the alien influence over on the senate side is getting scared about so many thousands of people writing and wiring in their requests for a more restrictive immigration than has been proposed in the senate bill.

Burton for the Japs

Representative Theodore Burton, of Cleveland, Ohio, is girding his loins,

New British Ambassador Presents Credentials to President Coolidge



Sir Esme Howard, the new British ambassador, leaving the White House after presenting his credentials. Colonel Sherrill, aide to the president, and Assistant Secretary of State Wright are with him.

MANY FOREIGN AGENCIES OPPOSED TO RESTRICTIVE IMMIGRATION BILL

The senate of the United States will soon have to decide whether it will pass an immigration law for the benefit of America and Americans, or for the benefit of Rumania, Italy, Poland, Japan, and points east and south.

Rumania objects to the legislation desired by Americans because it will decrease remittances by Rumanians

so he brags, to work for the defeat of the immigration bill by taking up the cudgels for Japan under the guise of an international pacifist.

Will Mr. Burton please explain his favoring the abrogation of the treaty of peace with Russia during Taft's administration?

Will the Cleveland man also explain how he as a Republican can argue for a high protective tariff on the products of foreign pauper labor, and then turn around and argue for and vote for free trade in the foreign pauper labor, cheap labor itself even cheap coolie Japanese labor?

Mr. Burton has been heard many, many times talking about party regularity in both the house and senate. He has an opportunity to put it into practice now. Has his recent sojourn in New York with the Jewish bankers and his representation of a district in which there are bunches of foreigners anything to do with his entrance into the foreign bloc in the house?

If he seeks re-election he should want the vote of all good Americans as well as the foreigners.

Two Presidents for Immigration
President Coolidge in his last annual message to congress made a terrific unanswerable argument for a restrictive immigration bill. His last message predecessor, Warren G. Harding, in his inaugural message stood squarely on his last platform demanding rigorous restriction of foreign immigration.

REDWOOD FALLS, MINN., April 8.—The announcement comes from Morgan that C. M. Bendixen, state representative of that place, has decided to file for the republican nomination at the June primary for state railroad and warehouse commissioner. He seeks to succeed Frank W. Matson of St. Paul, present incumbent by appointment.

Listen to the Dagoes
This is from the Progresso Italiano, New York City, March 19: "Hon. Royal S. Copeland, member of the senate committee for immigration, told us Saturday evening: 'You may be sure that it (the Johnson bill) will not pass the senate.' And under the editorial caption 'Revenge at the Polls,' F. C. De Javannes declares in Italian:

"Nothing is so effective as a few tens of thousands of votes. This being the case dear readers (Italians) we must make our power stronger, our threat blunter, our Dancoles sword sharper than ever. Are you voters? It is necessary to be in condition to cast your votes. Prepare your first naturalization papers. Do

AN EDITORIAL

Criminal Waste Found in Public Offices

BY TWILIGHT

much as the nine justices of the supreme court receive in two solid years. Each day the auctioneer got a cabinet officer's salary for a year. Gordon & Williams, Chicago, 16 days, \$48,289.79.

The Louisville Real Estate and Development Co., Louisville, Ky., one day, \$24,194.89.

J. Hall Miller, Jr., Atlanta, Ga., 30 days, \$37,209.44.

Arthur C. Sheridan, New York City, one day, \$4,603.20.

Smith & Jaffe, New York City, 39 days, \$73,719.28.

A. T. Sweepston, Chillicothe, O., 10 days, \$4,863.56.

Michael Tauber, Chicago, Ill., 26 days, \$60,600.56.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, New York city, 9 days, \$18,789.96.

Samuel Wieternitz, Chicago, 13 days, \$59,995.48.

Samuel T. Freeman, Philadelphia, 60 days, \$167,163.43.

Atlantic Coast Realty Co., Petersburg, Va., one day, \$2,870.18.

Newell D. Atwood, Boston, Mass., 8 days, \$1,189.

W. L. Bennett, Columbia, S. C., 4 days, \$1,202.57.

Jacob Cash, New York City, 1 day, \$4,046.85.

B. L. Crouch, Des Moines, Iowa, 9 days, \$17,962.84.

Fay W. Danford, Rochester, N. Y., 3 days, \$13,585.88.

Danford-Bliss, Buffalo, N. Y., 2 days, \$4,445.48.

Joseph P. Day, New York City, 2 days, \$723.

Isidoro D. Delgado, San Juan, P. R., 6 days, \$567.64.

John J. Erwin, Jersey City, N. J., 1 day, \$1,765.

Fitzpatrick Tell Auction Co., New Orleans, 3 days, \$1,321.23.

Abe Franklin, (no address given) 4 days, \$247.43.

Alfred Freeman, New York City, 9 days, \$21,007.59.

Wig Wags from Washington

(Bureau of Publication and Education) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—Copies of the resolutions approving a maximum surtax rate of 25 per cent recently passed by the tax conference at Asheville, North Carolina, have been officially filed with members of the senate finance committee by a special committee of the American Bankers' league, composed of W. T. Old, of the Seaboard National Bank, Norfolk, Virginia; Joseph G. Brown, of the Citizens National Bank, of Raleigh, North Carolina; and J. Elwood Cox, of the Commercial National Bank, High Point, North Carolina.

Since the passage of the resolutions, signatories have been secured from approximately 2500 banks in the southern states approving the 25 per cent surtax rate as adopted at the Asheville conference, and these signatures were made part of the exhibit filed with the committee.

North Carolina heads the list with more than 300 signatures, indicating that the bankers of that state will stand behind the rate adopted at Asheville.

Officials of the American Bankers' league anticipate that 90 per cent of the banks of the south will approve the rates before the canvass is complete. Additional signatures will be filed with the senate finance committee when received, it is stated.

D. A. R. For Immigration
The Daughters of the American Revolution have adopted a resolution "most heartily and earnestly in favor of restricted, selective immigration."

Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, president general, in a recent address urged the necessity of such legislation by the legislative committee, and indorses the Johnson bill pending in the house.

Their Allegiance
In the newspaper dispatches recently from Rome describing the ceremony when the two American prelates were sworn in as cardinals by the Catholic dignitaries, the following few lines are significant.

"The covenant pledged them to aid the Pope to reconquer his rights, to fight all heretics and enemies of the Pope, and to promise not to accept any mission from civil authorities which would lead to civil interference in the election of future Popes."

Creager a Kicker
Counsel for R. B. Creager, Republican national committeeman for Texas, has protested to the senate committee investigating Texas land frauds against making public the telegrams which passed between Creager, his attorney, George Hill, and various Texas land companies since December 15, 1923. The telegraph companies have delivered the messages to the committee.

Creager is the kicker who wants to put the Ku Klux Klan out of business by having both the Democratic and Republican national conventions hold up by immigration officers at their respective platforms declaring against the Klan.

Dangerous to Buck
Harry F. Sinclair, oil man, has been indicted on ten counts by the federal grand jury of the District of Columbia on a charge of contempt of the United States senate because of his refusal to answer questions before the senate committee investigating the oil question.

It's a dangerous position for any man to take, viz., refuse to testify or answer questions when on the witness stand. When a man won't, there is usually found a way to make him reverse himself.

Nine counts deal with Sinclair's refusal to answer nine separate questions put to him by Senator Walsh, prosecutor of the committee. The tenth count deals with the general refusal of Sinclair to answer all questions.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

A. H. NUTT DRUG CO.
Phone Maple 999
East Sixteenth & Walnut Streets
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
We Deliver

"We Weld The Breaks of Day"
GIBBS The WELDER
1124 Locust St. Wal. 286

JONES'
High Test Milk and Cream
Now being delivered in West Des Moines Retail
Phone Walnut 1915

MECCA LUNCH
American Owned-American Employes
514 Locust St.
"Good Food at Reasonable Cost"

CLEANERS-DYERS
SHAW
"Call Our Nearest Office"

1—University Place—Drake 515
2—East 16th and Grand—Maple 807
3—West 13th and Forest—Drake 340

FOR 100% SERVICE
Most Modern and Best Equipped Plant in the Middle West—Operating the "Continuous Flow System"

EDITOR OF KLAN PAPER TALKS TO LARGE CROWD

"Twilight" Orn Addresses Albert Lea Audience on Current Problems

FOREIGNERS INFERIOR

Urges Listeners to Let Senators Know That American Solution Is Wanted

(By EYETHERE)

ALBERT LEA, MINN., April 7.—"Twilight" Orn, editor of The Minnesota Fiery Cross, was greeted by an overflow crowd when he appeared for his lecture here tonight. For nearly two hours the editor held his audience as he presented a number of pressing problems now confronting the people of this country were given frequent rounds of applause attesting that he touched points which ran in line with thoughts of the majority of his audience. The Americans in this community are very much in sympathy with the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan and growing more so with each passing day.

There are 14,000,000 foreign-born people in the United States today, only one-half of whom have become naturalized," said Mr. Orn. "Previous to the opening of the twentieth century, America melted down the foreign elements that came to our shores, but in late years the type of aliens coming to this country is obviously such as to threaten the welfare of the nation."

"Even those foreigners that go to the trouble of getting an American citizenship today are inferior to an astounding degree. Seventy-five per cent of the aliens naturalized between January 1, 1907 and June 30, 1921, nearly 2,000,000 people of unknown origin and alien outlook, possessed the mental development of children in the fourth grade or worse. With cold figures laying clearly before us the menace of modern immigration, the demagogues shout for wide open doors in order, so it seems, to get votes from the alien-minded peoples within our borders. You have seen the sinister activities of the Un-American organizations in this country as they seek to stampede the politicians in Washington so as to bring about the defeat of the Johnson immigration bill.

Nordic Immigration Assets
"We are not getting the kind of people today that came to our shores with the old immigration tide. Our Nordic forebears who came to America as immigrants turned their backs to the past and quickly grasped the spirit of America making shortly, citizens of the finest type. God-fearing men and women they were with strong minds and ready hands. They set their plows in the virgin prairies and drove their axes deep in the primeval forests. Lo, and behold, in a short period of time they took a mighty part in the building of the world's greatest nation. The new immigration is Latin and Alpine largely, therefore detrimental to the best interests of the United States. Let our senators and congressmen know at once that we will tolerate no half-way measures in solving the problem of immigration.

Especially I urge that you let the senators know that you want an American solution rather than one of political expediency. The United States senate has always been a stumbling block in the way of comprehensive action, whenever the problem of foreign immigration was demanding attention. There are at the present time 6,000,000 inferior and very inferior aliens in this country. A short-sighted immigration policy will increase this terrible horde of human riff raff that we have to contend with at the present time."

After a three-day conference at Chingling, Nanking, China, a China Association for Christian Higher Education has been formed for the purpose of uniting all those who are engaged in higher education in China under Christian auspices. Membership is open, also, to Christian teachers in non-Christian schools. It is the aim of this new organization to promote the activities and raise the standards of the work now carried on in China's Christian colleges.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

AMERICAN COAL COMPANY
Our Motto: "Clean Coal, Clean Business and Clean Weight"
Mid. 0692

When You Want to Eat,
ASK US
There is a
GOOD PLACE
In St. Paul

FRANK A. McCALL
1050 Edmond St.
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA
Moving and General Hauling
Max. 100% Service Telephone ELk. 1714

Anti-Prohibition Congressmen from Alien Districts

Ninety per cent of the congressmen who have introduced bills to nullify the constitution of the United States by permitting the sale of wine and beer, represent congressional districts which have been submerged under the alien tide. Many of them are themselves in close association with alien or unassimilated groups. We are importing constituents by the hundred thousand annually for congressmen of this type. If we keep it up, in a certain number of years the men in congress who represent American sentiment will find themselves in the minority. At present, America may well rejoice that the congressmen loyal to the spirit of the constitution outnumber those who have introduced beer bills by approximately 9 to 1. We call the attention of the dry congressmen to the fact that by passing a proper immigration bill they can restrict the growth of the anti-constitutional groups.

Klansmen Grow Tall in Iowa

At a Klan ceremonial held in an Iowa county recently a man from among a crowd of ruffians tried to break through the line of guards, but was stopped.

In a few minutes he returned with a gang to force his way through, and the officer in charge massed guards and forced the intruders back, driving the gang leader under the fence. In doing so, the guard officer led the charge.

Several days afterward a group of men were discussing the affair and one of the men said, "Say, Frank, did you see that Klan show?"

"Yes, I was there," was the reply. "Where were you?"

"I was on the fence line where the fellow tried to break through the lines," Frank answered.

"Oh, you were, eh? Then you saw that big fellow who seemed to be in charge of those guards? Wasn't he tall?"

"Tall! Why he was so tall he reached the first woodpecker hole in a telegraph pole. Who was he, anyhow? There's no such tall fellow around here."

"I dunno," Frank answered, as he passed a knowing glance to certain of the crowd standing around. They grinned to themselves.

Frank was the tall guard, himself, but his friend evidently didn't recognize him under his regalia.

ILLINOIS KLAN TO MEET AT ROCKFORD

Celebration Will Be Largest Ever Held in Middle West, Says Announcement

CHICAGO, ILL., April 7.—Illinois Klansmen will concentrate their efforts in making the three-day celebration at Rockford, July 3, 4 and 5, the biggest demonstration of Americanism ever staged in the middle west, according to an announcement from the headquarters of the Grand Dragon of the Realm.

Early announcement of the affair is made so that no other Illinois city will make plans for a Ku Klux demonstration on the nation's birthday.

Klansmen, through the Realm, are invited to participate in making the Rockford affair a success. That city's wonderful demonstration last year proves the ability of its Klansmen to plan and carry out stupendous affairs.

While the details of the three-day program are not to be given out, it is in advance, it is known that a great merchants' and manufacturers' exposition will be a feature that will bring extensive exhibits to Rockford and give firms and individuals an opportunity to display their products to the scores of thousands of visitors who will be in attendance.

Pageants, novel entertainment features, initiation ceremonies, fireworks display, patriotic addresses and parades will be on the program.

Preacher Talks on "The Hope of Protestantism"

COLUMBUS, KAN., April 7.—Pointing out the work that is before the Protestant churches, the Rev. C. D. Walker, Wichita, in a sermon here recently, declared that they must be united and stand as one body and not be divided as they are at present by creeds and doctrines. His subject was, "The Hope of Protestantism."

The minister told of the high type of Christianity, which lasted several hundred years after Christ's ascension, and then of the gradual falling away. He described the establishment of the church of Rome.

Reading in brief from the latest text books of the Catholic press, dated January, 1924, and containing questions and answers, he showed some of the teachings of the church in the United States, including the placing of church above everything, even including the duties of the heads of states.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

Winner of Bok's Prize Peace Plan



C. H. LEVERMORE

Mr. Levermore of New York, student of international relations, writer and former college professor, was the winner of the \$100,000 prize offered by Edward W. Bok for the best plan to preserve peace among the nations of the world.

SENATE LAND FRAUDS PROBE PROGRESSES

Telegrams Between Creager and Company May Be Inspected by Committee

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—The senate committee investigating the Texas cases of alleged land frauds in the Rio Grande valley in the Lone Star state is getting its breath for a few days, having adjourned until next week. And there is a lull in the storm in which Senator Heflin, of Alabama and others are trying to convict R. B. Creager and the Almo Land and Sugar company.

In the meantime the committee is making an effort to subpoena all telegrams from Washington by Mr. Creager, or by his attorney, George Hill, to any land companies or others in Texas since December 1.

Chairman Moses directed that a report submitted by Postal Inspector O. B. Williamson, who looked into the fraud charges, be printed as a confidential document.

Sensor Heflin is going to take another try at it next week before pressing in the senate to ask for a new committee to hold the hearings. He claims that the chairman, Senator Moses, of New Hampshire, is unfair and is charging that Moses is assisting his friend Creager in every way he possibly can.

Public Opinion

Public opinion is a powerful force. It makes presidents and unmakes them, drives cabinet members fuming into retirement, makes policies stick, or wrecks them, makes laws enforceable or reverse. Then it is no wonder that there is such a vast amount of propaganda in the world—everybody is trying to make the public believe something or other—and the only safe thing is for the public to be thoroughly informed; for usually when the public knows all about both sides of a question it will decide rightly.

The only method of constant approach to the public is through the daily newspaper. The magazine that tries to teach, to advise, reaches him every day. It speaks to more people than all the other professions combined, and it speaks much oftener. There is hardly a person who is as much as ten years old in Savannah who does not read, at least, of a newspaper every day—and that is almost true of the whole of Georgia, and the whole of the country.

Newspapers therefore have to be careful to avoid being "sed." Propaganda approaches them from many directions, in many disguises; they endeavor to give both sides of all questions to their readers; and sometimes they are criticised for that; and at the same time they endeavor to avoid having propaganda appear as news. A newspaper that leans to one political party should not on that account treat the opposite party as if it did not exist. The public has a right to make up its mind on public questions, and it therefore has the right to be properly informed so that it can properly make up its mind; it must be so informed by its newspapers. The newspaper on that account has a public duty to perform that probably has no equal in importance—the duty of informing the public so that public opinion may be formed—knowing all the time that it is public opinion that makes for retrogression or for progress. The better the public opinion, the saner and the wiser, then the greater will be the progress; and the converse is true—Savannah News.

Word comes to Washington from Portland, Maine, that the officers of the Portland Kiwanis club have issued a statement of apology for the remarks of Joseph Smith, secretary of Mayor Curley, of Boston, delivered at a recent meeting. Smith attacked the Ku Klux Klan and severely censured its leaders. The club statement points out that the subject of Mr. Smith's speech was not known before his appearance.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY OPPOSES IMMIGRATION

Toledo Body Asks Congress to Pass Bill—Many Aliens Before Court

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.—Only the other day the federal grand jury at Toledo, Ohio, sitting for the northern division of Ohio, western part, urged congress to further restrict immigration, appalled by the large number of alien foreign born offenders hailed before it. Among other things the twenty members of the jury from twenty different cities and towns in Ohio declared in a memorial to congress complained as follows:

"We members of the federal grand jury are required by law to hear and investigate alleged crimes in the northern district of Ohio; and in so doing are compelled to leave peaceful pursuits and our homes, only to find that a large majority of such charges are brought against the foreign element; we are shocked by the number, quality and character of foreign defendants, charged with disobedience to our laws and institutions; we urge congress to act properly and promptly in bringing relief. The conditions compel us to urge congress, the guardians of our ports, to protect our country and our flag."

The memorial was signed by J. W. Banting, of Toledo; Henry A. Mack of Lima; F. E. Dustman of Van Wert; and the other 17 members of the grand jury.

And yet Congressman Mooney, of Cleveland, says it is unfair to restrict immigration. Even so big a statesman as Congressman Theodore Burton declares he won't do it because it might offend the Japanese.

This surely is a time for all 100 per cent Americans to act. If men like Mooney and Burton won't vote for America and for American wages and standards, for bread and meat for red-blooded Americans and their families, for perpetuating this rich heritage of ours, it is high time that all the American voters in Cleveland were getting together and voting for men who will.

Look at the Figures

Our existing immigration laws do not keep the riff raff out. They do not keep out the epileptics, alien insane and criminal classes. Take a look. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, 673,406 aliens entered this country; during the last six months of 1923, 585,199 aliens got in. It is impossible for our inspectors and examiners to weed out these dangerous aliens with such a large number to handle. They can't do it because it is physically impossible to do so.

The Rising Tide of Aliens

(The Chicago Herald-Examiner)

The Brooklyn Eagle, published in a city with the largest alien population in the United States, prints an editorial announcing that the Johnson immigration bill is dead, and rejoicing therefor. In support of its contention that bitterness aroused by the discriminatory feature of the Johnson bill is slowly gaining ground, it cites a recent indignation meeting called against the bill, and asserts that Catholics, Protestants, and Jews joined in assailing it. The paper also cites the fact that Secretary Hughes is against the measure, "because it will irritate Japan."

It would be difficult to find better arguments in favor of the Johnson bill than those offered by the Eagle against it. It bases opposition to the measure on religious grounds when it asserts that Catholics, Protestants and Jews join in protest against it. That is an attempt to arouse religious prejudice against a measure which has properly nothing of religious or anti-religious character about it.

The Johnson bill is designed to keep America American, not to keep it Catholic, Protestant, or Jewish, or a combination of the three. It is not designed to keep out Catholics, Protestants or Jews because they are such, but to keep out alien minded peoples, of whatever religion, who seek to colonize in American cities for greater numbers than we can assimilate. The opposition cited is wrong and proves the wisdom of the restrictive bill because it reveals that the interest of the opponents is in the foreign peoples who would be barred by the measure, rather than in the American people who would be protected by it.

The same is true of the fact that Secretary Hughes opposes it because it would irritate the Japanese. The interest of the American people ought to be in America, not in Japan.

It is true that opposition to the bill is gaining ground. It is doing so because the foreign element in this country is organized and fighting with all manner of propaganda to defeat the restriction and let in hordes of aliens. The fact that this foreign minded propaganda within America can threaten the bill ought to convince patriotic Americans that such a defense measure must be passed.

JUNIORS BURN CROSS

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., April 5.—Peculiar by heavy detonations, a huge fiery cross burst forth on Lowdes hill, near here, tonight. The fiery emblem had two cross arms. It is reported to be the emblem of the Junior Ku Klux Klan. It is said that the burning of the cross heralded the initiation of a large class of candidates.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

First Woman Pastor Ordained In England



MARY G. COLLINS

Miss Collins, ordained as a regular clergywoman of the North Bow Congregational church, is the first woman minister of the gospel in England.

NEWSPAPERS FAIL TO MENTION KLAN'S GIFT

Pittsburg Unit Contributed to Funds of African M. E. Church

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

PITTSBURG, KAN., April 7.—Bitter denunciation of the Crawford county newspapers to mention a recent contribution of the local Klan to the Girard A. M. E. church is contained in a statement issued by a member of the congregation. The statement contains praise for the work of the Ku Klux Klan in aiding law enforcement and assisting in making better citizens.

The statement, in part: "Some of us think that it is because these papers are opposed to the great American organization, which is composed of native born, 100 per cent Americans. But allow me to add that there is one colored person who, were he white, would be knocking at the door of the Klan, for the Klan is the savior of America and American principles. But what I want you to tell the world is that these Klansmen gave our church \$100, which we were in need of and which we very much appreciate. So allow me to add that any organization that is for the Protestant church, whether its members be white or black, is the organization I am for."

Premier of Japan Recognizes Christians

Premier of Japan, has given official recognition to Japanese Christianity by including, with Buddhist and Shinto priests, a group of representative Christian pastors in a conference called a few days ago to secure the aid of religious organizations in rebuilding the morale of the Japanese people. Missionaries now at work in Japan can recall conspicuous wooden signs posted throughout the country which contained edicts outlawing Christianity and promising dire punishment to any who professed it. Today representatives of this "outlaw" faith, given recognition by the government, dare to stand before the premier and declare that Japan has made a serious mistake in refusing to include religious instruction in the school system, and demand that missionary schools be placed on an equal footing with government schools.

British Free Churches in Annual Conference

One thousand representatives of the Evangelical Free churches of England met recently for their twenty-ninth annual conference at Brighton. Ramsay MacDonald and David Lloyd George were among the speakers. Lloyd George, after describing the success of prohibition in the United States, declared: "But, believe me, it is not new machinery we need; it is a new spirit, a new temper. Will you be shocked if I tell you we want another war; not against foreigners, but against enemies at home? A war against poverty, wretchedness, intemperance, vice, and all the ugliness that mars human life and happiness. Above all we want a war spirit, courage, endurance, devotion and sacrifice."

PASTOR REWARDED

FAYETTEVILLE, W. VA., April 5.—At 8 o'clock last Sunday evening, 25 robed Klansmen went to the local Methodist Episcopal church, South, and gave the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Perkins, a substantial cash donation. The Klansmen entered the church just prior to the opening of the services. The gift was accepted, and the pastor extended his thanks.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

KOESTER DRUG CO.

The Drug Store that Serves South west Des Moines.
S. W. 9th & Park Walnut 4292

ATMOSPHERE CLEARING IN NATIONAL CAPITAL

TABLE RESOLUTION TO REMOVE MELLON

Undivided Attention of Congress Needed on Many Important Measures

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—At the present writing the Potomac river is in flood stage. Washington is mantled in snow, the big Capitol up on the hill is sprinkled in virtuous white, and Uncle Sam has a headache after a bad night out. However, there is less scandal right now, and the atmosphere is assuming a more normal condition. Investigation is about to give way to legislation, and it looks as if politics is going to take a back seat for a while.

Hearsay evidence never goes in a well regulated court, and it is about to be thrown out in the national capital. Senators are coming around to where they have a decent respect for honest evidence and we are about to get down to business. However, what has happened is like pointing the finger of warning at rottenness and crookedness and is bound to bring about better conditions in government circles. The escapades of Fall, Doheny and Sinclair will tend to make the world better. The rottenness in Denmark has been exposed, and now all the people want to see is the guilty properly punished. The public will be satisfied with nothing less. Let the indictments, trials and punishments of the guilty proceed.

Daugherty a Marked Man

Harry M. Daugherty is no longer attorney general. For a long time everyone but himself knew he was a marked man. Mr. Daugherty was literally dropped overboard by President Coolidge, and some of Daugherty's friends are disposed to criticize the president for firing Daugherty before he had a chance to defend himself. The other folks think the president ought to have acted sooner than he did and that he might have used harsher terms.

Be that as it may, the Daugherty dismissal will not interfere with the Coolidge nomination at Cleveland in June. Everything seems to be so set up for that event that Washington and New York newspaper men are now predicting the day and almost the hour the nomination will be made. It is scheduled for June 12.

Mr. Daugherty's close friends say he is not whipped by any means, but that he is also a 100 per cent Republican organization man and that he will be found fighting in the Republican ranks this year just as he has in the past.

Nipped in the Bud

After disposing of Mr. Daugherty, a rush was started on Secretary of the Treasury Mellon. The McKellar move to dismiss Mellon was quickly tabled, and the resolution went to the calendar, where it is more than likely to remain, and sleep permanently. Senator Robinson, Democratic leader, disclaimed all responsibility for the move on the part of Senator McKellar, of Tennessee. The Republicans were united for Mellon, and the Democrats were divided in opposition, so under those circumstances it was thought best to pig-hole the matter.

A statement of the circumstances under which Mr. Mellon had accepted appointment to the cabinet showed that he had been scrupulous in endeavor that there should be no seeming invasion of the law. He was the first to question his own eligibility and it was only after seeking legal advice and divesting himself of all stock ownership in a large number of corporations that he felt he could qualify for the treasury post.

The Democrats themselves seem to have put a quietus on the reported intention of "going down the line" and picking off cabinet members, one by one. The country is to be congratulated that the senate seems to have found itself again and that it will now get down to business. Congress will now likely pull itself together and begin legislation in earnest. Speed up the program is now the slogan on both sides of the chamber.

New Attorney General

President Coolidge is now confronted with the problem of selecting a new attorney general. He is chiefly concerned about getting a man who will fill all requirements—a man who will be willing to sacrifice a law

practice worth about \$100,000 a year to serve his country at a salary of \$12,000 a year with the use of an automobile thrown in.

The president is expected to look to the middle west or the far west for his new man, if possible, as Massachusetts and New England already have so many places of importance in the government at Washington. Lots of people in this country do not like the German relief bill to the tune of sending \$10,000,000 to the country that recently tried its best to lick us and did kill off a good many American citizens. And the American soldiers do not yet have their bonus. It all sounds so inconsistent.

The German relief bill has not yet gotten by the senate and perhaps will not reach the White House.

Carries South Dakota

Senator Hiram Johnson has carried South Dakota in the Republican primary election and undoubtedly has won the 13 votes from that state. Coolidge got a good trouncing up there as was expected. Hiram will now devote considerable time to his own state of California, where an effort is being made to keep him from carrying his own bailiwick.

The Democrats of the nation are still looking for a political Moses to lead them in the coming campaign. It is going to take 735 votes in the New York convention to nominate, on account of the two-thirds rule always in force in Democratic conventions. Mr. McKelvie is undoubtedly still in the lead, but it is a question whether he can ever hope to be able to command enough support to get by on the two-thirds rule. It is thought now that he can probably run up to 500 or 600 votes, but to reach the necessary 735 is a horse of another color. It is believed in Washington that if he is not nominated that he will be in position to dictate the nominee of that convention on account of his great strength.

Robinson's Plea

A call to the senate to take up and put through as quickly as possible important legislation waiting attention is contained in a statement issued by Senator Robinson, Democratic leader in the senate. The Arkansas senator has had his ear to the ground, and he begins to hear the murmurs of discontent all over the country.

Senator Robinson declared that it was not the disposition of the Democratic party to prolong unduly the investigations of various government departments, although he insisted that it was necessary to reveal all important matters and to bring about a thoroughly honest administration of public affairs.

The things needing attention by congress include tax reduction, adjusted compensation, immigration, expression of legislative will that freight rate structure be reorganized with a view to reductions on farm products and commodities essential to farming and the elimination of the Pullman surcharge. In addition to all this, congress is just beginning to wake up to a realization that four months have slipped by and nothing much done, except making all the investigations that have been made. It's time now to begin legislation and get off the investigating end of the work, if this session of congress is to hope to accomplish very much.

W. T. HARTMAN
Contractor and Builder
Phone Maple 2600
1212 E Twelfth, Des Moines, Ia.

G. SCOTT DAVIES
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Suite 408-412 S. & L. Building
Des Moines, Iowa

You May Need —
SUPERIOR SPRING SERVICE

Standard Welding Co.
New Springs and Leaves
Re-arching—Re-tempering
INSPECTION FREE
416 East Second Street
Phone Market 2668
THEO. WINTERBERG

FRANK LONG Insurance and Real Estate

Life Insurance Health and Accident Fire Insurance
701 Polk Bldg. Walnut 1762

Now Is The Time--

to get a Radio Set, if only a small one

The new local high-power broadcasting station will soon be in operation.

We can furnish a Dietrichson one-tube set complete with everything at \$25.00 (not installed). 1000 miles reception guaranteed.

THE BRACKETT RADIO CO., 545 Fifth St.

THE MINNESOTA FIERY CROSS

The MINNESOTA FIERY CROSS is published every Friday by the Empire Publishing Company, St. Paul, Minnesota, and will maintain a policy of staunch, Protestant Americanism without fear or favor.

Edited not to make up people's minds, but to shake up people's minds; to help mold active public opinion which will make America a proper place to live in.

News of truth kills more false news and shrivels up more "bunk" than all the earnest arguments in the world. Truth helps to clarify opinions on serious questions by serious people.

The MINNESOTA FIERY CROSS will strive to give the American viewpoint on published articles and separate the cross from the pure gold in the current news of the day.

The Empire Publishing Co., Inc., Publishers

Second-class mailing rates applied for.

Advertising Rates Will Be Furnished Upon Request

Subscription Rate, by Mail, \$2.00 Per Year

Send All News Items and Address all Inquiries to 614 Pioneer Building, St. Paul, Minnesota

KLAN'S PROGRAM FOR 1924

1. Militant, old-fashioned Christianity and operative patriotism.
2. Back to the Constitution.
3. Enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment so long as it is a part of the Constitution.
4. Enforcement of present immigration laws and enactment of more stringent laws on immigration.

Universal Public Education

The New York Times in an editorial on the Oregon school law, abolishing private and parochial institutions, declares that if the United States supreme court upholds the recent decision of a district federal court declaring the law unconstitutional, a step will be gained "in protecting the parental right against a socialistic invasion."

With everything with which the editors of The New York Times do not agree; everything that is progressive in mild or strong measure, The Times takes great delight in dubbing it "socialistic," thereby hoping to arouse sections of well-meaning, but misinformed, people against that particular thing.

Such an assertion may carry weight within the confines of New York city, ridden as it is with private schools and an elaborate, far-reaching system of parochial schools, while its public school system is in the selfish grasp of Tammany Hall.

But in other sections of the country, where an American point of view is held by a majority of the population, the absurdity of such a statement is apparent.

In the early days of the American republic, when public schools were being established, and compulsory school laws being placed on the statute books of various states, a similar cry was raised. "There was much resistance to laws which declared that parents could not teach and train their own children at home; that they must be sent either to the public school or to an accredited private or parochial institution during the formative years of youth. The evils that lay in allowing parents to exercise their so-called 'parental rights' consisted of working children on the farms with practically no schooling, or just a few weeks of it in the winter months.

The Oregon school law, or any law similar to it in enforcing a system of universal public education is just another step in the building up and reinforcing of the school system which is the foundation upon which rests the destiny of American democracy.

If a universal public education law is "a socialistic invasion," so, too, is the law establishing free public schools "a socialistic invasion." If the Oregon law abridges parents' rights, how about the abridgement of the rights of parents and non-parents (following, The Times' line of argument) by the eighteenth amendment?

The editorial referred to declares that the only analogies to be found to such a law are in Russia and Turkey. Well, if Soviet Russia is installing a system of universal education, there may still be hope for that country. The Turkish law is vastly different from the American one. The Ankara government seeks not only to have universal Turkish education in the primary schools, but proposes also to abolish secondary schools and colleges managed by private interests. The Oregon law does not go beyond the elementary school.

Then The Times states: "The law partook also of the spirit and method of the Prussian educational system." It partakes of the spirit of the Prussian system in so far as it is universal. With the method there can be no quarrel. The Prussian system did one thing, if nothing else; it thoroughly educated those who came under it. But that education was directed in the wrong channels; it was education for an ulterior purpose, education as a means to an end. The same methods applied to the American public school system—requiring every child to attend the public school—would work to the inestimable good of the nation.

Just how sound is the decision of the Oregon district court is a problem. The court is sitting in the storm center of the question, and its decision may not be entirely free from local influences. The test of the law will be carried to higher tribunals. The newspapers from the Pacific to the Atlantic declare it is unconstitutional and that the higher courts will uphold the decision of the lower court. But the newspapers have consistently opposed the passage of the bill from the very beginning. And no one can deny that their opposition was born of "respect" for their advertisers, who are in the main a class unalterably against universal public education.

The mere fact that the law was passed in Oregon shows that the rank and file of the people are in favor of it. Should the supreme court declare it null and void, American citizens will have a goal toward which to work: to so amend the federal constitution that universal public education will become part of the basic law of the United States.

Blake's Free Press

Aldrich Blake, former associate of ex-Governor J. C. Walton of Oklahoma, now head of the Visible Government League of that state, has proposed a measure which if enacted into law would make all newspapermen members of a profession and subject to removal upon conviction for libel.

The proposed measure shows conclusively how Blake and his ilk would like to control the press were they in positions of power. All persons employed on newspapers or magazines to write, edit, or in any way assist in the preparation of any news or editorial matter come under the provisions of the measure. They would be required to take an oath and in turn would receive a license from the secretary of state. This license would be revoked upon conviction of libel and the guilty party barred from working at his profession for a period of three years.

The measure reflects the personal opinion of Mr. Blake, who, along with his former chief, has been severely lampooned by the press of Oklahoma for the part they played in attempting to crush an organization of native-born, white Americans—the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

It does not require a law to put the work of newspapermen in the professional class. Newspapermen in most parts of the country are considered professional men. If they have not attained that standing by a university diploma, they have at least attained it by years of hard work and severe training. There is a code of ethics prevalent in the newspaper profession (Des Moines excepted) which is upheld as strongly as are the codes of ethics of the ministry or of the legal or medical profession.

But just what Mr. Blake hopes to accomplish by depriving a newspaperman of his livelihood for three years upon conviction of libel is not clear. The state code of Oklahoma as well as of other states has sufficiently strong provisions for the punishment of persons convicted of either civil or criminal libel.

The first amendment to the constitution says in part: "Congress shall make no law . . . abridging the freedom of speech or of the press." Blake's proposed measure abridges the freedom of the press. It seeks to keep under the thumb of the government every writer, whether on a newspaper or magazine. It shows the type of law that would have been enacted had Blake and his followers succeeded in putting over their program in Oklahoma last year. But Blake is fighting a losing battle. He endeavored to obtain signers to a petition to pass an anti-Klan law in Oklahoma. He failed miserably. It was because of the freedom of the press that Governor Walton and Blake are now known only as characters in the tragedy which took place in that state last year. Blake, it seems, is trying to carry out a personal vengeance. The Americans of Oklahoma are not worried. They know the measure has no chance of being made a law.

Sparks from the Fiery Cross

By JOHN EIGHT POINT

"The noblest motive is the public good."—VIRGIL

Neglect, Klansmen, bolts the door of your great opportunity.

Stop, Professor, It is our Bible—we don't want it tinkered with so much!

We need not be civil to the devil merely to prove that Klansmen are not 'bigots'.

It is remarkable how bad the weather is the evening you go to lodge or have a distasteful task to perform.

You may carve your name as famous. Win applause non-partisan. But you're nobler when your name is on the roll of the Ku Klux Klan.

Clear-eyed then, nor vague nor flighty. Breaking superstition's bars. For our purpose, true and mighty. Lifts us nearer to the stars.

Must Face Ghastly Facts

History presents in lurid red certain ghastly facts which Klansmen can only read with horror. If popery wins, our liberties are gone and the facts that once flamed in lurid lights may repeat themselves. The 1924 race for the presidency will be a tremendous run against organized popery and red propaganda. But we may well remember that the Protestant steels, exercised and reared for the trail, will race away to victory with these banners flying in the wind: Absolute law enforcement; a safeguarded constitution; a real public school bill that will assure each child in America at least a grammar school education; an immigration bill with closely woven steel meshes.

The difficulties in getting full co-operation with Canada to stop liquor-smuggling are caused by Canada's lax ideas toward prohibition. This attitude is the result of provincial rather than federal action. There seems to be no real cure for the Canadian side of the distemper until Canada acts strongly in the right direction.

The Whirlpool of Anger

Even the enemies of the Klan point out that in the battle between the "drys" and the "wets" at Herrin, the Klansmen have been unalterably opposed to the "wets." We do not mind, therefore, that high-brow professors refer to secret societies as a "phase of elementary human nature" and consequently call our action "gang force" as opposed to the operation of law. We know that whatever "gang force" we possess is not opposed to the operation of law but is a conservator and helper of law itself. To the child-mind of certain universities and the malicious mind of foreign religionists, we may possibly classify with the Tagalogs of the Philippines and the songs of Chiapas, but we are willing to labor and to wait, content if the nation shall emerge, as emerge it must, from the whirlpool of an angry and complex national situation into a stranger and nobler interpretation of the free government toward which our founders always labored.

History Will Prove It

The chief difficulty faced by the Klan will always be the effort of subtle opponents to join with it and undermine its highest purposes for the sake of presenting the organization to the world as a warped and factional impulse. By this plan these clever enemies will seek to discredit the order with the easily-glued, improperly-informed and superficial education. But there will always be an unrelenting public opinion in America which will care for those who have unselfishly strived toward good and noble ends. At the final count the Klan will be understood and its relation to true American growth will be seen. It will then be viewed as instead of being a spiteful demon in a fairy story, the Klan will be a guardian angel on the pages of historic record.

Washington's Wisdom

The wisdom of George Washington and his colleagues in warning this country away from political and social entanglements becomes clearer every day. France has strengthened herself in the Mediterranean by the Tangier settlement and she has allied the Slav by her Czechoslovakia understanding. It requires no prophetic vision to see a Slav-bloc in alliance with France. England cannot but realize that she wasted a great deal of sentiment upon France during the war. She must feel deeply disquieted. Meanwhile America sails on gracefully and the warnings of Washington thunder helpfully upon our national ear. The Klan need not worry, provided it can get all true Americans to understand where our treasures lie.

The Emerging Influence

There is implanted in the heart of man, particularly that of the white Aryan, an ethical feeling which has grown up as the result of historical experience, clarified and intensified by operative religion. This feeling is the best product of centuries of effort on the part of the best men of the race. It regulates our acts toward our fellow man and its disappearance would mean the triumph of morbid and colossal selfishness both in the individual life and in the national existence.

Recognizing this fact, the Klan has steadfastly combatted every effort toward political crookedness and commercial treason. With an eye toward the development of America as a brotherhood of common-purposed and zealous patriots working ever toward greater education of the masses by public schools and the agrarization of a government founded upon permanent principles of liberty and justice, the Klan has urged a microscopic scrutiny of political, moral and institutional life. Granting that an economic world-union of brotherhood is in progress of foment, the Klan has stressed and will forever

stress the supremacy of the race, religion and nation that is best fitted to carry out the progressive demands of civilization in general. To the great majority of mankind the ethical laws of Christ will be the true basis of individual as well as of national conduct. Upon this basis the Klan stands as it has stood since its inception. There must be a very general determination of all social processes to conform to the principles of the Protestant Christian. This ethical feeling, emerging positively in American life, is an energizing influence which the Klan shall use in its constructive endeavor.

Let us not be Klansmen who try to fill our organization by every means except that of preaching the grand fundamentals for which we stand.

The true Klansman's home is one of the greatest foes the old devil has on earth. That is why we struggle to keep that nursery of faith and liberty sacred and inviolate.

If we in America think the right way, as Protestants and Klansmen, we shall survive and our nation shall wax strong, no matter how many think the wrong way in Europe.

ALIENS AGAINST PASSAGE OF BILL ON IMMIGRATION

Foreign Bloc in Congress Uses Eleventh-Hour Tactics to Delay Measure

BOTH HOUSES ACTIVE

Influence of Secretary Hughes May Be Overcome—Would Exclude Mexicans

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The Johnson immigration bill came up for consideration on the floor of the house today under a special rule brought in by the house rules committee and the big fight is in full swing now at both ends of the capitol. It is only a matter of a few days until the question will have been threshed out in both branches of congress and the final bill sent to the White House for the president's signature.

Realizing that they are licked on the immigration measure, the foreign bloc has adopted eleventh-hour tactics by trying to postpone action. Criticizing the Johnson bill on the ground that it discriminates against the Latin races of Europe and places a "stamp of inferiority" upon 2,000,000 naturalized citizens in the United States, Representative Sabath, of Chicago, acting for the aliens and foreign bloc, introduced a resolution providing for an investigation of all questions affecting immigration, emigration and migration by a special commission.

This is the scheme provided to put a stop, if possible, to passing the Johnson bill at this stage of the proceedings, and it won't work. The resolution will be offered as a substitute for the Johnson bill when the latter comes to a vote in the next few days in the house. Mr. Sabath proposes that the existing immigration law shall be continued in force until December 31, 1925. By that time the commission of inquiry will be able to make a report, guiding congress in changing the immigration laws along scientific lines, according to the man from Chicago.

This congress is going to pass an immigration bill and do it right now and it will be ready for the president's signature before many days. It is not going to postpone or put off as is suggested by the foreign bloc. The foreigners cite the attitude of Secretary Hughes on the Japanese question, and are trying to work that in, but to no avail.

Another feature that is entering into consideration on the immigration question is that of admitting so many Mexicans into the United States. During the last year, while the United States was rigorously limiting the admission of aliens from Europe, the source of the most desirable immigration, more than 63,000 Mexicans were admitted. The standard of living among the Mexican immigrants is said to be very low and they cannot be described as desirable additions to American life. There is such a demand for the cheap labor of Mexico in this country, judging from the demands which are manifest as far north as Pittsburgh. This is one of the evils of leaving our frontiers open.

Young Hat Company Apologizes to Klansmen

Young Hat Company officials say they do not discriminate against the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. They say the letter written to Wood, Wilson & Moore, of Memphis, Tennessee, reproduced in The Fiery Cross a few weeks ago, was the work of one individual only, and that it in no way reflects the attitude of the firm as a whole.

It is understood that the secretary, whose name is Fecheimer, and who it is understood is responsible for the letter in question, has been discharged from the company. The company retracts everything written discriminatory to the Klan, and apologizes for the letter.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

Alien and Un-American Influences Are Congratulating Themselves Too Soon; Klan Will Awake Protestantism



There are influences in the United States today which are jubilant over the lethargy of the Protestant American people. Many Protestants have been lulled into a sound sleep of so-called "broadmindedness" by the poisoned press which has been working hand in hand with the interests opposed to the limitation of foreign immigration, the enforcement of the

liquor laws and the upholding of the constitution. And while the Protestant American sleeps, these forces congratulate each other. But their jubilation will be short lived, for in the clearing the Klan is coming. In many places the Klan has already aroused Protestants to the needs of their country; it has given them a new vision of their duties. The Klansmen, together with all Protestant

Americans, will rid the nation of the leeches of foreign dominance. The Protestant will desert the poisoned press; he will learn how he has been deceived and hoodwinked for years past. And with the coming of that time it is fast approaching in the middle west—a new and a better day will dawn for the United States and all within her borders, irrespective of race or creed.

BOOTLEGGING IN UNDESIRABLE ALIENS THROUGH U. S. BACK DOOR MUST END

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The secretary of labor, Mr. Davis, has had a big experience in the administration of immigration laws, and he has discovered that it is practically impossible to make the laws effective while the back doors are wide open all along both of our land frontiers.

Mr. Davis has accordingly, more than once, urged that congress should apply the rule of quota limitation to British, North America, Mexico, Central America and South America. He suggests that it is unwise to close our front doors to immigration and leave our back doors open.

More than 63,000 Mexicans entered this country last year. With many of them the standard of living is very low, as compared with real Americans. They are not the most desirable, by any means.

Here is another proposition: Japanese and Chinese coolies are smuggled into the United States by airplane from Mexico. They are smuggled in as members of ships' crews. One vessel brought in 54 Chinese disguised as seamen. That evil should be remedied while we are at this immigration law making business.

Senator Watson, of Indiana, has introduced a bill and is watching it over in the senate along these very lines as suggested and recommended

by Secretary Davis. These can be easily incorporated in the new legislation. The advice of Secretary Davis, chief administrator of the immigration laws, should have great weight with congress. His experience in actual enforcement of the laws has given him information which is not in the possession of the legislators.

This country approves of a restrictive policy as to immigration. It is against discriminations which would breed misunderstandings; it wishes to keep out criminals who slip by ineffective immigration meshes and then ply their illicit trade and traffic in drugs and liquors, as well as smuggling in Chinese and other excluded aliens.

Secretary Davis knows how to accomplish their purposes with the maximum of efficiency and a minimum of friction with foreign governments. Hence his advice should be sought and heeded.

Discredited public officials who are on the way to the obliette will find graft and selfishness as the stumbling blocks that tripped them in their early endeavors.

Clark Electric Company

1026 Grand Avenue
General Electrical Contractors and Appliances
Office Telephone Walnut 3545

All First Class Work

Capitol Hill Laundry

Work Called for and Delivered
Maple 572 1309 Lyon St.

MOVING STORAGE AND BAGGAGE

Call Drake 3316-J
KENT'S TRANSFER CO.
Long Distance Hauling
Prices Right 1412 W. 16th St.

THE GOLDEN RULE GARAGE

FOR FIRST CLASS GENERAL REPAIRING

MAGNETO RECHARGING

2407 East 13th St. Des Moines, Iowa

"If We Can't Fix It, Give It Away"

CHIROPRACTIC FOR HEALTH

It will make a new person of you—and the result is accomplished in a natural and simple manner. If you have never tried this road to health, better begin now.

DR. L. J. LOWE

Office 423 Kraft Building

Phone: Res. Drake 4589-J; Office, Market 2015

DES MOINES, IOWA

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

Advertisements under this head will be published at the rate of 15 cents a line, six average words to the line; minimum charge 60 cents. Copy must be in this office by noon on Monday of publication week.

NIGHTWATCHMAN—Situation is wanted as nightwatchman or special police. Experienced. American. Good qualifications and references. Call this office—Wal. 3326. Ask for Adv. Mgr.

SITUATION WANTED—By American. Experienced in Insurance and Clerical Work. Desires to connect up with good American concern. Am willing to work—what have you? Call Wal. 3326—Ask for Advertising Manager.

APRIL CHICK prices reduced, Rocks, Red, Buff Orpingtons, Anconas, 13 cts. White Orpingtons, White Wyandottes, 14 cts. Brown and White Leghorns, 12 cts each. 100% delivery. Pharis Hatchery, Albia, Iowa.

EXPERIENCED operator P. B. X. or clerical work. Call Walnut 3326.

FOR SALE—High class rugs, curtains, clothing, glassware, complete furniture, pictures and cooking utensils. Every item a bargain. Phone Market 3743.

SITUATION WANTED—By 100 per cent American. Can take charge of office, hotel or business. Would take job on road selling. Want something with a chance for advancement. What have you? Write J. C. B. 515 Polk Bldg., Des Moines, Iowa.

TWO FINE BUILDING LOTS—On Pleasant View Drive, in Park Ave. district. Will make you a good proposition, cash or terms. Acquire this fine tract, build you a home and be independent. Here's a real bargain. Call Wal. 3326, ask for Adv. Mgr., or write T. S. H. 515 Polk Bldg., Des Moines, Iowa.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT—Bargains, Underwood 5 \$45; Visible machine \$25; Todd checkwriter \$10; F. & E. checkwriter 5. Market 2114, 322 Frankel Bldg.

MOB ATTACKS KEYSTONE KLANSMEN

CHARGE RAMSEY COUNTY FUNDS BEING WASTED

Taxpayers Forced to Lay Out \$29,096 for \$10,000 Smokestack

THE NEWS TELLS TRUTH

Consolidation of County and City Governments Urged as Remedy of Evil

As an individual, how would you feel after purchasing something for \$29,000 that you later learned could be had for \$10,000? Certainly you wouldn't be very much pleased, in fact, you would be so completely riled that you would use many nights of sleep.

As a taxpayer, how will you feel when you learn that public money was used for wild expenditures? Of course you will immediately demand some explanation.

Well, The St. Paul Daily News, in an editorial the other day, calls attention to the "rotten county government," and presents some figures that will make you grind your teeth. We quote The Daily News as follows:

Rotten County Government
"St. Paul and Ramsey county taxpayers bought a \$10,000 smokestack for \$29,096.36."

"They were forced to pay almost treble what the smokestack should have cost, in order that friends of the city and county board of control might benefit."

"Here is a brief record which for inefficiency in government beats anything since the White Bear road job."

"Board of control lets contract on a 'cost plus 15 per cent' basis."

"No competitive bids."

"Only one contractor considered."

"Bricklayers paid \$1.50 per hour (if the board's books can be believed) when the union scale was only \$1.12 1/2 an hour and other contractors were having similar work done for about \$1 an hour."

"Carpenters paid \$1 an hour (if the books can be believed), when the scale was 90 cents."

"Bricks and materials paid for at excessive rates."

FRED C. DICKMAN
RETAIL DISTRIBUTOR
JONES DAIRY PRODUCTS
EAST SIDE - HIGHLAND PARK
and OAK PARK
Wal. 1915 Wal. 5874

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

WANTED

A good location for a first class restaurant and cafe in a good town of five or ten thousand and a 100 per cent American. Have all equipment.

FOR SALE

Welding Shop

One of the largest and best equipped in the Twin Cities. \$13,000.00 business done in 1923. 100 per cent for a live wire.

Box 514, St. Paul, Minn.

Family of One-Armed Farmer Aided by Ku Klux Klan

CALDWELL, KAN., April 7.—With a wife and six children to support on a ten-acre tract near here, Adam Rohrer had a difficult time supporting his family. The battle was discouraging. He lost an arm in a buzz saw and the future became blacker. However, he had not counted on his neighbors and the Ku Klux Klan. They presented him with more than \$800. Klansmen contributed \$174 to the amount. The Klan recently presented \$10 to an aged Negro minister for temporary relief. He had been retired by his congregation because of his age.

"\$1,500 paid to an architect."
"W. E. Boeringer, L. C. Hodgson and Mrs. Hurley are the members of the board of control who permitted this 'waste' of money. Mr. Boeringer and Mr. Hodgson are candidates for election to the city council, and Mrs. Hurley wants to be reappointed to the board of control."

Consolidate Governments
"Some day the county of Ramsey and the city of St. Paul must be consolidated. That is the logical method of stopping the rotten misgovernment for which the county has become notorious. Such consolidations have been effected successfully in Los Angeles, St. Louis and other places."

"It is a long process, requiring much legislative action, however, and if taxpayers wait for that, much more of their money will be squandered. In the meantime, steps should be taken to have all purchases made on contracts let through a purchasing agent. This also will require legislative action, but it is a comparatively simple process."

"The city buys in this way, and the old habit of dividing among friends the fat contracts and orders for supplies has been done away with by an efficient and honest purchasing department."

"The city and county board of control has long been suspected of the practice of buying supplies for the county farm and for the city and county hospital from their own favored friends or from friends of the board of county commissioners, which appoints two of the control board members."

"It is unfortunate that the recent grand jury, which had the right to subpoena witnesses and get at the bottom of the situation, did not see fit to exercise the power."

PITIFUL PRATTLE
PRINTED BY PAPER

(Continued from page 1)
peaceful and self-respecting atmosphere any influence so thoroughly contrary to what all must recognize as primary precepts of fair play. Don't get excited folks. The News will get over its present fears one of these days, but wait a minute. There is more to the warning. The editorial further insists: "there is danger likewise to the individual who allows race or class hatred to let him into the Ku Klux Klan, and even to the citizen who thinks the Klan is a force to right wrong conditions."

Look out for the cars, dear reader, you might get run over. The prophet of the ash pile has dipped his pen and splattered the ink of imaginary fears over the paper of ignorance."

With a final wicked jerk of the pen, the editor grins as he dots the "it" and crosses the "it's." "The business of Klanking is of such a nature that it cannot long endure, but as long as it exists it menaces the institutions and ideals sacred to America." Don't cry, little one, don't cry, you'll be wiser by and by.

HOLD KLAN BANQUET
LE ROY, KAN., April 5.—Two hundred persons were in attendance at a banquet given here Monday evening to Knights and officials from the neighboring towns by local Klansmen. Interesting talks were given, and much enthusiasm was displayed.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

Max 100% Service

MOVING, GENERAL HAULING, LAKE TRIPS

Telephone Elk. 1714

RETAIL JEWELERS; ATTENTION

Get our 1924 Wedding Ring Pamphlet before placing order. Better rings—less Money Write today.

NORTHWESTERN JEWELRY COMPANY

27 E. 7th St., St. Paul, Minn

Box 514, St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

Max 100% Service

MOVING, GENERAL HAULING, LAKE TRIPS

Telephone Elk. 1714

RETAIL JEWELERS; ATTENTION

Get our 1924 Wedding Ring Pamphlet before placing order. Better rings—less Money Write today.

NORTHWESTERN JEWELRY COMPANY

27 E. 7th St., St. Paul, Minn

Box 514, St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

Max 100% Service

MOVING, GENERAL HAULING, LAKE TRIPS

Telephone Elk. 1714

RETAIL JEWELERS; ATTENTION

Get our 1924 Wedding Ring Pamphlet before placing order. Better rings—less Money Write today.

NORTHWESTERN JEWELRY COMPANY

27 E. 7th St., St. Paul, Minn

Box 514, St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

Max 100% Service

MOVING, GENERAL HAULING, LAKE TRIPS

Telephone Elk. 1714

'ANTIS' DRUBBED IN OKLAHOMA ELECTIONS

Pro-Klan Mayor of Capital City Goes Back to Office With Large Vote

(Special to The Fiery Cross)
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., April 3.—Oklahoma is still in control of the American voters, for they spoke in no uncertain terms on Tuesday, April 1. To use a slang phrase, they "went down the line" from mayor to the humblest office in the city elections held on that date.

In many larger cities the issue was clean cut "Klan or anti-Klan," and the voters, in their sovereign power said "Klan." It was a clean cut victory for the forces of Americanism.

The heaviest fight centered in Tulsa, where the anti-Klan forces lined up behind John R. Hadley, while the Klan forces marched to victory behind Herman Newlock, incumbent. The vote was decisive, Newlock scoring 10,994 to 6,518 for Hadley. Party lines were not drawn, the sensational papers having the issue and the anti-Klan taking it up to their sorrow.

When the victory was announced in Tulsa, the clean, law-abiding negro voters held a huge parade celebrating the Plan victory, as the real American negroes realize that they have a friend in the Ku Klux Klan.

El Reno Goes Over
In El Reno, the issue was likewise, anti-Klan and Ku Klux Klan. Mayor A. J. Kivett, backed by the Klan, had a clear majority over two opponents, one a "neutral" and the other avowedly anti-Klan. Kivett won with 1940 votes to 887 for Collins and 115 for Rames. No party lines were drawn in El Reno.

Okmulgee Elects Republican
Okmulgee put over the real political surprise by electing a republican on a Klan ticket in a Democratic stronghold as mayor and then sending in a Democratic council, all backed by the Klan. Republicans and Democrats alike voted the Klan ticket "straight." Carpenter (Republican and Klansman) received 1,953 votes to 1,126 for Dickerson (anti-Klan Democrat). Embree, running on a "neutral" platform, received 637 giving Carpenter a majority of 190. The remainder of the Democratic ticket, backed by the Klan) were re-elected.

No Issue at Shawnee
At Shawnee, there was no issue, but strangely enough a Republican was elected mayor and the remainder of the council elected were Democrats. The mayor-elect is friendly to the Klan, and thereby hangs a tale. All of the councilmen are friendly to the Klan.

From over the state comes news of other victories favorable to the Klan. Only in towns and cities where the rabid newspapers made the issue, did the Klan take any part as a political body. At this writing only one anti-Klan mayor has been returned and that was in a small town in the southern part of the state.

THIRD PARTY TO MEET IN ST. PAUL

(Continued from page 1)
The conditions have developed a widespread movement by the farmers and workers to reorganize a political party and challenge the continued rule of the privileged class in this country."

There are five points in the platform announced in the call, as follows: public ownership of railroads, control of money and credits through government and co-operative banks, public control of all natural resources, restoration of civil liberties guaranteed by the constitution, and the abolition of the use of injunction in labor disputes.

Representation Basis
Representation in the convention is announced as follows:

Each state to be allowed votes equal to its electoral vote, plus one vote for each 5,000 votes or fraction thereof cast for the progressive candidate receiving the highest number of votes in the 1922 general election. Also, each national political organization shall be entitled to five votes, provided such organization has subscribed to the fundamental principles announced in the call; each state federation, central body and local organization of farmers, business or professional men shall be entitled to one vote. Also any group of 25 or more farmers, not represented by another organization, shall be entitled to one delegate. Each state political organization, having standing under laws governing political parties, shall be entitled to five delegates; where no legal standing exists such organization shall have no delegate.

The national convention will be unique in that there will be a series of conventions within the convention, in a sense. All the state delegations will have separate meetings in various halls, either to start or perfect organizations for the future. The big convention will be held in the St. Paul auditorium.

New Pro-Klan Council Members Are Sworn In

OSAGE CITY, KAN., April 7.—With the swearing in Tuesday of the four new councilmen who were recently elected through the support of Klansmen and their friends, residents of this place are expecting an efficient administration during the ensuing term. The victories were decisive, the majorities ranging from ratios of two to one to three to one, according to figures compiled by The Osage City Free Press.

President Has Photo For Coming Campaign



PRESIDENT CALVIN COOLIDGE

This photograph of President Coolidge has been adopted as the official portrait to be used during the pre-convention campaign.

DEMOCRAT FILES FOR GOPHER GOVERNORSHIP

Michael Lambrecht's Campaign Slogan Is "Let's Blot Out the War"

The first Democratic filing for a state or national office was made Saturday when Michael Lambrecht, 220 Belmont avenue, St. Paul, went to the office of the secretary of state and enrolled himself as a candidate for governor.

Charles A. Lindbergh, of Little Falls, formerly congressman from the sixth district, became the sixth aspirant to the Farmer-Labor gubernatorial nomination when he filed Saturday.

When Mr. Lambrecht arrived at the secretary of state's office, he left with the office force a package of blotters upon which were depicted the national capitol and the slogan, "Let's Blot Out War."

In a statement issued by Mr. Lindbergh after his filing, the candidate said:

"I stand on the platform of the Farmer-Labor party and go further. Minnesota has been and still is in the grip of a financial panic. The resources of the state are sufficient, if properly handled, to give us normal conditions all the time. The governor, due to the immense prestige of his office, could engage in co-ordinating the affairs of the state, to make permanent prosperity."

"I propose, if nominated and elected, to do my part in leading the way, so affairs may be co-ordinated for the good of all the state. We cannot wait for other states and the national government. Minnesota has facilities to lead, rather than to follow. I have a plan which, I believe, will cause permanent prosperity in the state, and will explain this plan during the campaign, with literature and through speakers."

"I urge harmony in the Farmer-Labor party and pledge my support to its nominees. A critical period is upon us, and I urge all my competitors to join me in making the campaign one of its issues and fundamental principles, rather than one of personalities. The people have had enough of frivolities and false promises. They want constructive action and leadership along the path of economic reconstruction. If the other candidates share my views on this, we can make the 1924 campaign one that will leave the people better informed on the real issues and present a united front that means a Farmer-Labor victory in November."

AMERICANS ELECTED
JOPLIN, MO., April 5.—From a mass of truth and falsehood the better citizens of this city selected the truth and placed in office representative Americans, supported by Klansmen, at the recent municipal election. The entire so-called Ku Klux Klan ticket was swept into office by substantial majorities.

The victory was significant because of the large foreign population. The casting of ballots was preceded by a deluge of advertisements published by the anti-Klan organization, which were not only contained statements that were misleading, but pure falsehoods about the great American organization, according to local Klansmen.

Civil War Veteran and Youth Join Klan in Kansas

EGERTON, KAN., April 5.—All ages were represented in a large class of candidates initiated by the local Klan at a recent meeting. The oldest candidate, a civil war veteran, was eighty-three years old, and the youngest was eighteen.

FREE TEXT BOOKS URGED BY KLANSMEN

Volumes As Necessary As Are State Paid Teachers, Says Georgia Leader

ATLANTA, GA., April 4.—A Klan program for the Realm of Georgia in support of free text books for every child in the state, regardless of race, creed or color; providing the books are used in the public schools, is promised by General N. B. Forrest, Grand Dragon. The matter will be laid before the Klansmen of the state at the several Provincial Conventions to be held within the next 60 days.

In discussing free text books legislation and the opposition such measures have met before the general assemblies of this and other southern states, the Grand Dragon said:

"There is no denying that free text books are just as essential to free education as are state paid teachers and state owned buildings. Those opposing the measure have used as an argument to Klansmen that if the state furnished text books to white school children it would mean furnishing them to colored children as well. But this is no argument at all, so far as Klansmen are concerned. I might point out in this connection that the individual Klans of Georgia have, on their own initiative, adopted a policy of furnishing free text books to needy families, whether that family be white Protestant, colored Protestant, Catholic or Jew. The on-stipulation in each instance being that the children attend public schools."

MASONS ELECTED TO OFFICE IN KEOKUK

KEOKUK, IA., April 5.—This city is to have a new order of things in the administration of municipal affairs as the result of the municipal election Monday which placed new men in office.

John R. Carpenter won over John W. Rovane, by a vote of 4,243 to 2,673. The positions of councilmen were won by William L. Kirchner, defeated T. J. Hickey by a majority of 1,933 votes and H. M. Kesselring, who won over W. V. Moran by polling 4,039 votes as against his opponent's 2,456.

This was the first time in the history of Keokuk that all the men elected to municipal offices have been Masons.

It was evident that the election result was to the liking of members of the Klan here, for two fiery crosses were burned in various parts of the city when the results became known. The crosses were lighted at 10 o'clock and both attracted many people and caused a deal of comment.

KLAN SERVES NATION THROUGH BALLOT BOX

Grand Dragon of Illinois Makes Statement on Coming Primaries

CHICAGO, ILL., April 7.—That the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan is not in politics has again been emphasized by Chas. G. Palmer, Grand Dragon, Realm of Illinois.

"The coming primary election in this state brings many demands upon our organization," he said, "but they are not such demands as could be made upon a 'political machine.' The opportunities for service that come to us are of an educational and patriotic character exclusively."

"One of the first duties of a Klansman is to serve his country. He can do this, sometimes upon the fields of battle, but he can render a continuous and even greater service in the election of qualified Americans to office."

The Klan, through its educational courses in the Klaverns, seeks to instruct Klansmen in the proper functioning of the government and in the responsibilities of citizenship. These courses, directed by qualified men, naturally bring about a demand on the part of Klansmen for the highest type of public officials and the proper conduct of their offices.

"As individual citizens and as Klansmen they have the right and the privilege of supporting and voting for whomever they choose—and they do, but after months of lectures on the constitution, American history, Civil Government texts, etc., they naturally vote for the better men."

Kansas Negroes Are Friendly Toward Klan

PITTSBURG, KAN., April 7.—In spite of the oft-told story that the Klan is opposed to the negro, and the anti-Klan propaganda carried on by the local press, the thinking men and women among the negroes of this section are convinced that their best friends are to be found among Klansmen. They realize that the overtures made them by politicians and their henchmen are merely for votes. Unrestricted immigration, they believe, means more competition in the labor market for the negro workman.

IMMIGRATION BILL NOW BEFORE HOUSE

(Continued from page 1)
The rules committee over in the house of representatives has brought in a special rule under which the house is to consider the Johnson immigration bill. This is the kind of a bill all good Klansmen want to see enacted into law. It cuts the figures down from 3 to 2 per cent and bases the quota on the 1890 census.

It is believed the Johnson bill will be in full swing in the house by April 7 or 8, and a big fight is anticipated. All the pressure that can be brought to bear by the foreign bloc in the house, consisting of those New York congressmen who represent foreign constituents and about 40 or 50 other such members. They are busy on the job day and night. It is not hard to understand their attitude in opposing the Johnson bill: they are doing what their Italian, Jewish and Catholic constituents want them to do.

On the other hand we find the members of congress who represent American constituents and red-blooded Americans and all patriotic societies working for Protestant America and immigration that either bring about a stoppage or a restricted immigration. These people are being supported by the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, the American Federation of Labor, the American Legion, and all kinds of Protestant organizations, including the churches and churchmen.

The reason bolshevistic propaganda has never made headway in this country is on account of the prosperous condition of our working classes, who have proved a bulwark against all foreign and radical propaganda.

Let down the bars on immigration and you will help to make the United States another Russia, and no good American wants that.

During the past 15 years New York city has seen the entry of hundreds of thousands of emigrants from European countries and Russia. Many of them have been very undesirable citizens. The influx from the southern Europe and Russia has made New York more than a cosmopolitan city; it is almost a foreign colony, doing nothing but politics, courts, and filling jails, penitentiaries, insane asylums and other such institutions. A perusal of the New York City papers shows daily crimes and mostly by foreigners. New York has its daily murders.

Numerous hold-ups are perpetrated by foreigners from the south of Europe and Russia, and the only relief for the United States is limited immigration. Wonder what New York city, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other eastern cities will be like in ten years, if a check is not made upon the entry of these hordes of undesirable who flood our eastern cities, with more desiring to come all the time. One report is that another 10,000,000 people from ravaged Europe seek to come to the United States. Do we want them?

Americanism is challenged right now, and the middle west and the far west ought to wake up to the conditions and help put a stop to this thing before it is too late.

A powerful foreign following has thrown down the gauntlet. What are Americans going to do about it?

URGE LEGISLATION TO HELP CRIPPLED

(Continued from page 1)
The work will be done in co-operation with child welfare organization everywhere. Mrs. Jones is sending out an official urge to every state relief corps president asking that a committee be appointed to investigate state laws regarding children, find out if they are adequate, if child life is safeguarded, if laws are enforced, and if not, the cause.

"We should be awake to the act that the only tribute that will live is our contribution to the child life of America," says Mrs. Jones. "We must find the needs of every state; make a survey of the number of crippled children in every community and report their needs. There is a way to help every crippled child, if not back to normality, at least to more comfort and a greater degree of independence, industrially and socially. Every county in the United States has its crippled boys and girls who can be helped if the women will do it."

Mrs. Jones will attend the national woman's relief corps convention to be held in Boston, Massachusetts, next June, and will make recommendations for work by the national organization and every state relief corps body. She addressed the last session of the National Vocational Education convention at the request of the Federal Board of Rehabilitation on the "Care and Education of the Crippled Child from a Social Worker's Viewpoint."

It was through Mrs. Jones' work that the last session of the North Dakota legislature passed an appropriation to care for crippled boys and girls. Mrs. Jones is supervising most of these cases herself. She has the work because of the results of treatment of her own daughter, crippled from infantile paralysis and now an honor student in Simmons college, Boston.

"There were more than 500 cripples in North Dakota alone when we made our survey," Mrs. Jones said, "and it is probable that every state has a number proportionate to its population. Economically a life is worth \$7,000, so that by curing the 200,000 crippled children which we have in our land, we should be adding \$1,400,000 to the productive power of society." Mrs. Jones is working with the Shriners, having many of her cases cared for at the Shriners' hospital in Minneapolis, and her work is also supported by the Kiwanians. She plans to visit relief corps of Minnesota again and speak on the need of the work.

Two Men Killed in Alien Riot in Mining Town

Two Women Favorable to Organization Attacked by Foreigners

FIGHT IN SELF DEFENSE

Twenty-Four Men Under Arrest on Charge of Riot, Gun Carrying and Murder

By S. THOMAS ZENER, Jr.
(Special Telegram to The Fiery Cross)

LILLY, PA., April 7.—This little mining town today assumed a belligerent, anti-Protestant attitude after a restless Sunday following the attack upon Cambria county Klansmen Saturday night after they had burned a cross on an overlooking hillside.

Strangers within these borders are regarded with utter suspicion, and the religion of anyone seeking information is closely questioned. The situation has assumed a religious status entirely.

At Johnstown, 20 miles west, 24 alleged Klansmen are held without bail in the county jail. Charges of carrying concealed weapons, riot and murder were charged against them before Alderman Levergood Monday. Three Klansmen, worthy Davis, Johnstown; Sarah Johnson, Revloc, and Samuel Evans, Southfork, are in the Memorial hospital there, suffering from wounds received in the melee Saturday night. None of them is seriously injured.

Teak Special Train
Cambria county Klansmen boarded a special train at Johnstown Saturday night and came to Lilly. Upon arrival the Klan members marched to a field near the town and burned a fiery cross. While the ceremony was in progress, two men attempted to enter the field, around which a cordon of Klansmen had been stationed. They were frustrated in their attempt. There was no initiation service at the field.

In an orderly fashion, the Klansmen marched back to the special train, which was waiting for them on a siding. During the march two women, Anna M. Hanna and Esther Hanna, said to be Klanswomen, cheered the men. They were attacked by a mob of ruffians who had gathered along the line of march. Esther suffered a broken leg, and is said to be in a critical condition.

Jeered and Hissed
Nearing the railroad tracks, which are separated from the town by a low fence, the Klansmen were the objects of jeers and hisses from a large crowd of local miners and townspeople who had gathered to threaten them.

A group of men ran from a side street carrying a section hose. This was attached to a fire hydrant and a forceful stream of water turned out the peacefully marching Klansmen. One member of the Klan delegation stepped out of the ranks and gave battle. He succeeded in stopping the stream of water.

The first shot was fired by some one in the mob. This was the signal for the riot and the townspeople crowded around the Klansmen and a general melee followed. The Cambria county men were mobbed.

Italians Fired Shot
Witnesses declared that an Italian, described as "portly" fired the first shot from the doorway of a near-by house.

In the riot two men were killed. They are: Philip Conrad, aged 25, Catholic, Lilly; Cloyd Paul, aged 27, Protestant, Lilly.

Six men were seriously wounded and are in danger of dying. They are Frank Miasco, Patrick Bradley, Francis Appalucci, Raymond Bradley, Andrew Marcinko and Clarence Patterson. These men were in the mob that attacked the Klansmen.

Mob Disperses
When the Klan members defended themselves and put up resistance to the attack, the mobbers quickly dispersed. Maimed and injured Klansmen boarded their train and returned immediately to Johnstown. Upon arrival, officers met the special train, searched the crowd and every man aboard. It is reported that the crowd gathered at the station also threatened the returning Klan members. Twenty-four of the delegation were then arrested.

Residents of Lilly Monday threatened the sister-in-law of Cloyd Paul, the murdered man. Unknown vandals early Monday morning poured oil on the crepe on the door of Paul's residence.

WOMEN, OLD AND NEW

By ROBERT GORDON

THE line of demarcation between the old woman and the new, can not be set at any one period in the history of civilized mankind. It runs through all ages in all countries. It is our purpose then to discuss some of the characteristics of the old woman, of all time. We can not put one group of women together and label them as "old," nor on the other hand can we mark another portion of the female population as being that portion which in itself constitutes the "new." The difference varies as do individuals. The distinction is more or less arbitrary.

In the United States for the past hundred years, ever since the principles of the feminist movement began to take root, there have been women, who being different in their ideas and modes of life from the majority of women, were called "new women." Many claim, that since women have received the vote and political and legal status equal with men, the day of the new woman has arrived. They infer that now the majority of women in this country can be classed as "new women."

Egypt, on the other hand, has few women who can be justly described as new women. At least that appellation would not apply to them in the American sense. In that country, the condition of the majority of women has not changed or progressed since the time of Pharaoh Tut-Ankhamen, thirty-four centuries ago.

Grace Thompson Seton, writing some time ago in The Century Magazine gave a powerful pen picture of the life of the average Egyptian woman. They toil long hours in the fields, work in drudgery, amid the most squalid surroundings in their mud houses. In short, they do the same as their ancestors did fourteen hundred years before the time of Christ.

Mrs. Seton pictures one extreme in her remarkable article. The women of whom she relates probably represent the lowest type of civilization found in any so-called civilized country. The other extreme, and I often wonder which of the two is the more desirable, is found in the United States and in western Europe. I refer to the flapper, as she is known in our country, or the garconne, as she is called in France. Here is the ultra modern, pleasure seeking, jazz-loving woman, a product of our "high-higer" civilization.

A flapper, in the most widely accepted sense of the word, is a young woman, whose interests center nowhere, who is jumping from one fad to the next, to occupy her shallow mind. She is one whose power of reasoning and logic changes like theameleon, and whose horse sense has long since galloped away. But then, following that definition, flappers are not always young women.

That is why a doubt arises as to whether the condition of the burdened woman of Egypt is not just as desirable as that of the ultra-modern young American. The former has much, I believe, that can be said in her favor.

But between those two extremes, we find in most countries, and especially in English-speaking nations, a medium type. A woman who represents modern life, whose ideals are

progressive, yet conservative, whose interests center in the community in which she lives, in her home, and if she is married, in her family. It is this type, whom many would dub as "old," that I wish to defend against both the extreme types above outlined.

Zane Gale, author of the novel, "Miss Lulu Bett," with which we are all acquainted, has written a new, and in many ways stronger novel, entitled, "Faint Perfume." Leda Perrin, the principal character in the story, is the type of woman I have in mind. She is a writer and returns to her home in a small town to take a necessary rest. Her father, a minister, dies shortly after Leda's return, and she is forced because of her economic condition, to make her home with her cousins. Mrs. Truman Crumb, head of the household into which Leda comes to live, and her two daughters, Tweet and Pearl, represent a type of woman, who is more shallow and snicker than old fashioned in the sense we are here employing it. They live in a narrow world of small incidents and affairs. They have no outlook on life, while Leda sees things through a broad vista. Naturally there is a mental conflict. Although Pearl Crumb, who marries an English writer, Barnaby Powers, has traveled much during the nine years of her wedded life, she still clings to the harassed point of view of the Crumbs. In fact, she finds her way through a mental conflict. Although Pearl Crumb, who marries an English writer, Barnaby Powers, has traveled much during the nine years of her wedded life, she still clings to the harassed point of view of the Crumbs. In fact, she finds her way through a mental conflict. Although Pearl Crumb, who marries an English writer, Barnaby Powers, has traveled much during the nine years of her wedded life, she still clings to the harassed point of view of the Crumbs. In fact, she finds her way through a mental conflict.

This story demonstrates to us that the ideal modern woman is not made by education and experience alone, but must have been born with her some fertile ground upon which the results of education and experience can grow and develop.

In seeking after self advancement and pleasure alone, many modern women have lost the feminine charm which is so essential a part of the character and make-up of the more stable "old" woman.

R. LeClere Phillips, writing on "The Decline of Feminine Charm," in the New York Times Magazine, recently said: "We have the movie type of feminine beauty, lacking in either distinction or individuality, gushing, name and demurely common-place, a type that is being persistently copied by the large majority of young women, who aspire to a 'good time' by either the 'ingenue' or 'vamp' style, according to taste; and finally we have as representatives and custodians of feminine charm, our flappers."

Dr. Emile Reich, in his book, "Women Through the Ages," takes a decidedly hostile thrust at the new woman, when he contends that in spite of all the schools, seminars and universities for women in this country, and in spite of all the magazines and publications put out for women alone, nothing of lasting value has been produced by them. He says: "A woman has in America, done none of those remarkable deeds of a literary, scientific or artistic character for which the Somervilles, Fawcetts, Brontes, George Eliots and George Sands and others are famous in Europe." But that is a Europe of one hundred years ago and more, to which the doctor refers and the same conditions that are found in America, will be found in Europe, but to a more noticeable degree.

In an indirect way, Warner Fabian, the novelist, takes his stand for the woman whose life does not touch, even border upon the extreme standards of the day. He does this in his book, "Flaming Youth," in which the new woman is shown as "discontented, craving sensation, following blind instincts, neurotic, exotic, erotic and seductive," in such a way as to almost disgust the reader. And one can not truthfully say that his lines are overdrawn.

A business life, it has been pointed out, is responsible for much of the decline of charm in the modern woman. My contention is, that a woman can have a career in business or a profession and still maintain that charm which is so essential to her, if she has had the proper start in life. By that, I mean the right home training, and the care of a mother who can impart to her daughter the best in her own life.

"To be a woman is a whole-time job," once wrote W. L. George, the English novelist and feminist. I would modify that assertion by saying that, "to be an all-round woman, possessing a progressive outlook and the essential qualities of a lady, is a whole-time job."

The same authority said of the new woman that she is "as unconventional

KLANS' DEMANDS ARE ENACTED INTO LAWS

South Carolina General Assembly Takes Favorable Action on Many Points

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 5.—While the Ku Klux Klan was not mentioned in the debates in either house of the general assembly which has just closed its session here, some of the things demanded by the Klan were placed upon the statute law of the state.

The outstanding legislation, perhaps, this year, was that relating to the public schools. Provision was made for giving every child in the state a school term of at least seven months. While the cities and larger towns and a few of the rural communities have had a nine months school for years, many of the rural communities have been sadly neglected.

Several months ago the Grand Dragon of the state, in an official proclamation to local Klans called upon the entire membership to call upon the members of the legislature that something be done for the improvement of the common schools. He demanded no half way measures, but insisted that real constructive work be done, and the legislation that has followed is almost revolutionary in its character. The school appropriation has been greatly increased, of course, but nobody is complaining about that. There has been no increase in the tax rate, as additional revenues were secured by the imposition of certain forms of special license taxes, occupational taxes, etc.

The victory in school legislation is regarded as a great achievement for the Klan.

In logic as she is in other things, "We are all modest when the fashions are," a new woman is represented as telling Mr. George. She also adds that "we're neither devils nor angels, but something in between."

In a book entitled, "La Garconne," by Victor Marguerite, which has set all literary France "on edge" the actions of the French flapper are dealt with. The book has caused such a furor, so out-spoken of the modern woman are its pages, that the order of the Legion of Honor, has been withdrawn from its author, who held it for previous meritorious work. The book must indeed be most bizarre to create such a commotion in France, which has rightly or wrongly gained the reputation of a nation that delights in pieces of literary scandal.

Nevertheless, a truth is brought out that can not be denied. Monique, who is the heroine in the story, enlightened and untrammelled as she is said to be, differs in ideals and manners from the young girls with old fashioned notions of the pre-war days, but is identical with her in instinct.

Marguerite sounds the note of the eternal feminine in this book. The difference between the old woman and the new is then, one of ideals and modes, and not a permanent quality.

Beneath the surface there are the same qualities in the Egyptian peasant woman as are to be found in the American flapper. There can be new women in Egypt, as is shown by the party of devotees gathered about Madame Zaid Zaidul Pasha, forming the ladies delegation for the Independence of Egypt. On the other hand there can be persons in this country today holding bolshevistic views on things feminine, like the doctor, who in a recent letter to an Ohio newspaper, urged young women not to marry and form homes of their own, but to lead their own independent lives as long as they could.

In summing up, I like the paradox written by W. L. George, in which he says: "But woman, in spite of her newness, remains as old as ever was."

DAILY BIBLE READING TEXTS

Wednesday
FINALLY, BRETHREN, whatever things are true, whatever things are honest, whatever things are just, whatever things are pure, whatever things are lovely, whatever things are of good report; if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things.—Philippians 4:8.

Thursday
THOU HAST A MIGHTY ARM; strong is thy hand and high is thy right hand. Justice and judgment are the habitation of thy throne; mercy and truth shall go before thy face.—Psalm 89:13, 14.

Friday
THOU SHALT LOVE THE LORD thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbor as thyself.—Luke 10:27.

Saturday
OF A TRUTH I perceive that God is no respecter of persons; but in every nation he that feareth him, and worketh righteousness, is accepted with him.—Acts 10:34, 35.

Sunday
FOR GOD SO LOVED THE WORLD, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.—John 3:16.

Monday
HE THAT LOVETH SILVER shall not be satisfied with silver; he that loveth abundance with increase; this is also vanity. When goods are increased, they are increased that eat them; and what good is there to the owners thereof, saving the beholding of them with their eyes?—Ecclesiastes 5:10, 11.

Tuesday
BLESS THE LORD, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits; who forgiveth all thine iniquities; who healeth all thy diseases; who redeemeth thy life from destruction.—Psalm 103:2-4.

New Yorker Heads Anti-Bonus League



KNOWLTON DURHAM
Mr. Durham of New York is president of the Anti-Bonus league, which, he says, represents several hundred thousand former service men.

ARE ALIENS A MENACE TO AMERICA?

The Christian Science Monitor

Activity by racial groups in the United States declared to be working to bring about the defeat of the Johnson bill now before congress, or any legislation proposing the restriction of alien immigration, has served to direct public attention to the necessity of formulating and adopting a definite immigration policy. The conviction has been impressed that those composing these groups are not acting as American citizens, but as aliens who are more loyal to the countries of their origin than to the country of their partial adoption. Under existing political, industrial and social conditions in the United States, these advocates of unrestricted immigration prove unconvincing advocates of such a cause. They themselves are supplying the absolute proof of the necessity of adopting effective restrictive legislation.

The American Legion, through its commander, James R. Quinn, has joined hands with the American Federation of Labor, represented by Samuel Gompers, in an effort to direct the attention of the people of the United States to the importance of viewing the problem presented in the light of reason and without false sentimentality. They do not blame the discontented and discouraged peoples of southern European countries for seeking asylum elsewhere. But they do hold responsible for the conditions which precede their admission to the United States at this time, or at any time in the near future, the failure or refusal of their compatriots who now live under the protection of American laws to assume the duties and responsibilities of citizenship.

It is pointed out that during the last century some 30,000,000 have entered the United States. They are now, at least nominally, an integral part of the nation. But the facts disclosed show that instead of becoming a part of the whole, millions of these newcomers are still the nationals, at least in sympathy and prejudices, of the lands from which they came. The melting pot, whose efficiency as a transmuter of human droppings into the pure gold of patriotism and love of country has been boasted, seems to have failed to perform its functions. For this failure it may be claimed that Americans themselves are in no small part responsible. But if the fact remains that the fusing process has not been accomplished, and that there exists a menacing and increasingly large factor still to be reclaimed, it does not so much matter who is blamable.

Commander Quinn quite naturally began his study of the immigration problem just as Mr. Gompers has pursued it, in an effort to determine the economic effects of restricted immigration, and the possible effects of the adoption of an absolute prohibitive policy. He was concerned, first of all, for the 4,000,000 Americans who were in the military service during the war. A great majority of these, he found, were men who worked with their hands for a living. Unrestricted immigration threatened to make impossible the reintroduction of these workers into the industrial scheme of the country. But his research seems to have led him much farther than this. The economic aspect of the case loses its importance as the social and political factors become emphasized. Exploited by astute nationalists who have preyed upon the industry who have compelled them to work for less than a fair living wage, the more ignorant immigrants have grown bitter and resentful, offering a fertile field for the seeds of radicalism and revolution.

What is to be the method by which this problem is solved? It is contended that a plan can be evolved which will insure protection to the immigrant, and which at the same time will protect American citizens and American institutions, there must be a complete cessation of immigration. The existing method of fixing quotas based on the number of aliens resident in the United States at some previous period, while somewhat more satisfactory than some other methods attempted or proposed, probably will never establish the true basis. If immigrants in any number are to be admitted they must be educated. The education should accomplish their Americanization, at least in the sense that it will teach them patriotism and obedience to the laws. With this assured, there would, perhaps, be no immigration problem.

WOULD HAVE CATHOLIC FOR U. S. PRESIDENT

Religious Publication Would Like to See Argument Tried Out in Nation

(Bureau of Publication and Education)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31.—The Catholic Citizen is becoming bold in its enthusiasm for its own cause, and says: "It is the 'defeatist' element among Catholics who echo the notion that no Catholic can be elected president of the United States. It is the grifter type, the corner grocery prophet, the habitual down-and-out cynic who supports this shabby notion. Let us help nominate somebody and try the issue out."

The Catholic organ is chosen because some Catholics have gotten into office. It harps a good deal about Governor Alfred Smith, of New York, being a Catholic and getting elected to office. Here is some more of its reasoning: "Senator Walsh, of Montana, has twice been elected United States senator. A few years ago it was said that no Catholic could be elected United States senator. Now we have several Catholics in the senate. In 1880, most of the New York dailies said that no Catholic could be elected Mayor of New York, and it would weaken Hancock's chances to carry New York if Grace was nominated for mayor. Grace was elected but Hancock was not."

The nearest the Catholics ever came to having one of their faith in the White House was when President Wilson was sick and Joe Tumulty ran things around the executive offices. And there is no question about it, he ran things, too.

If the Catholic Citizen is so boastful about this proposition, let the Catholics try to persuade the democrats to nominate Al Smith and try out the issue as it says.

And then people ask the question, "Why the Klan?"

Plot to Destroy Public Schools

Enemies of public schools, operating mysteriously in a deep-laid plot, have sought destruction among school officials and the public generally in a cluster of towns in northern California by the burning of five school buildings and the attempted destruction by fire and dynamite in two others within the past two months.

Schools at Santa Rosa and three other northern California cities are now under guard, while a determined effort is being made by school authorities, police and fire underwriting companies to bring the incendiaries to justice.

Oakland, California, recently lost a \$100,000 school. A few nights previously a school building in Alameda, a suburb of Oakland, was razed by fire.

One of the public school buildings in Santa Rosa was burned to the ground a few weeks ago, about the same time that the Fremont grammar school narrowly escaped destruction, the principal having been given warning by an unidentified man.

A \$50,000 building also went up in smoke at Esparto, and Woodland recently lost a new high school valued at \$300,000.

An attempt was made to burn the grammar school at Lincoln, where, charred, oily rags were found in the building. In Anderson, somewhat further north, a cache of dynamite was discovered near the high school building.

All these towns are clustered just north and east of San Francisco, and the burning of so many public school buildings so close together within so short a time by incendiaries indicates a well laid plot by enemies of Americanism and the public school system to destroy completely America's democratic means of education in that section.

The value of the property thus far destroyed is estimated at more than one-half a million dollars. Authorities are taking every precaution to stop further destruction.

Anti-Klan Candidates on Fairmont Tickets

FAIRMONT, W. VA., April 7.—That Frank R. Amos, prosecuting attorney for Marion county, will be a candidate for re-election, the substance of a story going the rounds in political circles here. Amos, it will be recalled, has repeatedly announced that the Ku Klux Klan is a "lawless element." It is not known whether or not he will run on an anti-Klan platform. Marion county is said to be one of the strongest Klan counties in West Virginia.

Rumor also has it that Judge Emmet M. Showalter, judge of the Marion county criminal court, who recently became notorious on account of his attacks on the Klan, will be a candidate for re-election. Although Judge Showalter has not publicly announced his candidacy, dopests declare that the announcement is imminent. Any good American who can't get a good hearty laugh out of that ought to be a chiropractor, local American voters say.

In 1910, when the World's Missionary conference adjourned in Edinburgh, it was planned that another such gathering would take place in 1920. The war prevented the carrying out of this plan. But, however, the Foreign Missions conference of North America has planned its North American missionary conference in 1925 which, in the scope of its program, will be, perhaps, one of the greatest religious gatherings ever held.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

Makes Arrangements For Women Delegates



ELIZABETH MARBURY
Miss Marbury, Democratic national committeewoman from New York, has been appointed chairman of the central women's committee which is to have charge of all the arrangements for the comfort and convenience of women delegates attending the Democratic convention in New York in June.

EDUCATION PROGRAM BEING CARRIED OUT

Wizard's Plan Being Fulfilled by South Carolina Klan Members

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 7.—Reports being received at the Grand Dragon's office show that the national educational program recently promulgated by the Imperial Wizard, is being generally carried out by the local Klans throughout the state. Some of the Klans have their speakers engaged for several months ahead, with dates fixed, and have issued printed programs to the members.

Some of the leading men in the state are engaged in the work, and the results have been gratifying to a remarkable degree. While the work is being put on, there is an increased interest in the Klans, and the attendance in some places has become so large that present accommodations are entirely inadequate. Several Klans are planning for larger Klaverns, and in two or three instances committees have been appointed to devise ways and means for securing exclusively Klan buildings.

OFFICIALS ACCUSED OF BEING KLANSMEN

Frank Curry, Democratic Chairman, Gives Out Doubtful Interview

TOPEKA, KAN., April 7.—Defeated in his efforts to "pack" the Democratic county meeting here, Frank Curry, chairman, gave out an interview to the newspapers in which he accused Gov. Jonathan M. Davis and Carl Peterson, state bank commissioner, of being members of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

The story of this meeting has been written in many other county meetings this year. Curry is said to have openly boasted that he had the meeting securely "packed" against Governor Davis.

But when the hour for the meeting arrived it was discovered that the expected attendance was increased by about 200 men. Curry however, failed to notice it, and attempted to run things himself. His chagrin increased as the motions of his "gang" were defeated. The meeting ended in the utter defeat of the political bosses and a victory for Americanism. It was then that exasperated Curry rushed to the newspapers with his denunciations. He has the reputation of being strongly anti-Klan.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

INCAS WIPED OUT FOR THEIR GOLD

Used Precious Metal Even For Cooking Utensils—Were Great Runners

When the Spaniards first came to the highlands of South America, they found many strange things being done by the couple of million inhabitants who lived all the way from what is now Ecuador to the northern part of Chile, says Adventure.

These people smelted copper, wore cloth, built houses of heavy masonry, embalmed dead bodies and used gold for household cooking, eating and drinking vessels. This last was their undoing, for while they put a value on gold only as something to use like any other metal, the Spaniards prized it as we do, and went crazy over it.

These people had a large sheep they used for packing; but it was too small for a riding animal, and not very swift, so all the swift errands were performed by runners. It is said that the Inca king each day ate fresh fish caught from the sea and hurried to him by relays of fast runners.

Wonderful Runners
Incredible records were made by these men, who had been trained from birth, almost, to run. The high altitude develops huge lung power, after generations have been bred in it, but for you and me it makes for short windedness. But the people who are born and brought up in the rarified air are short and stocky and with very large lungs. They lived in a country ranging from 10,000 to 14,000 feet high, with mountains running up at intervals to over 22,000 feet.

All were—and are yet—inveterate users of coca. This is leaves from the tree of the plant from which cocaine is extracted. For long feats of endurance they took a small package of these leaves and constantly kept a wad of them in their mouths wrapped around a small bit of unslaked lime to free the cocaine and free the alkaloids contained in the coca leaves.

Increases Endurance
One American doctor who investigated the subject and wrote a large book on it, and a famous American writer (Dr. Mozans), claim that cocaine used in this fashion appears to free great reserves of strength, and is not attended with the pernicious results following the use of the drug cocaine, which has not the balancing chemicals found in the entire leaf. Be that as it may, the Indian runners and packers used and still use this leaf when on their long jaunts.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

COLLEGE INN CAFETERIA

2416 UNIVERSITY AVENUE

BILZ and CARTER

Drugs and Confectionery
Lunches and Soft Drinks
Johnston Station, Red 2448 Ring 2

Mershon & Chamberlin

University Rexall Store
26th & University Ave.
Drake 3301 Drake 3303

ZISKA TRIMMING CO.

High Class Top Building, Remodeling and Repairing, Cushions Made, California Tops
1431 W. Walnut Market 529

DES MOINES PAINT REMOVING COMPANY

Steam Cleaning Process
Paint removed; Motors and Chassis Cleaned by Steam
Washing and Simionizing
Phone Wal. 7157 1402 Locust St.

Jones' Dairy Leads All Iowa! HIGHEST GRADE MILK AND CREAM

Market Milk Contest, Dairy Cattle Congress, Waterloo, Iowa
September 1923

Average Score of Des Moines, 90.65.									
Jones Dairy Score, 96.00.									
Points Allowed	Bacteria	Flavor	Acid	Fat	Solids not Fat	Acidity	Bottle & Cap	Total	Place
Per c.c. & Odor	Per c.c. & Odor	Dirt	%	%	%	%	%	%	
Perfect Score	35	25	10	10	10	5	5		
Jones Dairy	25.0	21.5	10.0	10.0	10.0	5.0	4.5	96.00	1
100				4.3	8.74	.17			

This contest was in charge of the State Department of Agriculture. Tests were made by E. L. Redfern, State Chemist, and Prof. W. B. Hamner, head of bacteriology department of Ames.

Jones Dairy won first in Des Moines and over all in pasteurized class with a score of 96.00.

Jones Dairy got perfect score on Bacteria, Visible Dirt, Fat per cent, Solids not Fat per cent, and Acidity.

Also won over all classes of milk in the State, both raw and pasteurized

PHONE WALNUT 1915

Remember
STOCKER'S CAFE
1117 Locust—Wal. 356
Open All Night. Try One of Our Special Steaks

Craig & Machin

Retail Distributors
Jones Dairy Products
East Side Only
Drake 2380-J

Moving

BEST SERVICE
LOWEST RATES
Expert Piano Movers
Phone Market 2643

Wheaton

IMPERIAL GARAGE

518 W. Eleventh Street Des Moines, Iowa
—PHONE Market 1257—
General Auto Repairing—Motor Rebuilding a Specialty
GLEN H. HALSTEAD AL. H. BOFF

Think This Over

Your good judgment tells you that now is the time to run your car in and have it put in good condition. Then, when good weather arrives, your car will be ready. Let us have your next job—you will like the way we work, for—
"If we do the work—It's Right."

Best By Test Garage

Phone Wal. 1625 315-19 Second St. Des Moines, Ia

ORDER OF EASTERN STARS TO WAR ON ILLITERACY IN TENNESSEE, SAYS HEAD

Co-operating with a campaign to raise the educational standards of Tennessee, which now ranks forty-fourth among the states, the Order of the Eastern Star of that jurisdiction is taking steps to do its part in the drive. The movement is outlined in a letter sent by Mrs. Jane Washington Ewing, Grand Matron of the Grand Chapter of Tennessee, to every chapter in her jurisdiction and relayed to every member.

In her letter Mrs. Ewing makes it clear that while the drive calls for separate organized effort on the part of her organization, it also calls for the fullest co-operation not only with all other Masonic bodies so engaged, but with the Parent-Teacher association and other forces working for education in Tennessee.

Among the more ambitious proposals of the drive is that of bringing education into the fastnesses of the Tennessee mountains where literacy is at an exceedingly low level. Mrs. Ewing explains the plan as follows:

How are we going to do this work? When a general wants to win a battle, he carefully co-ordinates his man-power and co-operates with the leaders of other bodies or units of soldiers, with the result, that if they work together, ceaselessly, valiantly and determinedly, they will win the battle and gain the front line trenches.

Masonic Co-ordination
This is what we must do in the fight for education, as others are doing elsewhere—co-ordinate our forces with those of the Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M., the Royal Arch Masons, the Knights Templar, and the subordinate lodges of the A. F. & A. M. and co-operate with them in a war upon illiteracy. Let us help put Tennessee "over the top" in the matter of education, and let us first center our efforts toward more and far better rural schools.

The outline adopted by Mrs. Ewing for her campaign, and recommended to the subordinate chapters in that state, follows:

1. Each chapter to devote the time of one of its early stated meetings to a general discussion of the subject of education; the Worthy Matron in advance of the meeting to appoint one or two speakers who can deal with it.

2. At the meeting a special committee on education to be appointed; the duties of this committee to be:

(a) To ascertain the number of schools within the jurisdiction of the chapter, with the number of pupils attending each school, the number of teachers, the number of annual days school time, and if possible, ascertain the number of children not attending any school.

(b) To confer with the superintendent of education having these particular schools in charge, to ascertain in what direction, in his opinion, the influences of the chapter can best be directed.

(c) The apportionment of the schools within the chapter's jurisdiction among a sufficient number of subcommittees, to insure a personal visit to every school, at least once in each two months.

(d) These subcommittees to report at each stated meeting as a regular order of business, the conditions of the schools in their charge, with any suggestion for their improvement which may be apparent.

(e) To seek a conference with the Worshipful Master and Wardens of the Masonic lodges in their immediate jurisdiction, offering their assistance in such educational work as the lodge may have in mind and certainly to endeavor to co-ordinate the two.

(f) The same offer of assistance to be made to any chapter of Royal Arch Masons which may be within their territorial limits.

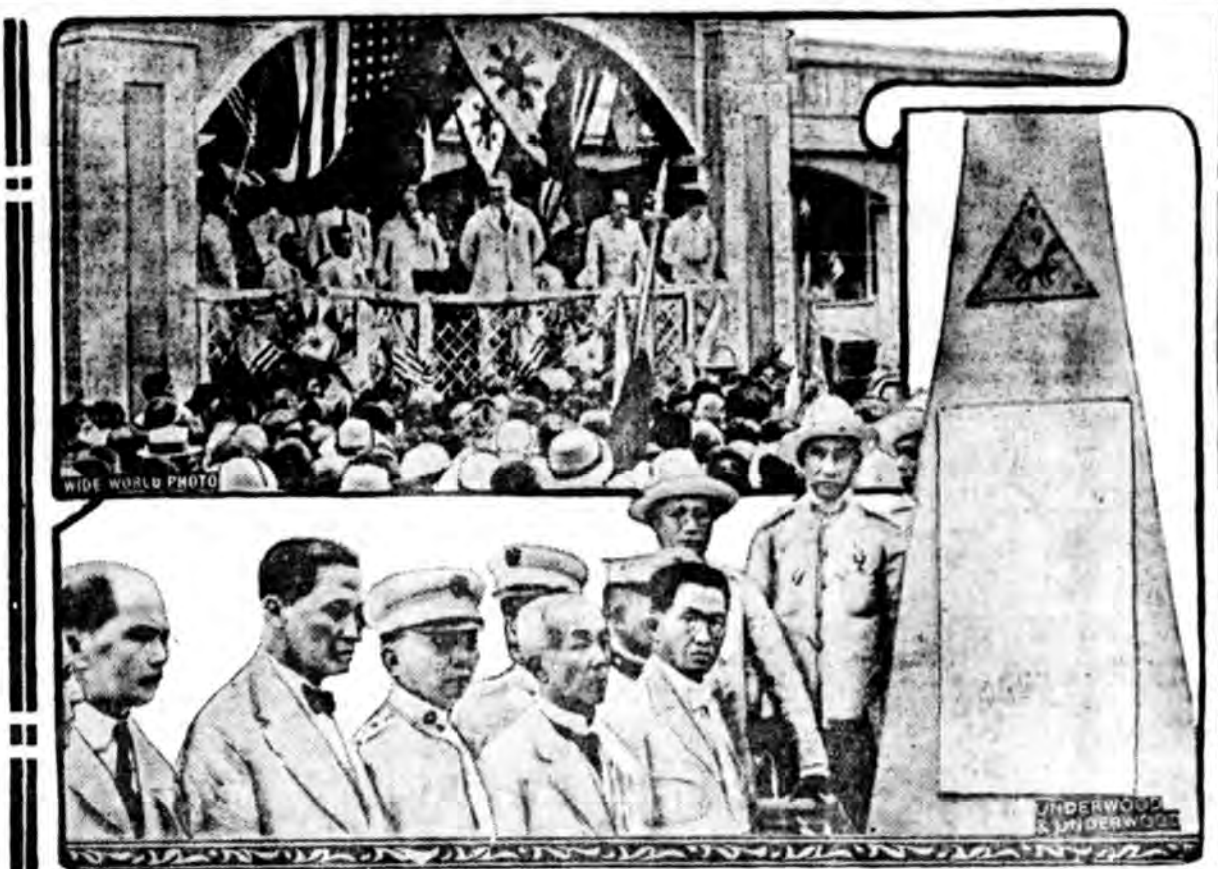
(g) The subcommittee to co-operate with any parent-teacher's association which may be in existence, or, if none, to attempt an organization of that sort.

(h) The Worthy Matrons to write me at the end of each three months, what has been done and what progress made.

Mrs. Ewing closes her letter as follows:

I want all of the chapters and all the members of the chapters, in touch with the schools. In this way, we believe the work will develop and avenues of usefulness suggest themselves. It is our present ignorance of the condition of the schools, their need and their insufficiency, which is at the root of our troubles.

Filipinos Unveil Memorial on Their Twenty-fifth Anniversary of Freedom From Spanish Dominance



On the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Filipino declaration of independence from Spain, January 23, a shaft was unveiled in front of the Barasoain church in a suburb of Malolos, the "Independence Hall" of the islands. In the illustration Emilio Aguinaldo and other prominent lives are seen beside the monument; and Governor General Wood is seen addressing the veterans of the war of independence.

Onward March of the Protestant Churches

That the Chinese are actively supporting the work of the Y. W. C. A. in China is made apparent in the report of the last campaign of the Tientsin organization, where of the 902 subscribers, 726 were Chinese men and women. Already five of the eight members of the Y. W. C. A. staff in Tientsin are Chinese.

The Labor government in Great Britain has made a number of interesting ecclesiastical appointments. The first was the Deanery of Canterbury. Dean Bell, appointed by Ramsay MacDonald, is distinguished for his sympathy with social reform. Even more noteworthy is the appointment of Mr. Moll to the Deanery of Carlisle. Mr. Moll, like the Bishop of Manchester, is a member of the Labor party, and he has for years been one of the most active and fervent leaders of the Christian Socialist in London.

Since Easter caroling was initiated in this country the custom has spread rapidly until it is altogether likely that, within a few years, it will be as widespread as Christmas caroling. Up to 1923, 93 large communities had adopted Easter caroling, many of these being situated on the Pacific coast. Most famous of these sunrise Easter services is that in the Hollywood Bowl, and on Mt. Rubicon, near Riverside, Calif., where 15,000 persons gathered for the singing in last year's observance.

Church leaders in Columbus, O., through the City Church council, have taken steps to prevent church overlapping. It has been agreed that plans for the construction of local churches will be limited to localities where there is a strong neighborhood demand for new churches. New building projects are to be passed upon by the church council.

The one hundred and twentieth anniversary of the founding of the British and Foreign Bible society was recently celebrated in London. The Lord Mayor (Sir Louis Newton) was present, and in the course of his address declared that, in the last 12 months, the society distributed 3,000,000 Bibles or "portions" in foreign lands, a part from the big issues within the British Empire. Two hundred years ago, he pointed out, the Bible was translated into few languages. Today it is printed and read in 565 languages, including 364 in the British Empire alone.

Methodist preachers of Philadelphia have urged that a rigid censorship of radio programs be enforced. It was suggested that one way to offset what was termed the "trifling jazz" programs would be to have a half-hour religious program made compulsory at some time during each day.

It is purpose of the American Bible society, through its agency in China, to make the Bible accessible to every Chinese. Last year three Bible societies with combined funds and effort circulated over 7,500,000 copies of scripture.

The success of the Panama conference on missionary work in Latin America which met in 1913 has led to a call for another conference to be held in Montevideo, Uruguay, in April which many denominations will participate, will confine its attention to mission work in South America.

Col. William Cooper Proctor, of Cincinnati has been appointed chairman of the executive committee in charge of the campaign to raise \$3,000,000 to restore the property of the Episcopal church destroyed by the earthquake in Japan.

The Korean church, not to be outdone in missionary enterprise by Christians of the West, has sent four Korean missionaries to work among the Chinese of Shantung Province. A national, Protestant, nonsectarian broadcasting station, providing

religious, educational and ethical radio programs has been proposed by the board of Sunday schools of the Methodist Episcopal church. The station probably will utilize the tower of the Chicago Temple and is expected to cost \$50,000. The Radio Bible Service bureau has already been established in Cincinnati, O., to broadcast Bible readings for each day of the year.

Protestant progress in Italy is reported in the annual meeting of the Waldensian Aid society in New York. Among other significant achievements recorded during the year, past, by the Waldensians is the concession made to their church by the Mussolini government. When the minister of education decreed that, as a measure against atheism, the crucifix should be reinstated in every school room in Italy, the Waldensians united in a vigorous protest to the government. Immediately which declared that "the Waldensians will be free to choose whatever emblem they wish." They chose a picture of Jesus blessing little children.

EDITOR SAYS CLEAN NEWS NEEDED TODAY

Crime and Sensation Have No Place in Country Press, Association Told

NORFOLK, NEB., April 11.—"Crime and sensation have no place in the country press," declared Mrs. Marie Weekes, president of the Nebraska Press association and editor of The Press, a weekly newspaper published in this city.

The association, at its midwinter meeting at Grand Island, Neb., adopted a code of ethics establishing the fundamental written law that will guide Nebraska newspapers in their work. The members realize, said Mrs. Weekes, that public confidence, built on the reputation for truth, fairness and wholesomeness is their best asset.

The American people must know the truth about American public affairs, free from partisan prejudice. Mrs. Weekes declared. She pointed to the need of a more intelligent and interested electorate, and added that newspaper editors know that their readers constitute the ruling class of the nation. She continued:

"These readers are a busy people whose indifference to national affairs and whose failure to exercise their sovereignty makes for the very weakness in government of which they complain.

The look to their editor for expert advice in matters of government and of politics, and they are the real employer, the real 'boss' of the editorial writer.

But the public is often too easy a boss, too lax in asserting its authority. Yet all of its indifference, all of its ignorance, serves no excuse to its employee, the editor, who could and should serve the news truthfully and interpret it intelligently.

Mrs. Weekes pointed to the fact that women are becoming more and more interested in newspaper work. She added:

Women, known for their housecleaning proclivities, are just as much opposed to the unclean in journalism as in other things, and, with their fraters, are constantly enlarging their newspaper valuations.

Mrs. Weekes also is vice-president of the Tri-State Editorial association, including members of the Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota state associations, and according to precedent will be elected president at the annual meeting in Sioux City, Iowa, in September.

In 1920 she was an independent candidate for election to the house of representatives at Washington.

KENTUCKY AND OHIO PLAN BIBLE READING

Question Up as to Whether or Not Bible Is Sectarian Book

(Scottish Rite News Bureau)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Whether or not the Bible is a sectarian book, whether or not it may or may not be read and taught as a part of public school education, is, apparently, a never ending problem in different parts of the United States. Two recent pronouncements on the vexed question came from Kentucky and Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.

In the Blue Grass state, Governor Fields has signed the bill, which now becomes law in ninety days, requiring the reading of the Bible in the public schools. The bill in part:

"It is important the common school children shall have lessons of morality brought to their attention during their school days.

"The teacher in charge shall read, or cause to be read, a portion of the Bible, daily, in every classroom or session room of the common schools of the state of Kentucky, in the presence of the pupils therein assembled, and no child shall be required to read the Bible against the wish of his parent or guardian.

"The failure of any teacher to conform to this act shall be cause for the revocation of his certificate in the manner provided by law."

The Ohio town sets aside an hour once a week for Bible teaching. Children are not required to attend. If their parents prefer, they may take music or go to gymnasium during that hour. Classes in Bible study are held by teachers of different denominations and a child may attend the one his or her parents prefer. No marks are given in these classes, but the time so spent counts in the curriculum credits.

In Washington, Pa., an old will, dated a hundred years ago has been discovered in which the testator wrote:

"Item: I give and bequeath to each of my beloved children a Bible, to be paid for out of my personal estate, and by so doing mean to intimate to them that it is ten thousand times more my will and desire that they should find and possess the pearl of great price hid in ye field of ye Scriptures, than enjoy anything else which I can bequeath to them, or even ten thousand worlds, were they composed of the purest gold, and all brim full of the richest jewels, and yet be ignorant of the precious treasures in God's word, that are hid even from the most eagle-eyed and quick-sighted men that are properly of the present world."

Beckley Klan to Build An Elaborate Klavern

BECKLEY, W. VA., April 7.—Swept out of a home on account of its phenomenal growth, Beckley Klan, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, is now making arrangements to build a new Klan Klavern. While the move is still in the embryo stage and no definite plans have been worked out, it is understood that the structure is to cost several thousand dollars. Further plans for the erection of the building will be worked out at the next meeting of the local Klan, it is said. It is conservatively estimated that only about half of the membership can crowd into the present meeting place.

During the past four months the Beckley organization has grown from a "baby Klan" to a pillar of strength in Klandom. The rapid growth was brought about by the state department of extension, which recently opened offices here.

SCHOOL GIVEN PICTURE

TUNNELTON, W. VA., April 7.—The Tunnelton Klan recently presented the local high school with a large picture—the Signing of the Declaration of Independence. The presentation speech was made by J. J. Cramer, of Clarkburg, state lecturer for the organization.

BUCKEYE MEMBER OF CONGRESS IS FOR IMMIGRATION

Charles A. Mooney, Cleveland, Against Johnson Restrictive Bill

ALIENS IN HOSPITALS
Fifty Per Cent of Inmates in Ohio Institution Not Citizens of Country

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Representative Charles A. Mooney, of Cleveland, who represents the twentieth Ohio district in the house of representatives, is out and out against the Johnson immigration bill and says so openly. In a letter dated March 6, 1924, he wrote to one of his constituents as follows:

"I am just in receipt of your valued favor of the 1st, in which you enclose resolution adopted endorsing the Johnson bill. Replying, may I say that I regard the Johnson bill as distinctly unfair and un-American. I expect to give myself the pleasure of opposing it when it reaches the floor.

"Sincerely yours,
"Charles A. Mooney."

This Ohio constituent sat down and sent the following hot one back to his alien congressman: "I am in receipt of your letter of the 6th inst., and want to say that next November when you come up for re-election that I will give myself the pleasure of voting against you and so will all my friends whom I can influence to do so."

Some Cleveland Facts
Here are a few nuts for Congressman Mooney to crack, and they are gathered from his home city. The state hospital at Cleveland, according to Guy Williams, its superintendent, and the Cleveland state hospital is only one of the many institutions taking care of large numbers of foreign born dependents, delinquents, and other public charges. The state hospital at Cleveland has over 1900 patients, each one of which costs the Ohio taxpayers \$190 per year, or \$364,000 annually. About one-third of a million of dollars in these days of crushing taxes for the maintenance of only one hospital that merely takes care of the social inadequacies in only one of its big cities.

Will Mr. Mooney take a look at the individuals in that institution. Over 50 per cent of them are foreign born. The same statistics are true of other state hospitals over the country. Just think of it, foreign countries must be literally dumping their weaklings upon us to spread here their European and oriental diseases, and we have to foot the bill. For years our immigration doors have been wide open and our foolish generosity and hospitality naturally has been taken advantage of. What a receptacle for Europe's trash and Congressman Mooney's home town has secured its share in one hospital.

Here are a few more thinks for Mr. Mooney. The city of Cleveland is less than 24 per cent foreign born, yet its state hospital has 1900 inmates and over 50 per cent of them are foreign born. See where our insane and dependents come from. About 11 per cent of the entire population of the big state of Ohio is foreign born, but when you get into the hospitals you find half of them are foreigners. Mr. Mooney can well afford to ponder over these figures.

Proud of Foreign Birth
When these foreign born go into the state institutions provided for persons unable to pay for their own care and keep, the vast proportion of them brazenly and boastfully announce their foreign citizenship and declare they have an easier time getting along as such than they would

Ku Klux Klan News Notes From Kankakee

KANKAKEE, ILL., April 7.—Kankakee Klansmen are preparing to elevate fiery crosses now adorning the top of their Klavern here twenty feet higher so it may be seen to better advantage from surrounding towns.

A team of Klanswomen from Waukegan came up last Thursday evening and assisted in putting on the work for a large class of Kankakee women. The women's organization in this city has a wonderful future, and great things are predicted for them.

Last Friday night the Kankakee Klan naturalized one of the largest classes of men in its history and great satisfaction is felt all over the country by the way men and women are hastening to become 100 per cent Americans.

have if naturalized. As alien they have all the rights and privileges of citizens and none of the duties or obligations. It is the good old Buckeye farmers, laborers and patriots who are paying the bill and the aliens are being cared for when they can't take care of themselves.

The present governor of Ohio is about to have a whole lot to say one of these days about economy and tax reduction for he is about to run again for public office. One way to economize and to reduce taxes in Ohio is to deport every last one of those alien foreign born physical and mental defectives. Our immigration laws for more than a score of years has made it unlawful for an insane, epileptic, feeble-minded, or otherwise physically or mentally defective foreigner to enter this country.

Practically every one of the foreign born insane in Ohio asylums, every one of the epileptic in the Ohio institutions for epilepsy, every one of the feeble minded, in fact all defectives, delinquents and degenerates are foreign born and here unlawfully and ought to be shipped back to Russia, Italy, Greece or elsewhere from whence they come.

There is another way to lessen their expense and that is to get in behind the Johnson immigration bill and lessen the number of foreigners being dumped on our shores and upon the backs of the local taxpayers.

Look at New York
Governor Al Smith, of New York, is right now pressing the federal government to reimburse his state treasury to the extent of \$17,000,000 for the care and keep of tens of thousands of aliens not promptly deported by Uncle Sam. That's an eye opener in itself.

Boyd's Billiard Parlor
J. H. BOYD, Prop.
24—TABLES—24
Over 708 Locust St.
SOFT DRINKS
CIGARS CONFECTIONERY
Phone Walnut 3899

F. E. Robbins Grocery
Call Us For High Grade
Meats, Fruits, Gen. Mdse.
S. W. 23rd & Valley Dr.
Walnut 3584

Free Prompt Removal of All Dead Stock
—Call—
LaForge Rendering Company
Day or Night Service—Maple 2816

P. D. INHOFE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Practice in All Courts
1012 S. & L. Bldg. Des Moines

Butter Nut Bread

The Best Bread Is The Most Economical

Do Not Say Bread, Say BUTTER NUT

S & S Coffee Co.

Second Floor Market House

Coffee and Peanuts
Roasted Daily

MAIL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY

Will ship to any address 3 pounds of 40c coffee, post paid—\$1.10

Try a pound of our hot Jumbo Peanuts—25c

COFFEE 25c to 60c PER LB. Restaurant Trade Solicited.

ALL GOODS GUARANTEED

See Our Coffee Roaster at Work. 'NUF SAID!

Phone Walnut 2265

JACK'S NEWS STAND
N. W. Cor. Seventh & Locust

KLAX PAPERS
Out-of-Town Periodicals and Magazines

Painting and Decorating

B. H. BREWER

Residence 949 28th St.
Phone Drake 5782-J

The All American Shoe Repair

H. MACHLAN

High Grade Shoe Repairing—Satisfaction Absolutely Guaranteed

1209 24th St., 24th & University

COL. M. M. KENDALL

AUCTIONEER

Real Estate & Merchandise A Specialty
MARSHALSTOWN, IOWA

Good as the Best—Better Than the Best

Progressive Shoe Shop

H. J. APPELGATE, Prop.

100% American

410 E. Fifth St. Des Moines

A. T. McHAFFIE

Prescription Druggist

3700 Sixth Ave.—Highland Park

PHONE MARKET 898

You Are Interested

in collecting your slow accounts NOW. We guarantee our system to collect at least \$100 of your slow accounts or money cheerfully refunded. The most practical and economical system on the market. Write for particulars.

TELEPHONE MARKET 2695
EAST 2ND AND LOCUST.
Des Moines, Iowa

SENATE INVESTIGATORS TAKE TESTIMONY IN LAND FRAUDS

E. A. Witmer, of Adel, Iowa, Writes That He Was Informed "Cheap Labor and Good Crops" Could Be Had, But Found Neither Obtainable Along Rio Grande.

R. B. Creager's Attorney Fights to Keep Letters Against Client From Being Admitted As Evidence in Committee Hearing—Senators Get Telegrams Which Are Incriminating.

(Bureau of Publication and Education)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—Some of the evidence in the alleged frauds in the Rio Grande valley of Texas as put over on the people by R. B. Creager and others was disclosed before the senate committee as follows:

John Gossman, of Donna, Texas, wrote that he had "joined an excursion from Kansas City in 1918, had been treated royally with liquor and was told of three crops a year in the Rio Grande valley region, low freight rates to the gulf and few frosts."

E. A. Witmer, of Adel, Iowa, wrote that he had been informed by Rio Grande valley agent that he could get "cheap labor and good crops," there but had not obtained either.

Adolph Dicke, of Sylvan Grove, Kansas, who said he had paid \$8,530 for Rio Grande valley land, told his story in his letter: "We landed in Elbezer, Texas, and went to McAllen, and were shown irrigation pumps, which we later found out were falsely represented as belonging to our company. We were not allowed to mix with the residents then. Later we had to pay for irrigating the lands and had to leave them at a loss. We were told the drinking water was nearly pure, but found that false. The land was not as represented to me. I have given it a fair trial, and I want to get back my money."

Big Crops Promised
Under date of May 7, 1918, George C. and Jennie A. Brownell told of leaving Watertown, S. D., for "Magic Valley" in the Rio Grande valley on an excursion, in which they were "shown a good time." "Autos met us and whirled us through the towns and went to one show place to another. We were shown an alfalfa

field, which they said could be cut eleven times a year. The irrigation and markets have been a failure. We were told that frosts were seldom and light and that there were no snakes, insects, flies, fleas or ants, and that the water was the healthiest in the United States. We signed up on the return trip. Now we must sell our corn and hogs to the Mexicans."

Hans Olsen, of Kalamazoo, Mich., said he had been taken on an excursion to the Rio Grande valley in the summer of 1919 and shown show places. "We asked if the land ever overflows and the answer was 'Not in a thousand years except by irrigation.' After he purchased, he said, he found out that the land did overflow and that it was "all hills and holes."

Correspondence between Olsen and the Alamo Land & Sugar Company (Creager's company), was then introduced before the senate committee to show that the land company was trying to collect a note from him.

Creager's attorney fought like a tiger to keep the above letters from being read to the committee and going into the Record, but the attorney's objections were overruled. The same Creager fought to keep his telegrams from being given to the committee, telegrams that passed between Creager and his attorney to land companies down in Texas, but the committee got the telegrams.

Bribed With Grapefruit
Senator Moses laughingly told the committee that he guessed he had been bribed with a box of grapefruit from the Rio Grande valley. Mr. Creager spoke up and asked if the grapefruit was good, to which Mr. Moses said they were wonderful and he wanted to thank the donor. Creager didn't admit that he sent the fruit, but smiled in appreciation of what the senator from New Hampshire had said about it.

This is the same Creager who throws a connotation fit every time he sees K. K. K. anywhere. The Knights of the Ku Klux Klan simply gives him convulsions and he proposes to have both political parties read the Klan out of existence this summer in their national convention platforms.

Teach the children in the public schools how the ballot should be used, and when they become old enough to use it, they will remember the Klansman's teaching.

DR. F. D. CAMPBELL
Osteopathic Physician
Office 3134 S. W. 9th St.
Office Phone Market 1720
Res. Phone Maple 2023-LJ

UNDERWOODS
\$3.00 Down
All makes of typewriters, bought, sold, traded or repaired
Standard Typewriter Co.
320-322 Frankel Bldg. Mkt. 2114

The Four Horsemen Fireworks Co.
GUARANTEES LARGE ATTENDANCE
Let Us Help Your Committee Arrange Your Program
Address
Office 515 Polk Building Des Moines, Iowa

J. W. JENNEY
The Grocer, Butcher and Baker
Sixth and Euclid Avenues
If you are not already a customer of JENNEY'S, come in and get acquainted. We are here to serve you with the best. Trade where your credit is good.
Open your account here—we deliver the goods.
Phones Walnut 2123-2124

"THE STRIKING OF AMERICA'S HOUR"
NOW IS THE TIME TO ENLIST WITH THE
Knights and Women OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
"Iowa, Her Affections, Like the Rivers of Her Borders, Flow to an Inseparable Union"

THE HAWKEYE STATE IS FALLING IN LINE IN A BIG WAY WITH THE GREAT AMERICAN MOVEMENT THAT EXTENDS FROM SEA TO SEA, AND FROM THE RIVERS UNTO THE DRY LAND

If you are a red-blooded American Gentile Protestant, the Ku Klux Klan wants you, providing your character will stand the test.

WE'RE FOR IT---ARE YOU?
If You Can Qualify—Better Communicate With P. O. Box 365, Des Moines, Iowa

(All communications held in strict confidence and secrecy)

Scenes of Protest Law and Order Parade in Herrin, Illinois, on March 18; Only Picture of Dead Klansman



Above are reproductions of photographs of the protest parade at Herrin, Illinois, on March 18, following the indictment of S. Glenn Young and his officers for their activities in conducting dry raids throughout Williamson county. No. 1 shows a portion of Williamson county citizenry passing the city hall. There were day laborers and bankers in the line of march. No. 2 shows the leaders of the parade. The figure in the background between the two drummers is S. Glenn Young. No. 3 shows the crowd waiting in front of the city hall to go on the bonds of the indicted men. It was necessary to stop all traffic in the streets leading to the city hall. Americans of Williamson county heavily mortgaged their property to obtain the release of the men who had made Williamson county a

fit place in which to live. No. 4 is the only picture of the late Constable Caesar Cagle, Klansman, who was murdered early in February, by the gang opposed to the re-establishment of law and order.

ITALIAN WRITER SCORES AMERICA AND CHRISTIANS

Papini, Who Wrote Alleged "Life of Christ," Shows Hate of Protestantism

WOULD CLOSE SCHOOLS
Dr. Charles Fama, of New York City, Discloses Interesting Facts to Congress

(Bureau of Publication and Education)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—The Italian writer, Papini, in his last publication, *Omo Salvatico*, on page 19 spoke as follows of Protestants:

"Of whatever race of stable Protestants might come, they are hemorrhoids of Luther, rheum of Calvin, hoofs of Huss, spittles of Zwingle, scabs of Socinus, scurf of Wesley, bunions of Fox, expectorations of Spencer, emesis of Genselius, and dandruff of Arius."

On the word America as found in the same book by Papini on page 149 he states:

"America is the land of millionaire uncles, the country of trusts, of skyscrapers, the country of the phonograph, of the electric car, of the law of lynching of the unbecomable Washington, of the tedious Emerson, of the degenerate Walt Whitman, of the nauseating Longfellow, of the angelic Wilson, of the philanthropic Morgan, of the undesirable Edison, and of other great men of the same stuff. In return there has come to us from America the tobacco that poisons, the syphilis that rots, the chocolate that nauseates, the potatoes heavy for the stomach, and the Declaration of Independence which after a few years gave birth to the declaration of the rights of man. From this it follows that the discovery of America, although accomplished by a man who had many holy qualities, was wished by God in 1492 as a punishment repressive and preventive of all great discoveries of the Renaissance, that is, the cannon powder Humanism and Protestantism."

The above is only a little which shows the spirit of Papini and his love both for our country and Protestantism. This man Papini was given a cordial invitation to lecture by Columbia university in New York. A man such as this is not worthy of the

Now Open For Business
L. C. LEONARD LUNCH
Continuous from 5 a. m. to 12 p. m.
Strictly High-class—100% American
Market 2116 — 420 Ninth St.
Des Moines, Iowa

ANNOUNCEMENT—We have sold our cafe at 205 Fifth St. We desire to thank our patrons and friends for their loyal support. We will open a new cafe in the near future, and will announce our location as early as possible. Yours, till we meet again, GATES CAFE

COL. FRANK WARREN
GENERAL AUCTIONEER
Call me before selling private Address
Phone 2718 Dean Ave., Maple 1772-W Des Moines, Iowa

SOUTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY FAILS TO PASS UNIFORM SCHOOL BOOK LAW

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 4. Considerable disappointment has been expressed throughout the state because of the failure of the general assembly, which concluded its annual session two weeks ago, to pass the bill providing for uniform text books in the schools of the state, and this will likely be made an issue in the approaching campaign. The bill was coupled with another bill providing for the establishment of a state printing plant, which should print the books, and this caused its defeat. Many members of the legislature doubting the feasibility of a state enterprise of this kind. Even with this, the bill was defeated by only two votes in the senate.

The demand for uniform text books in the state arises out of the fact that some of the larger cities and towns are permitted to use in their schools different text books from those used in the majority of the schools in the state, and this has been the cause of no little dissatisfaction.

CAROLINA DELEGATES MAY BE UNINSTRUCTED

McAdoo Most in Favor—Precinct Voters Organize in April

SPARTANBURG, N. C., April 7.—The South Carolina state Democratic convention will be held in May to elect delegates to the national convention. It is likely that the delegates will go uninstructed. So far, only two candidates have been discussed to any extent in this state, McAdoo and Underwood, and McAdoo is away in the lead in public sentiment, but there is a general feeling in this state that it would be wise not to commit the delegates to any particular candidate. Developments may ensue between the state convention and the national convention which would be embarrassing if the delegates were committed.

The party machinery in South Carolina provides for the voters of the various precincts to meet and organize on the fourth Saturday in April. The clubs elect delegates to the county convention, which, in turn, elect delegates to the state convention. All Democratic candidates in this state are nominated in primaries held in August but there is no presidential preference primary, this being left to the state convention.

Patronize Fiery Cross Advertisers

DONATE TO MINISTER

Lone Klansman Visits United Brethren Congregation at Clarinda

CLARINDA, IA., April 5.—Last Sunday during the course of the evening service at the United Brethren church, a lone Klansman, robed in the regalia of the order, entered the church and walked down the aisle to the altar. The Rev. Mr. Miller, pastor, was presented with an envelope containing \$50.

This donation was made by the local unit of the Klan, who are constantly helping those who are upholding righteousness and doing a good work in the community.

Rev. Mr. Miller preached a sermon based on the principles upon which the Klan organization is founded. A large congregation attended the service. The visit of the lone Klan member was a surprise to everyone.

MANY FOREIGNERS IN INSTITUTIONS

(Bureau of Publication and Education)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—Ohio is spending a million dollars each year to care for foreign-born inmates in public institutions, according to figures collected by Congressman John W. Cable, of Lima, member of the house immigration committee. This data will be used as an argument for the passage of the new immigration bill to be voted on in the house within a week or 10 days.

Sixteen institutions in Ohio have furnished Mr. Cable with statements concerning the foreign-born confined under their care in the Buckeye state. Some of the facts are astonishing. Although the foreign-born constitute less than 12 per cent of Ohio's total population, many of the institutions show the percentage of their inmates to run as high as 50 per cent foreign born.

Of the total number in the Cleveland state hospital more than 50 per cent are foreign born and cost the taxpayers of that state more than \$177,000 last year.

In the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus there are 546 foreign-born prisoners. They cost the state over \$115,000 each year.

Three hundred and fifteen foreign born are confined in the Lima state hospital for the criminal insane. They cost the taxpayers of Ohio \$78,750 last year.

Longview hospital, Cincinnati, has 305 foreign born, costing the state \$74,000 each year.

"I intend to use these figures to show that while the famous 'melting pot' has functioned in some cases, yet in many it failed to fuse," said Congressman Cable, and it will soon be a case of the 'melting pot' melting."

Take a look at the three federal penitentiaries in the United States as follows:

Leavenworth, Kansas—406 foreign-born, constitute 16 per cent of the inmates; they cost Uncle Sam last year \$116,535.96.

Atlanta, Georgia—424 foreign-born, constitute 16 per cent of the inmates in that prison and they cost the government last year \$37,029.64.

These figures are official and will be used on the floor of the house of representatives next week in favor of further restricting immigration.

McNeil Island, Washington—132 foreign-born, constitute 26 per cent of the inmates; they cost the federal government last year \$37,029.64.

These figures are official and will be used on the floor of the house of representatives next week in favor of further restricting immigration.

Following is an excerpt from the News' editorial:

"Nothing on earth will kill the Kluckers as quickly." "The plan is all right, but a whole lot of time can be saved by killing them instantly."

For the past year The Mulberry News has been the official organ of the Loyal Constitutionalists, an organization opposed to the Klan. Attempts have been made to establish chapters in other Kansas towns, but so far as is known, resulted in failure.

Although M. F. Sears, editor of The News, claims to be a Protestant, he is "playing the game" and has added many subscribers to his list, as this district with its large foreign-born population is a fertile field for his activities. Rumors of a slush fund raised among wealthy Catholics to subsidize Sears' paper, are in circulation. Even though many of the subscribers of The News cannot read English, Sears gets the money.

"IT CAN'T BE DID"

NO GREATER GROCERY AND MEAT BAR-GAINS CAN BE FOUND ANYWHERE BESIDES

WE DELIVER ANYWHERE IN THE CITY

Fancy Canned Corn.....9 cents per can
Not more than 5 cans to one customer

Meadow Gold Creamery Butter.....25c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, Dozen.....23c
Opal Jello, 3 Packages for.....25c
Opal Powdered Sugar, 3 Packages for.....25c
Van Camp's Pork and Beans, 3 cans for.....25c
School Girl Red Beans, 3 cans for.....25c
School Girl Peas, 2 cans for.....25c
School Girl Tomatoes, 3 cans for.....25c
Navy Beans, 6 pounds for.....35c
Lima Beans, 2 pounds for.....25c

CAKES AND PIES MADE TO ORDER

Fresh Each Day—The Real Home-Made Kind
Spinach, large can.....25c
Macaroni, Spaghetti, Egg Noodles.....8c

BROWN'S CASH GROCERY
Phone Maple 1449 2100 East Walnut Street
DES MOINES, IOWA

Furnishings for Easter



Easter—The time of all times—when you want to be in style, properly attired, with particular attention to every detail.

Shop here, where the knowledge of what's new and in perfect taste is bound to help you in presenting the best appearance.

Fine Shirts, With or Without Collars \$2.00 to \$3.50

Ties—in all the New Shades Narrow Shapes 50c to \$2.00

Spring Underwear 75c to \$2.00

Wonderful Assortment 2-Pants Suits \$32.50 to \$37.50

Morgan & Markussen Co.
CORRECT CLOTHES FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN

522 East Locust Street