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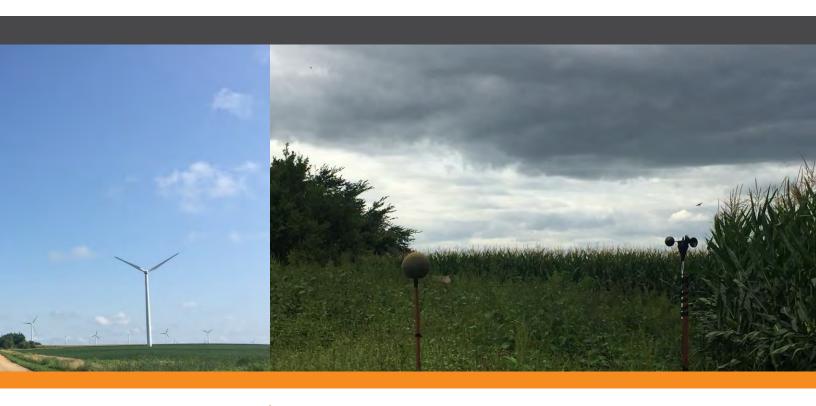
Noise Analysis for the Proposed Plum Creek Wind Farm



GERONIMO ENERGY

PLUM CREEK WIND FARM

Preliminary Noise Compliance Assessment | November 5, 2019



PREPARED FOR

GERONIMO ENERGY, A National Grid Company

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Geronimo Energy, a National Grid Company, is submitting a Site Permit Application (SPA) to the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission (PUC) to build a wind power generation facility in Cottonwood, Murray, and Redwood Counties. Plum Creek Wind Farm (Project) will involve the construction of up to 110 turbines for a project rating of up to 414 MW. The Project area is located south of Walnut Grove and U.S. Route 14 (US-14), and generally north Westbrook and MN Route 30 (MN-30), although a portion of the Project is located southwest of Dovray.

For the SPA, RSG has conducted a preliminary noise compliance assessment of the Project based on the preliminary turbine layout including primary turbine locations. Included in this report are:

- A description of the Project;
- A discussion of applicable sound level standards;
- A discussion of sound issues that are particular to wind farms;
- Background sound level monitoring procedure and results;
- Sound propagation modeling procedures and results; and
- Conclusions.

Appendix A includes a primer on the science of sound, including descriptions of some of the acoustical terms used in this report.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Plum Creek Wind Farm is proposed to be located primarily in Cottonwood and Murray Counties, although a portion of the project will also be located in Redwood County. The northern extent of the Project area is US-14. The southern extent is near 121st Street in Murray County. The eastern extent of the Project area is 440th Avenue (County Highway 4) in Cottonwood County. The western extent is 225th Avenue in Murray County.

The area around the Project is composed primarily of agricultural land uses (primarily corn and soybean) with farm residences. Terrain in the area is mostly flat, but gradually increases by approximately 110 meters (360 feet) from the northwest corner of the Project area to the southwest corner of the Project area. There are rural, county roads through much of the project area, and major routes to the north (US-14) and south (MN-30). The closest cities to the project are Dovray to the southwest and Walnut Grove to the north.

The Project is currently considering three turbine models and two layout configurations as summarized in Table 1. A map of the proposed Project showing the turbine layout for the Vestas turbine models is provided in Figure 1, and a map showing the turbine layout for the GE turbine model is provided in Figure 2.

TABLE 1: TURBINE MODELS AND NUMBER OF TURBINES UNDER CONSIDERATION

TURBINE MAKE/MODEL	TURBINE OUTPUT (MW)	HUB HEIGHT (m)	NUMBER OF TURBINES IN LAYOUT
Vestas V150 STE ¹	5.6	105	74
Vestas V162 STE	5.6	125	74
GE 2.8-127 LNTE ²	2.8	89	110

¹ STE: Serrated Trailing Edges

² LNTE: Low Noise Trailing Edges

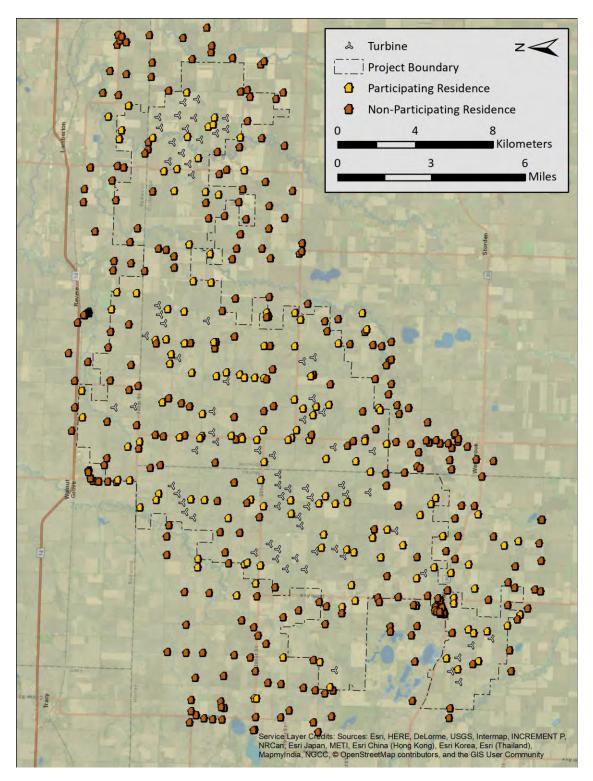


FIGURE 1: PLUM CREEK WIND FARM AREA MAP WITH VESTAS LAYOUT

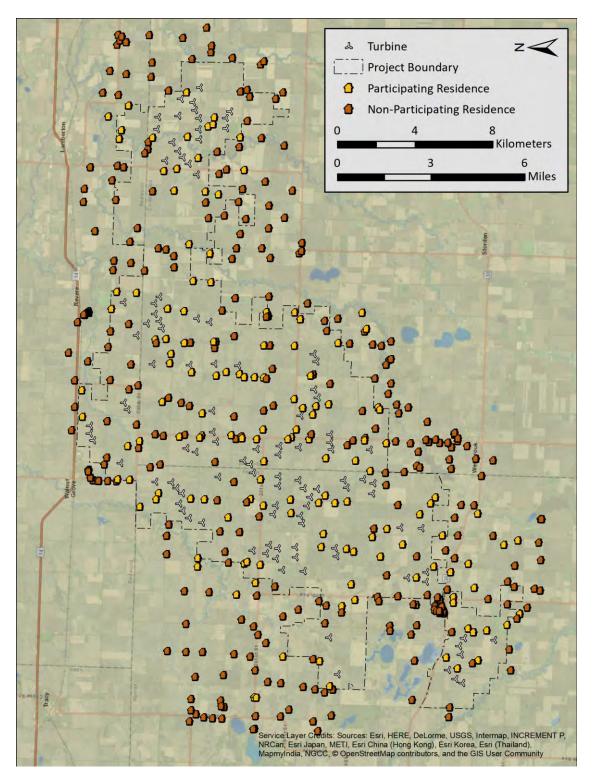


FIGURE 2: PLUM CREEK WIND FARM SITE MAP WITH GE LAYOUT

3.0 SOUND LEVEL STANDARDS & GUIDELINES

3.1 LOCAL STANDARDS

All three counties in the Project area refer to the state noise standards for wind turbines. Specifically:

 Cottonwood County addresses noise from wind turbines in Subdivision 7 of their Renewable Energy Ordinance which states:

Noise is regulated by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency under Chapter 7030. These rules establish the maximum night time noise and day time noise levels that effectively limit wind turbine noise to 50 bD(A) at farm residences.

 Murray County addresses noise from wind turbines in Subdivision 4 of their Renewable Energy Ordinance which states:

All WECS shall comply with Minnesota Rules 7030, as amended, governing noise.

 Redwood County addresses noise from wind turbines in Section 153.357 of Title XV of the County Code which states:

> Noise is regulated and the regulations are enforced by the state's Pollution Control Agency under Minn. Rules Ch. 7030. These rules establish the maximum nighttime and daytime noise levels.

3.2 STATE STANDARDS

Minnesota Statute §116.07 charges the Pollution Control Agency with adopting noise standards. These standards are set in Minnesota Rules Chapter 7030, for which a wind power project must demonstrate it will comply with to receive a site permit from the PUC. The rule provides daytime and nighttime³ sound level limits (Table 2) for a variety of land uses, which are grouped into three categories identified by a Noise Area Classification. The sensitive land uses around the Project are primarily within Noise Area Classification 1 which includes residences (including farmhouses) and contains the most restrictive sound limits.

³ MN Rules 7030.0020 define daytime as 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. and nighttime as 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

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TABLE 2: SOUND LEVEL LIMITS (dBA) FROM MN RULES 7030.0040

NOISE AREA	DAYTIME		NIGHTTIME	
CLASSIFICATION	L ₅₀	L ₁₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀
1	60	65	50	55
2	65	70	65	70
3	75	80	75	80

The Rule says that the limits are for the "...preservation of public health and welfare" and that they are "...consistent with speech, sleep, annoyance, and hearing conservation requirements...", but that they "...do not, by themselves, identify the limiting levels of impulsive noise⁴ needed for the preservation of public health and welfare."

⁴ Impulsive noise is defined in Minnesota Rules Chapter 7030.0020. Typical, wind turbine sound at the distance of a residential receiver is not considered impulsive.



4.0 WIND TURBINE ACOUSTICS - SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 SOURCES OF SOUND GENERATION BY WIND TURBINES

Wind turbines generate two principle types of sound: aerodynamic, produced from the flow of air around the blades, and mechanical, produced from mechanical and electrical components within the nacelle.

Aerodynamic sound is the primary source of sound associated with wind turbines. These acoustic emissions can be either tonal or broadband. Tonal sound occurs at discrete frequencies, whereas broadband sound is distributed with little peaking across the frequency spectrum. While unusual, tonal sound can also originate from unstable air flows over holes, slits, or blunt trailing edges on blades. The majority of audible aerodynamic sound from wind turbines is broadband at the middle frequencies, roughly between 200 Hz and 1,000 Hz.

Wind turbines emit aerodynamic broadband sound as the rotating blades interact with atmospheric turbulence and as air flows along their surfaces. This produces a characteristic "whooshing" sound through several mechanisms (Figure 3):

- Inflow turbulence sound occurs when the rotor blades encounter atmospheric turbulence
 as they pass through the air. Uneven pressure on a rotor blade causes variations in the
 local angle of attack, which affects the lift and drag forces, causing aerodynamic loading
 fluctuations. This generates sound that varies across a wide range of frequencies but is
 most significant at frequencies below 500 Hz.
- Trailing edge sound is produced as boundary-layer turbulence as the air passes into the wake, or trailing edge, of the blade. This sound is distributed across a wide frequency range but is most notable at high frequencies between 700 Hz and 2 kHz.
- Tip vortex sound occurs when tip turbulence interacts with the surface of the blade tip.
 While this is audible near the turbine, it tends to be a small component of the overall sound further away.
- Stall or separation sound occurs due to the interaction of turbulence with the blade surface.

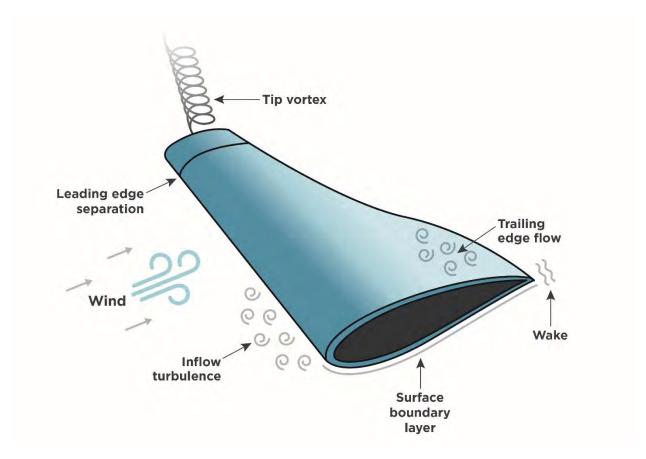


FIGURE 3: AIRFLOW AROUND A ROTOR BLADE

Mechanical sound from machinery inside the nacelle tends to be tonal in nature but can also have a broadband component. Potential sources of mechanical sound include the gearbox, generator, yaw drives, cooling fans, and auxiliary equipment. These components are housed within the nacelle, whose surfaces, if untreated, radiate the resulting sound. However modern wind turbines have nacelles that are designed to reduce the transmission of internal sound, and rarely is this a significant portion of the total wind turbine sound.

4.2 AMPLITUDE MODULATION

Amplitude modulation (AM) is a fluctuation in sound level that occurs at the blade passage frequency. There is no consistent definition how much of a sound level fluctuation is necessary for blade swish to be considered AM. Fluctuations in individual 1/3 octave bands are typically greater. Fluctuations in individual 1/3 octave bands can sometimes synchronize and desynchronize over periods, leading to increases and decreases in magnitude of the Aweighted fluctuations. Similarly, in wind farms with multiple turbines, fluctuations can

synchronize and desynchronize, leading to variations in amplitude modulation depth.⁵ Most amplitude modulation is in the mid-frequencies and most overall A-weighted AM is less than 4.5 dB in depth.⁶

There are many confirmed and hypothesized causes of amplitude modulation including: blade passage in front of the tower, blade tip sound emission directivity, wind shear, inflow turbulence, transient blade stall, and turbine blade yaw error. It has recently been noted that although wind shear can contribute to the extent of amplitude modulation, wind shear does not contribute to the existence of amplitude modulation in and of itself. Instead, there needs to be detachment of airflow from the blades for wind shear to contribute to amplitude modulation. While factors like the blade passing in front of the tower are intrinsic to wind turbine design, other factors vary with turbine design, local meteorology, topography, and turbine layout. Mountainous areas, for example, are more likely to have turbulent airflow, less likely to have high wind shear, and less likely to have turbine layouts that allow for blade passage synchronization for multiple turbines. Amplitude modulation extent varies with the relative location of a receptor to the turbine. Amplitude Modulation is usually experienced most when the receptor is between 45 and 60 degrees from the downwind or upwind position and is experienced least directly with the receptor directly upwind or downwind of the turbines.

4.3 METEOROLOGY

Meteorological conditions can significantly affect sound propagation. The two most important conditions to consider are wind shear and temperature lapse. Wind shear is the difference in wind speeds by elevation and temperature lapse rate is the temperature gradient by elevation. In conditions with high wind shear (large wind speed gradient), sound levels upwind from the source tend to decrease and sound levels downwind tend to increase due to the refraction, or bending, of the sound (Figure 4).

⁵ McCunney, Robert, et al. "Wind Turbines and Health: A Critical Review of the Scientific Literature." *Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine*. 56(11) November 2014: pp. e108-e130.

⁶ RSG, et al., "Massachusetts Study on Wind Turbine Acoustics," Massachusetts Clean Energy Center and Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, 2016

⁷ "Wind Turbine Amplitude Modulation: Research to Improve Understanding as to its Cause and Effect." *RenewableUK*. December 2013.

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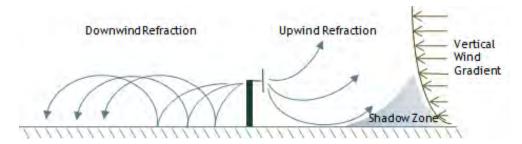


FIGURE 4: SCHEMATIC OF THE REFRACTION OF SOUND DUE TO VERTICAL WIND GRADIENT (WIND SHEAR)

With temperature lapse, when ground surface temperatures are higher than those aloft, sound will tend to refract upwards, leading to lower sound levels near the ground. The opposite is true when ground temperatures are lower than those aloft (an inversion condition).

High winds and/or high solar radiation can create turbulence which tends to break up and dissipate sound energy. Highly stable atmospheres, which tend to occur on clear nights with low ground-level wind speeds, tend to minimize atmospheric turbulence and are generally more favorable to downwind propagation.

In general terms, sound propagates along the ground best under stable conditions with a strong temperature inversion. This tends to occur during the night and is characterized by low ground level winds. As a result, worst-case conditions for wind turbines tend to occur downwind under moderate nighttime temperature inversions. Therefore, this is the default condition for modeling wind turbine sound.

4.4 MASKING

As mentioned above, sound levels from wind turbines are a function of wind speed. Background sound is also a function of wind speed, i.e., the stronger the winds, the louder the resulting background sound. This effect is amplified in areas covered by trees and other vegetation.

The sound from a wind turbine can often be masked by wind sound at downwind receptors because the frequency spectrum from wind is very similar to the frequency spectrum from a wind turbine. Figure 5 compares the shape of the sound spectrum measured during a 5 m/s wind event at the Project site to that of the GE 2.8-127, Vestas V150, and Vestas, V162 wind turbines. As shown, the shapes of the spectra are very similar. At higher frequencies, the sounds from the masking wind sound are higher than the wind turbine. As a result, the masking of turbine sound occurs at higher wind speeds for some meteorological conditions. Masking will occur most, when ground wind speeds are relatively high, creating wind-caused sound such as wind blowing through the trees and interaction of wind with structures.

It is important to note that while winds may be blowing at turbine height, there may be little to no wind at ground level. This is especially true during strong wind gradients (high wind shear),

which mostly occur at night. This can also occur on the leeward side of ridges where the ridge blocks the wind.

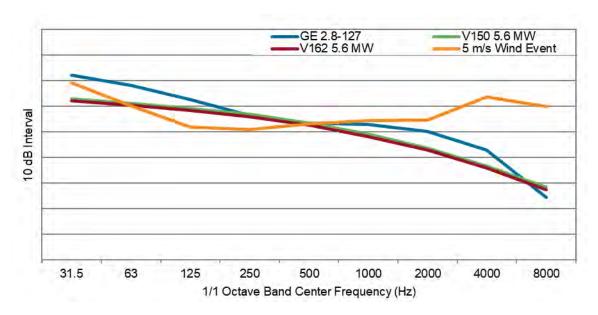


FIGURE 5: COMPARISON OF NORMALIZED FREQUENCY SPECTRA FROM THE WIND AND THE GE 2.8-127, VESTAS V150, AND VESTAS V1628

4.5 INFRASOUND AND LOW FREQUENCY SOUND

Infrasound is sound pressure fluctuations at frequencies below about 20 Hz. Sound below this frequency is only audible at very high magnitudes (90 dBG⁹ and higher). Low frequency sound is in the audible range of human hearing, that is, above 20 Hz, but below 100 to 200 Hz depending on the definition.

Low frequency aerodynamic tonal sound is typically associated with downwind rotors on horizontal axis wind turbines. In this configuration, the rotor plane is behind the tower relative to the oncoming wind. As the turbine blades rotate, each blade crosses behind the tower's aerodynamic wake and experiences brief load fluctuations. This causes short, low-frequency pulses or thumping sounds. Large modern wind turbines are "upwind", where the rotor plane is upwind of the tower. As a result, this type of low frequency sound is at a much lower magnitude with upwind turbines than downwind turbines, well below established infrasonic hearing thresholds.

⁸ The purpose of this Figure is to show the shapes to two spectra relative to one another and not the actual sound level of the two sources of sound. The level of each source was normalized independently.

⁹ See Appendix A for additional information on frequency-weighted sound levels.

Figure 6 shows the sound levels 350 meters (1,148 feet) from a wind turbine when the wind turbine was operating (T-on) and shut down (T-off) for wind speeds at hub height greater than 9 m/s. Measurements were made over approximately two weeks. ¹⁰ The red 90 dBG line is shown here as the ISO 7196:1995 perceptibility threshold. As shown, the wind turbines generated measurable infrasound, but at least 20 dB below audibility thresholds.

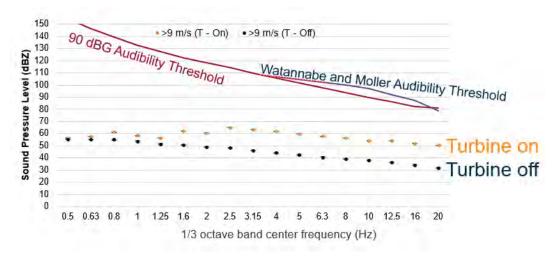


FIGURE 6: INFRASOUND FROM A WIND TURBINE AT 350 METERS (1,148 FEET) COMPARED WITH PERCEPTION THESHOLDS

Low frequency sound is primarily generated by the generator and mechanical components. Much of the mechanical sound has been reduced in modern wind turbines through improved sound insulation at the hub. Low frequency sound can also be generated by the blades at higher wind speeds when the inflow air is very turbulent. However, at these wind speeds, low frequency sound from the wind turbine blades is often masked by wind sound at the downwind receptors.

Finally, low frequency sound is absorbed less by the atmosphere and ground than higher frequency sound. This is taken into account in our modeling by using frequency-specific ground attenuation and atmospheric absorption factors.

4.6 USE OF SOUND LEVEL WEIGHTING NETWORKS FOR WIND TURBINE SOUND

The human ear is not equally sensitive to sound pressure levels at all frequencies and magnitudes. Some frequencies, despite being the same decibel level (that is, magnitude), seem louder than others. For example, a 500 Hz tone at 80 dB will sound louder than a 63 Hz tone at

¹⁰ RSG, et al., "Massachusetts Study on Wind Turbine Acoustics," Massachusetts Clean Energy Center and Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, 2016 – Graphic from RSG presentation to MassDEP WNTAG, March, 2016

the same level. In addition, the relative loudness of these tones will change with magnitude. For example, the perceived difference in loudness between those two tones is less when both are at 110 dB than when they are at 40 dB.

To account for the difference in the perceived loudness of a sound by frequency and magnitude, acousticians apply frequency weightings to sound levels. The most common weighting scale used in environmental noise analysis is the "A-weighting", which represents the sensitivity of the human ear at lower sound pressure levels. The A-weighting is the most appropriate weighting when overall sound pressure levels are relatively low (up to about 70 dBA). The A-weighting deemphasizes sounds at lower and very high frequencies, since the human ear is insensitive to sound at these frequencies at low magnitude. The A-weighting is indicated by "dBA" or "dB(A)".

At higher sound pressure levels (greater than approximately 70 dBA), a different weighting must be used since human hearing sensitivity does not change as much with frequency. The "C-weighting" mimics the sensitivity of the human ear for these moderate to higher sound levels (greater than approximately 70 dBA, which is higher ground-based sound levels produced by wind power projects). C-weighted sound levels are indicated by "dBC" or "dB(C)".

The "Z-weighting" does not emphasize or de-emphasize sound at any frequency. "Z" weighted sound levels are sometimes labeled as "Flat" or "Linear". The difference is that the "Z-weighting" is defined as being unweighted in a specific range, whereas "Flat" or "Linear" indicate that no weighting has been used. Z-weighting or unweighted levels are typically used when reporting sound levels at individual octave bands.

The most appropriate weighting for wind turbine sound is A-weighting, for two reasons. The first is that sound pressure levels due to wind turbine sound are typically in the appropriate range for the A-weighting at typical receiver distances (50 dBA or less). The second is that various studies of wind turbine acoustics have shown that the potential effects of wind turbine noise on people are correlated with A-weighted sound level (i.e. Pedersen et al, 2008¹¹) as well as to the perceived loudness of wind turbine sound. 12,13 Other researchers found that 51% of the energy making up a C-weighted measurement of wind turbine sound is not audible. Thus, it is more difficult to relate the level of C-weighted sound to human perception. That is, two sounds may be perceived exactly alike, but there could be significant variations in the C-weighted sound level depending on the content of inaudible sound in each.6

¹¹ Pedersen, Eja and Waye, Kerstin. "Perception and annoyance due to wind turbine noise - a dose-response relation." Journal of the Acoustical Society of America. 116(6). pp. 3460-3470.

¹² Yokoyama S., et al. "Perception of low frequency components in wind turbine noise." Noise Control Engr. J. 62(5) 2014

¹³ Yokoyama et al. "Loudness evaluation of general environmental noise containing low frequency components." Proceedings of InterNoise2013, 2013

5.0 SOUND LEVEL MONITORING

5.1 MONITORING PROCEDURE

Background sound level monitoring was conducted from August 27 to September 5, 2019 throughout the Project area to quantify the existing sound levels, including the nighttime L_{50} , and to identify existing sources of sound. Monitoring locations were selected per the guidance provided in the Department of Commerce's "Guidance for Large Wind Energy Conversion System Noise Study Protocol and Report," July 2019. The guidance recommends a minimum of three locations within the Project area. For this Project there were a total of five onsite and two offsite monitor locations. The guidance also recommends that one monitor location be in proximity to the worst-case modeled receptor. Monitors 4 and 5 represent the worst-case modeled areas. A map of the all the monitor locations is provided in Figure 7, and each monitor location is described further in Section 5.2.

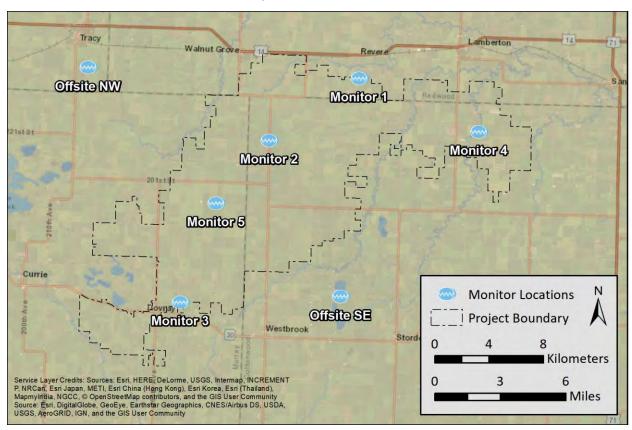


FIGURE 7: MAP OF BACKGROUND SOUND MONITOR LOCATIONS

Equipment

Background sound level monitoring was performed with ANSI/IEC Class 1 Cesva SC-310 and Svantek SV979 sound level meters. Each meter logged at a minimum A-weighted and 1/3 octave band equivalent continuous sound levels once per second for the entire measurement period. Sound level meter microphones were mounted on stakes at an approximate height of 1.5 meters (5 feet) and covered with 180 mm (7 inch) windscreens to minimize the impact of wind-caused distortion on measurements. Sound level meters were calibrated before and after the measurement period. Each Cesva was attached to a Roland external audio recorder, while the Svanteks recorded audio internally.

Each location had an ONSET anemometer logging wind data once per minute at a height of 1.5 meters (5 feet). The Offsite Northwest Monitor also logged temperature and relative humidity. Additional meteorological data was obtained from the ASOS station in Tracy, Minnesota (TKC). A list of the equipment used at each monitor location is provided in Table 3.

TABLE 6. GOOD MONTON OF LOW TO AND A TOTAL				
MONITOR LOCATION	SOUND LEVEL METER ¹⁴	1/3 OCTAVE BAND FREQUENCY RANGE	AUDIO RECORDER	WEATHER STATION
1	Cesva SC310	10 Hz - 20 kHz	Edirol	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed
2	Cesva SC310	10 Hz - 20 kHz	Edirol	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed
3	Cesva SC310	20 Hz - 10 kHz	Edirol	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed
4	Svantek SV979	3.15 Hz – 20 kHz	Internal	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed
5	Cesva SC310	10 Hz - 10 kHz	Edirol	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed
Offsite NW	Cesva SC310	10 Hz - 20 kHz	Edirol	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed
Offsite SW	Svantek SV979	3.15 Hz - 20 kHz	Internal	ONSET HOBO Wind Speed

TABLE 3: SOUND MONITOR SPECIFICATIONS BY SITE

Data Processing

Upon completion of the monitoring period, data was downloaded, processed, and summarized into 10-minute periods. An equivalent average (L_{EQ}) was calculated for A-, C-, and Z-weightings. For A- and C- weightings, the statistical sound levels L_{10} , L_{50} , and L_{90} were also calculated.

A second set of data was also generated with periods removed from the data that either contained anomalous sound events or periods during weather conditions that could lead to inaccurate sound level readings.

Periods that were removed from the sound level data included:

Wind speeds above 5 m/s (11 mph),

¹⁴ The frequency range for the Cesva SC-310 sound level meters is limited by the instrument and the range for the Svantek SV979 sound level meters is limited by the microphone.

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- Precipitation, and
- Personnel and animal interaction with equipment.

5.2 LOCATION DESCRIPTIONS

Monitor 1

Monitor 1 was located near the northern extent of the Project area in Redwood County, MN. It was approximately 60 meters (200 feet) south of 110th Street, and 710 meters (1,850 feet) west of Frontier Avenue in Revere, Minnesota. The monitor was situated between a cornfield and a row of spruce trees. A nearby residence with agricultural buildings was located west of the monitor, with the nearest building being the residence approximately 35 meters (115 feet) to the west. The location is approximately 1,670 meters (5,500 feet) south of US Route 14, a parallel railway, and the town of Revere. The surrounding area is largely agricultural with scattered rural residences.

A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 8, and a map indicating the monitor location within the surrounding area is displayed in Figure 9.



FIGURE 8: PHOTOGRAPH OF MONITOR 1, FACING EAST (9/3/2019)



FIGURE 9: AERIAL VIEW MONITOR 1

Monitor 2 was located centrally within the Project area in Walnut Grove, which is in Cottonwood County, MN. It was situated 25 meters (80 feet) south of 220th Street, and 43 meters (140 feet) west of County Road 7. The setup was fastened to a tree in the yard of a residence, approximately 25 meters (85 feet) from the house. While the broader area was predominantly agricultural, three residences with associated agricultural buildings and infrastructure were in the immediate vicinity of the monitor. A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 10, and a map of the monitor location is provided in Figure 11.



FIGURE 10: PHOTOGRAPH OF MONITOR 2, FACING NORTH (9/3/2019)

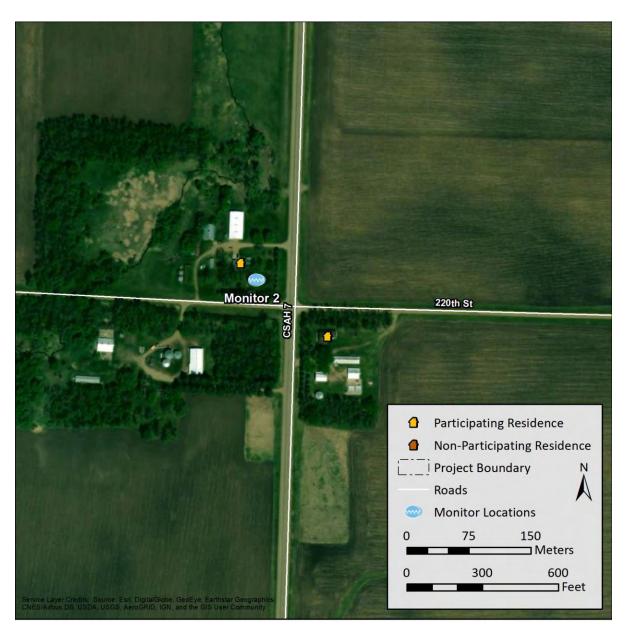


FIGURE 11: AERIAL VIEW OF MONITOR 2

Monitor 3 was placed in the southwest portion of the Project area in Murray County, MN. It was located 170 meters (550 feet) from 270th Avenue, and 775 meters (2,550 feet) north of 141st Street in Dorvay. This location is 6.9 kilometers (4.3 miles) northeast of the City of Westbrook. The Monitor was positioned along a tree line bordering an agricultural field to the east, which was under soybean production. A patch of woods separated the monitor from 270th Avenue. An agricultural operation and associated residence are situated approximately 120 meters (400 feet) to the southwest. A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 12, and a map of the monitor location is provided in Figure 13.



FIGURE 12: PHOTOGRAPH OF MONITOR 3, FACING NORTHEAST (9/3/2019)



FIGURE 13: AERIAL VIEW OF MONITOR 3

Monitor 4 was located in the northeastern section of the Project area in Cottonwood County, MN. The monitor was set up in a mowed field at a homestead situated next to a stream and riparian area. The monitor was placed 300 meters (1000 feet) north of 215th Street and 750 meters (2500 feet) west of 420th Avenue (Country Road 54). A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 14, and a map of the monitor location is shown in Figure 15.



FIGURE 14: PHOTOGRAPH OF MONITOR 4, FACING NORTHEAST (2019-09-03)



FIGURE 15: AERIAL PHOTO OF MONITOR 4

Monitor 5 was located on a parcel bordered by agricultural fields under active corn production in Murray County, MN. During the monitoring period, the home on the parcel was not inhabited, but a horse was fenced into the homestead area. The monitor was located at the rear of the homestead, about 100 meters (330 feet) from 191st Street and 600 meters west of 290th Avenue (County Road 45). A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 16, and a map of the monitor location is shown in Figure 17. Note that the crop line has since moved to the south from what is shown in Figure 17 (aerial imagery from 2015).



FIGURE 16: PHOTOGRAPH OF MONITOR 5, FACING EAST (9/3/2019)



FIGURE 17: AERIAL PHOTO OF MONITOR 5

Northwest Offsite Monitor

The Northwest Offsite Monitor location was the Tracy Community Cemetery in Tracy, MN, which is located in Lyon County. The sound monitor was placed 120 meters (400 feet) east of 340th Avenue (County Road 73) and 170 meters (560 feet) north of 110th Street. This location is 1.8 kilometers (1.1 miles) south of the rail line and the town of Tracy and is surrounded by agricultural fields. The monitor was over 10 kilometers (6.2 miles) from the nearest proposed turbine location. A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 18, and a map of the monitoring location is shown in Figure 19.



FIGURE 18: PHOTOGRAPH OF THE NORTHWEST OFFSITE MONITOR LOCATION (9/3/2019)

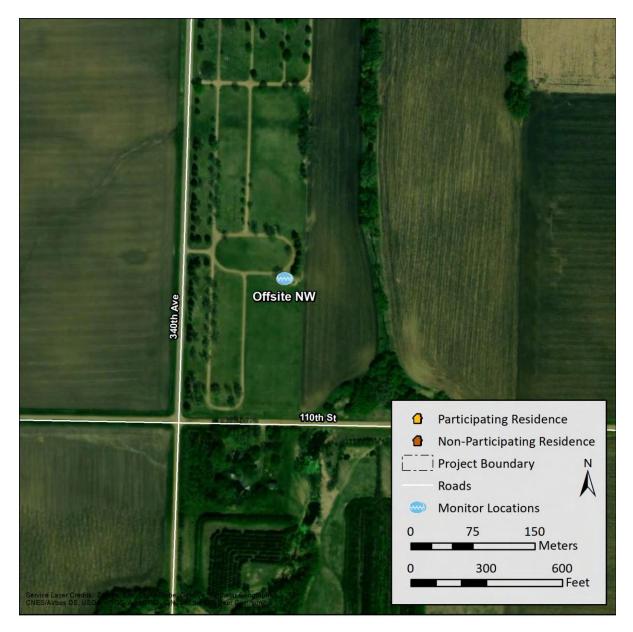


FIGURE 19: AERIAL PHOTO OF NORTHWEST OFFSITE MONITOR

Southeast Offsite Monitor

The Southeast Offsite Monitor was located on a homestead site with various outbuildings to the southeast of the proposed project area in Cottonwood County, MN. The monitor was placed 35 meters (115 feet) south of 290th Street and 620 meters (2040 feet) east of 350th Avenue. This location is about 250 meters (820 feet) south of Bean Lake. Additionally, the Jeffers Wind Energy Center (JWEC) in Cottonwood County, MN was operating to the east of the monitoring location. The closest JWEC turbine to the monitor was 7.5 kilometers (4.7 miles) away. The monitor was approximately 5.7 kilometers (3.5 miles) from the nearest proposed Project turbine location. A photograph of the monitor setup is shown in Figure 20, and a map of the monitor area is shown in Figure 21.



FIGURE 20: PHOTOGRAPH OF THE SOUTHEAST OFFSITE MONITORING LOCATION, FACING SOUTHEAST (9/3/2019)

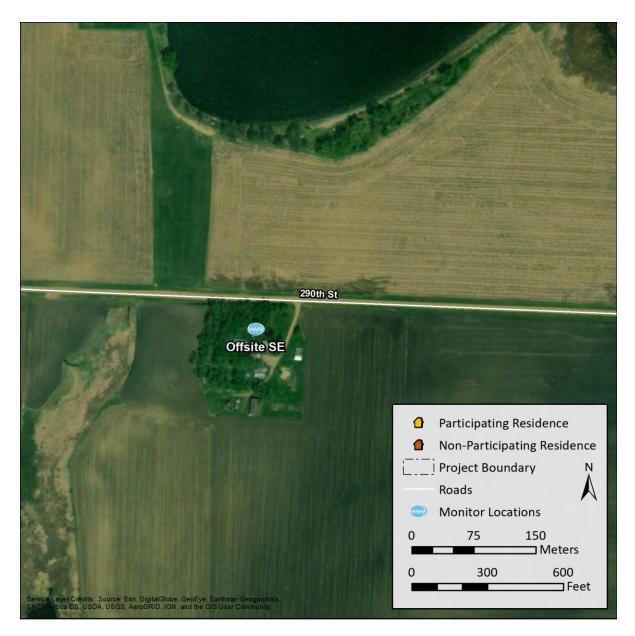


FIGURE 21: AERIAL VIEW OF SOUTHEAST OFFSITE MONITOR

5.3 SOUND LEVEL MONITORING RESULTS

For each monitor site, sound level monitoring results are presented in a single chart in this report section. Each chart contains hourly sound levels, gust wind speed measured adjacent to each microphone, "hub height" average wind speed, precipitation events, and indications of data exclusions in conformance with LWECS Guidance. Points on the sound level graph represent data summarized for a single one-hour interval. The top portion of the chart displays A-weighted sound levels, the middle portion presents C-weighted levels, and the bottom portion shows wind speeds and times when there were data exclusions. All portions of the chart exhibit day/night shading: night is defined as 22:00 to 07:00 and is shaded in grey.

The specific sound level metrics reported are L_{EQ} , L_{90} , L_{50} , and L_{10} . Equivalent continuous sound levels (L_{EQ}) are the energy-average level over one hour. Tenth-percentile sound levels (L_{90}) are the statistical value above which 90% of the sound levels occurred during one hour. Fiftieth-percentile sound levels (L_{50}) represent the median sound level of that one-hour period. Ninetieth-percentile sound levels (L_{10}) are the statistical value above which 10% of the sound levels occurred during one hour. Data that were excluded from processing (e.g., due to high wind and rain periods) are included in the graphs but shown in lighter colors. Furthermore, rectangular markers on the lower portion of the chart indicate periods for which data was excluded and designate if the period was eliminated as a result of rain, wind gusts over 11 mph, or anomalous events.

Sound level data and wind gust data presented in the charts are those measured at each corresponding site. Wind data from the monitoring location, measured at the microphone height of 1.5 meters (5 feet), are presented as the maximum gust speed occurring at any time over a 10-minute interval; they are not averaged. The average 10-minute wind speed measured at the project met-tower closest to the monitoring location is also displayed on the chart.

Lastly, one-third octave band statistical sound level results are also presented for periods when a representative wind speed (10 m/s) existed at a representative hub height of 105 meters (344 feet). This condition reflects wind conditions that would result in turbines producing maximum sound power. Only periods with this representative wind speed were used for the unweighted statistical one-third octave band metrics in the figures, providing a baseline for direct comparison with post-construction measurements. Each vertical orange and grey bar shows the Lower 10^{th} , median, and Upper 10^{th} percentile (L_{90} , L_{50} , and L_{10}) sound level for a single 1/3 octave band. The top of the orange bar is the Upper 10^{th} percentile sound pressure level (L_{10}), the white dot is the median (L_{50}), and the bottom of the grey bar is the lower 10^{th} percentile sound level (L_{90}). The entire length of the bar indicates the middle 80^{th} percentile of sound pressure levels. The blue dots indicate the equivalent average sound pressure level (L_{EQ}) for that 1/3 octave band. At the far right of the chart are the A-, C-, and Z-weighted overall levels.

Results Summary

Meteorology

Wind speed was collected at all monitor locations by Onset anemometers mounted at 1.5 meters. Other meteorological data was obtained from the Tracy, Minnesota airport (TKC). This data showed that temperatures during the monitoring period ranged from 10° C (50° F) to 28° C (82° F).

A summary of 1.5-meter (5-foot) wind speeds for each monitoring location is shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4: SUMMARY OF MEASURED 1.5 METER (5-FOOT) WIND SPEEDS

	Measured 1.5-meter Wind (mph)								
Location	10-min \	Wind Speed	10-min Gust Speed						
	Average	Maximum	Average	Maximum					
Onsite 1	1.4	12.4	4.1	18.6					
Onsite 2	0.8	4.8	3.5	13.0					
Onsite 3	0.6	7.2	2.3	13.5					
Onsite 4	0.3	2.7	1.9	9.6					
Onsite 5	1.6	8.4	5.3	19.1					
Offsite NW	3.7	11.8	7.7	20.8					
Offsite SE	0.6	5.9	2.5	12.4					

Exclusion Periods

Periods of data were excluded from each monitor by automated processing and manual identification. Manual processing consisted of analyzing the spectrogram created from one-second 1/3 octave band data, verifying noise appropriate for exclusion with the assistance of audio recordings, and excluding it from the data set. Automated processing was performed to eliminate gust speeds in excess of 11 mph recorded at a monitoring location. Rain periods were identified from weather station data and verified in the spectrogram and with audio recordings.

A summary of each location's monitor runtime and exclusion statistics for rain, wind, and anomalies are shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5: SUMMARY OF EXCLUSION PERIODS AT EACH MONITOR

	Run-	Exclusion Statistics								
Location	Time	Rai	in	w	ind	Anom	alies	Tot	al	
	(hr)	(hr)	(%)	(hr)	(%)	(hr)	(%)	(hr)	(%)	
Onsite 1	210	4.3	2.1	8.2	3.9	5.6	2.7	16.7	8.0	
Onsite 2	211	2.3	1.1	0.2	0.1	7.0	3.3	9.5	4.5	
Onsite 3	213	3.8	1.8	0.7	0.3	1.1	0.5	5.2	2.4	
Onsite 4	213	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.7 ¹⁵	8.3	17.7	8.3	
Onsite 5	212	3.3	1.6	13.9	6.6	0.5	0.2	17.5	8.3	
Offsite NW	208	2.0	1.0	28.4	13.7	0.2	0.1	29.0	13.9	
Offsite SE	215	2.8	1.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	3.0	1.4	

Overall Sound Levels

The A-weighted sound level summary levels are listed in Table 6, and the C-weighted summary levels are listed in Table 7. As shown in Table 6, the average nighttime L50 across all the onsite monitors was 42 dBA. The nighttime A-weighted sound levels shown in Table 6 were notably affected by biogenic sounds, primarily insects. At times during the year, the biogenic sound would not be present. To account for this, high frequency tonal sounds such as insect sounds can be filtered out of the dataset using an ANS weighting ¹⁶. ANS weighting is the same as A-weighting accept that it simply discounts sound levels above the 1 kHz 1/1 octave band, the frequency range in which the biogenic sounds occur. To represent the background sound levels in the area for times when biogenic sounds are not a major source of sound, such as late fall through early spring, Table 8 provides the ANS-weighted sound levels. Comparing the nighttime sound levels in Table 8 with those shown in Table 6, shows that the background sound levels would generally be at least 10 dB less when nighttime biogenic sounds are not present. This is helpful in understanding seasonal variations in background sound levels. The average nighttime ANS-weighted L50 across all the onsite monitors was 25 dBA (see Table 8).

¹⁵ Monitor 4 had more anomaly exclusions than the other monitors due to extended periods of mowing in close proximity to the monitor and a social event/celebration held at the property where monitoring was taking place.

¹⁶ ANSI S12.100, "Methods to Define and Measure the Residual Sound in Protected Natural and Quiet Residential Areas"

TABLE 6: PRECONSTRUCTION MONITORING SUMMARY (A-WEIGHTED RESULTS)

		Sound Levels (dBA)										
Location	Overall				D	ay			Ni	ght		
	\mathbf{L}_{eq}	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀	Leq	L ₉₀	L 50	L ₁₀	Leq	L ₉₀	L 50	L ₁₀
Onsite 1	43	36	41	45	44	38	42	46	40	34	39	43
Onsite 2	50	42	46	51	51	41	45	52	48	42	46	50
Onsite 3	42	32	38	46	42	31	37	46	42	35	39	47
Onsite 4	52	34	43	53	52	34	42	55	51	34	43	51
Onsite 5	43	38	42	46	43	38	41	45	44	37	43	47
Onsite Average	46	36	42	48	46	36	41	49	45	36	42	48
Offsite NW	44	38	43	46	45	38	43	47	44	37	44	46
Offsite SE	46	37	45	49	46	36	43	49	47	41	46	49

TABLE 7: PRECONSTRUCTION MONITORING SUMMARY (C-WEIGHTED RESULTS)

							•					
		Sound Levels (dBC)										
Location	Overall				D	ay			Ni	ght		
	L_{eq}	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀	Leq	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀	Leq	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀
Onsite 1	52	40	45	52	53	41	47	53	51	40	42	43
Onsite 2	56	43	46	55	58	43	48	58	51	43	46	50
Onsite 3	48	39	43	51	49	39	44	52	44	39	42	47
Onsite 4	60	40	46	60	59	41	48	63	60	38	44	51
Onsite 5	53	41	45	51	55	42	45	53	48	40	44	47
Onsite Average	54	40	45	54	55	41	46	56	51	40	44	48
Offsite NW	54	43	47	54	55	43	47	56	50	43	46	46
Offsite SE	50	42	46	53	51	42	46	53	48	44	46	49

TABLE 8: PRECONSTRUCTION MONITORING SUMMARY (ANS-WEIGHTED RESULTS¹⁷)

	Sound Levels (ANS-Weighted)											
Location		Ove	erall			D	ay			Ni	ght	
	L_{eq}	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀	Leq	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀	L _{eq}	L ₉₀	L ₅₀	L ₁₀
Onsite 1	40	17	31	43	41	22	36	44	33	15	23	35
Onsite 2	47	19	32	46	49	22	35	49	41	16	26	39
Onsite 3	40	20	30	43	41	22	32	45	31	17	26	34
Onsite 4	51	21	33	52	52	24	38	55	50	19	27	44
Onsite 5	35	18	26	36	37	21	28	39	28	16	23	32
Onsite Average	42	19	30	44	44	22	34	46	37	17	25	37
Offsite NW	37	20	30	39	38	23	31	41	33	17	29	37
Offsite SE	40	21	30	43	41	22	33	45	34	19	26	36

Monitor 1

Monitor 1 was acoustically characterized by insect sounds, vehicle traffic, aircraft overflights, and distant dog barking. A radio playing at the residence could often be detected during daytime hours. This was not excluded, as the contribution to sound levels was insignificant, and it did not play at night. Exclusions at this site were made for idling vehicles adjacent to the monitor, lawn mowing, wind, and rain periods.

The location had one of the lowest nighttime sound levels on an A-weighted L_{50} basis, at 39 dBA. This was likely due to the nearby road being used infrequently, as well as little sound originating at the nearby residence. Time-history monitoring results for Monitor 1 are provided Figure 22.

¹⁷ Sound levels were only ANS-weighted for periods when high frequency tonal sounds were present.

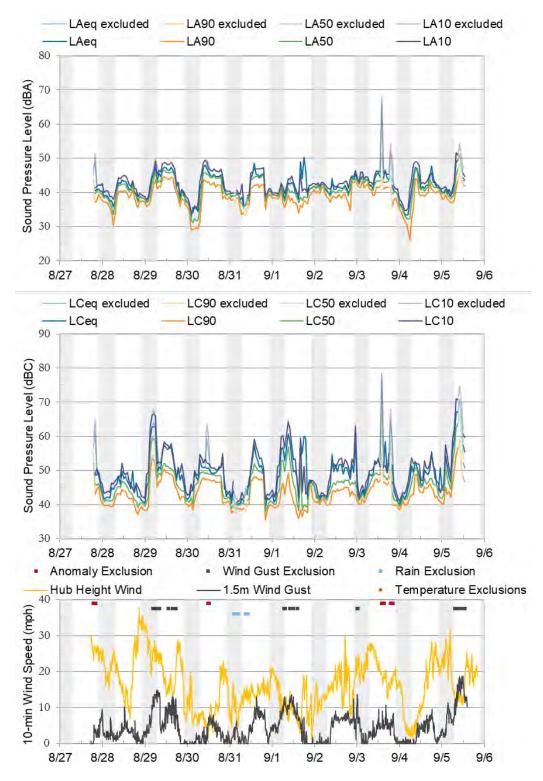


FIGURE 22: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT MONITOR 1

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Monitor 2

Monitor 2 was situated near the intersection of two roads, and thus experienced a notable amount of traffic noise compared to the other monitor locations. Biogenic sound from insects and birds was present throughout the monitoring. Other sources included aircraft overflights and distant agricultural operations. Data exclusions were made for lawn mowing and nearby agricultural activities.

The site had the highest (along with Offsite Southeast) nighttime L₅₀ of any location monitored, at 46 dBA. This may have been due to stronger nighttime insect sound at this location than other locations. Time-history monitoring results for Monitor 2 are provided Figure 23.

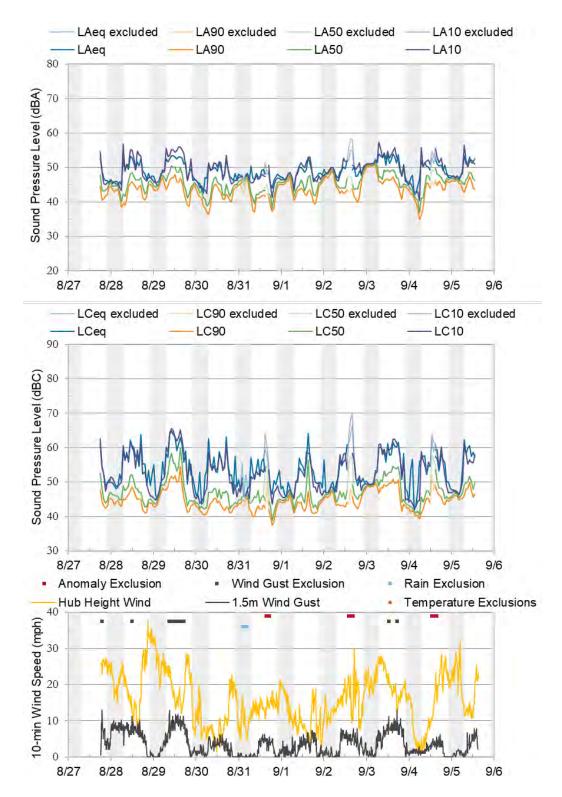


FIGURE 23: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT MONITOR 2

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Monitor 3

Monitor 3 was adjacent to a soybean field, with a wooded area on the other side, and not especially close to the road or residence. The soundscape at this location was primarily biogenic, with bird and insect sound being the dominant source. Other sources included aircraft overlfights and distant equipment noise. Wind exclusions were few at this location due in part to shielding from the wooded area. The only anomalous exclusion (other than setup and pickup of the equipment) was the presence of an ATV near the monitor on 8/30/2019 for less than an hour.

Monitor 3 (along with Monitor 1) had the lowest nighttime L_{50} , at 39 dBA. It also had the lowest L_{eq} of any location for overall, day and night at 42 dBA for each metric, indicating the site was not subject to a strong diurnal pattern. Time-history monitoring results for Monitor 3 are provided Figure 24.

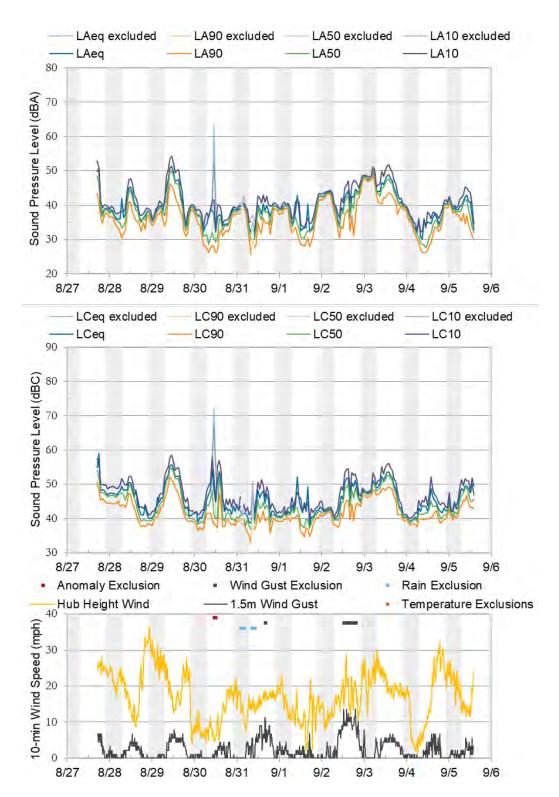


FIGURE 24: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT MONITOR 3

Monitor 4

Monitor 4 was in the yard section of a homestead. Though vacant much of the time, the location was host to social event/celebration in the general vicinity of the monitor for a period of time on August 29 and periodically throughout the monitoring period. While close activity warranted exclusion, activity further away was retained, as it represented a significant portion of the monitoring period. Other contributors of sound at the location included biogenic sources and aircraft overflights. Because of the sheltered nature of the site, there were no wind exclusions. The location did have the greatest amount of anomalous exclusions (8.3%) as a result of the anthropogenic activity near the monitor.

The nighttime L_{50} at the location was 43 dBA, which was greater than the daytime level, likely because of the recreational activities taking place some evenings.

Monitor 4 represents one of the worst-case areas projected by the pre-construction sound propagation model, so the statistical spectral levels for a representative wind speed (10 m/s) at a representative hub height (105 meters) are presented in Figure 25. The higher sound levels in the 4,000 and 5,000 Hz bands are due to biogenic sounds. Time-history monitoring results for Monitor 4 are provided Figure 26.

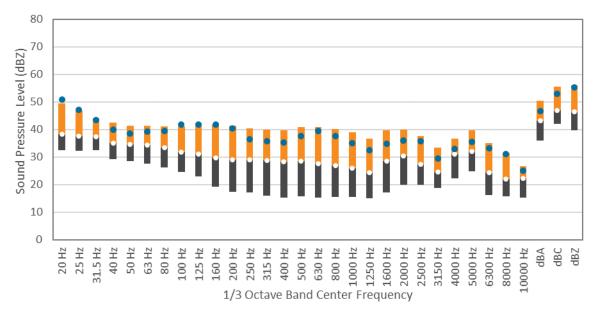


FIGURE 25: 1/3 OCTAVE BAND AND OVERALL STATISTICAL SOUND LEVELS AT MONITOR 4 (FOR PERIODS WITH 10 m/s WIND SPEED AT 105-METER (345-FOOT) HEIGHT)

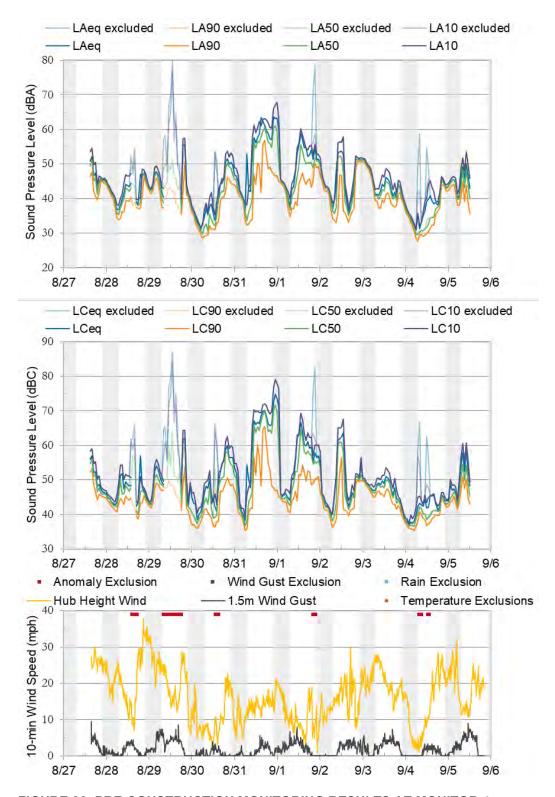


FIGURE 26: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT MONITOR 4

Monitor 5

Monitor 5 was located between a horse pasture and a corn field. Sound at this location was characterized by biogenic sources, as it was not located near an active residence or a busy roadway. Insect and bird sounds were dominant sources. Aircraft overflights were apparent in the spectrograms. Anomalous exclusions were made at the site due to animals interacting with the microphone, namely birds and deer. The nighttime L50 at this location was 43 dBA.

Monitor 5 represents one of the worst-case areas projected by the pre-construction sound propagation model, so the statistical spectral levels for a representative wind speed (10 m/s) at a representative hub height (105 meters) are presented in Figure 27. The higher sound levels in the 4,000 and 5,000 Hz bands are due to biogenic sounds. Time-history monitoring results for Monitor 5 are provided Figure 28.

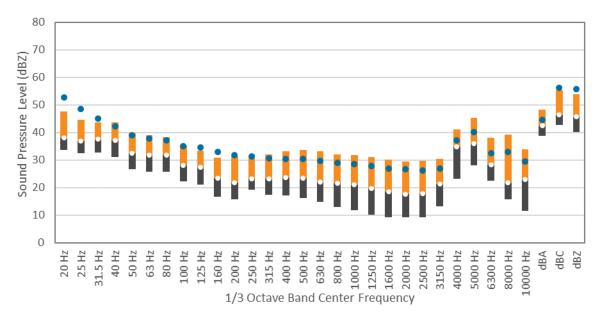


FIGURE 27: 1/3 OCTAVE BAND AND OVERALL STATISTICAL SOUND LEVELS AT MONITOR 5 (FOR PERIODS WITH 10 m/s WIND SPEED AT 105-METER (345-FOOT) HEIGHT)

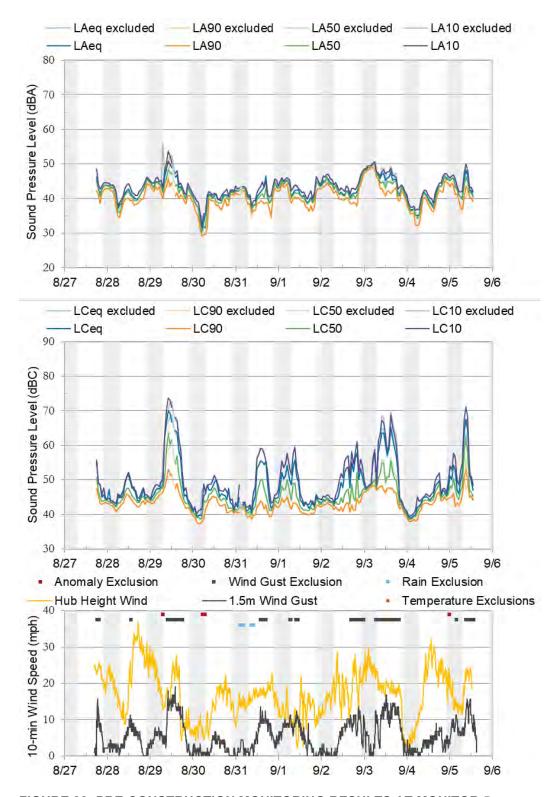


FIGURE 28: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT MONITOR 5

Northwest Offsite Monitor

The Northwest Offsite Monitor was situated on the periphery of a cemetery. The location was fairly open, and this site had the greatest amount of wind exclusions, with 13.7% of time excluded due to wind. The average wind speed was nearly 2 m/s greater than the next highest site. The sound sources at this site were biogenic sounds, aircraft overflights, distant trains, and periodic activity in the cemetery. Additionally, wind-induced sound was a factor (when not great enough to warrant exclusion). The nighttime L_{50} at this location was 44 dBA, 2 dB greater than the average onsite nighttime L_{50} .

Statistical spectral levels for a representative wind speed (10 m/s) at a representative hub height (105 meters) are presented in Figure 30. The higher sound levels in the 4,000 and 5,000 Hz bands are due to biogenic sounds. Time-history monitoring results for the Northwest Offsite Monitor are provided Figure 30.

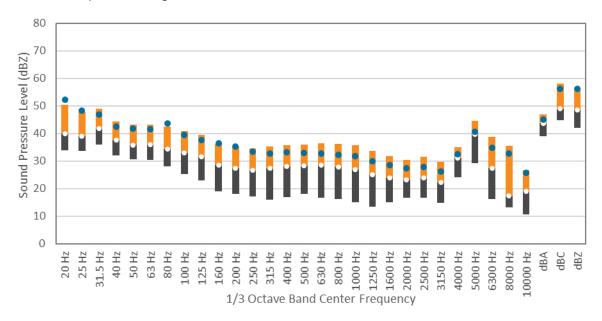


FIGURE 29: 1/3 OCTAVE BAND AND OVERALL STATISTICAL SOUND LEVELS AT THE NORTHWEST OFFSITE MONITOR (FOR PERIODS WITH 10 m/s WIND SPEED AT 105-METER (345-FOOT) HEIGHT)

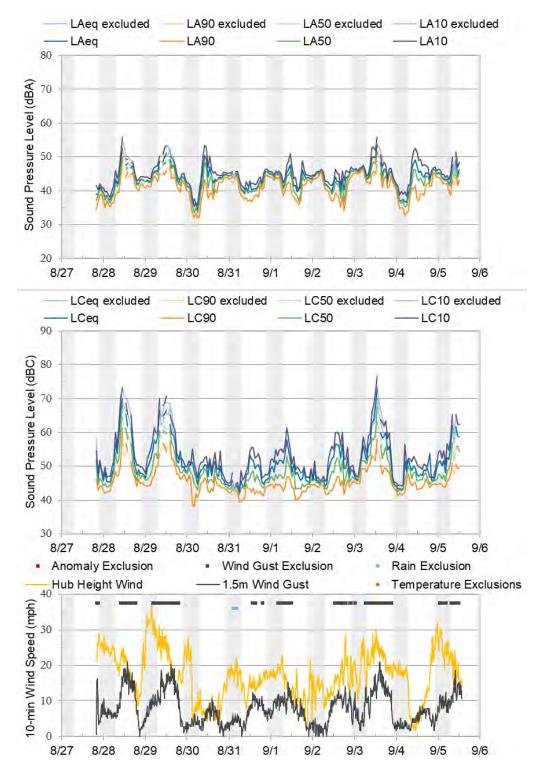


FIGURE 30: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT THE NORTHWEST OFFSITE MONITOR

Southeast Offsite Monitor

The Southeast Offsite Monitor was in the yard of a residence surrounded by trees. Due to the sheltered nature of the site, there were very few windy periods to exclude from this location. Sound at this location was driven by biogenic sound, including a dog at the residence barking occasionally. Other sources included occasional car passes, aircraft overflight, and stationary mechanical equipment, likely HVAC, at the residence periodically cycling on and off. The nighttime L_{50} at this location was 46 dBA, 4 dB greater than the average onsite nighttime L_{50} .

Statistical spectral levels for a representative wind speed (10 m/s) at a representative hub height (105 meters) are presented in Figure 31. The higher sound levels in the 4,000 and 5,000 Hz bands are due to biogenic sounds. Time-history monitoring results for the Southeast Offsite Monitor are provided Figure 32.

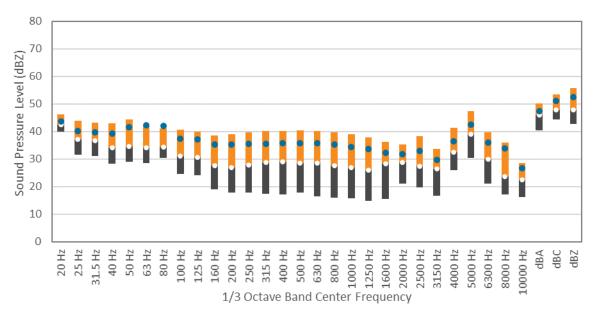


FIGURE 31: 1/3 OCTAVE BAND AND OVERALL STATISTICAL SOUND LEVELS AT THE SOUTHEAST OFFSITE MONITOR (FOR PERIODS WITH 10 M/S WIND SPEED AT 105-METER (345-FOOT) HEIGHT)

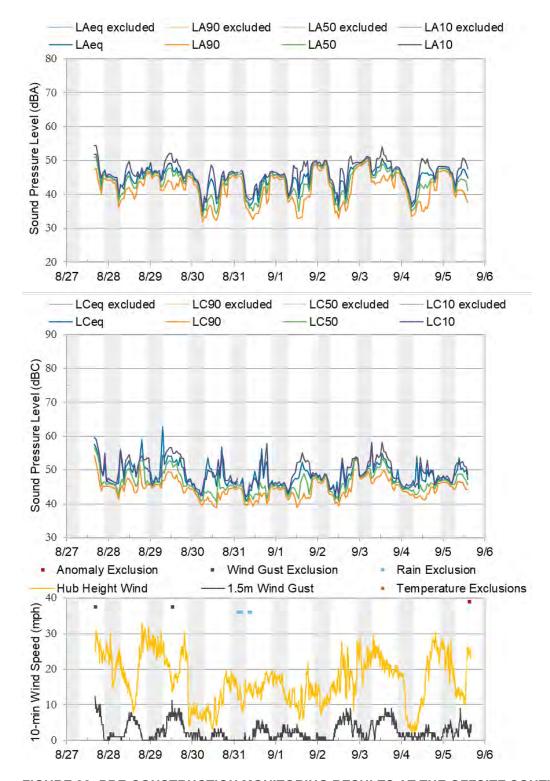


FIGURE 32: PRE-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING RESULTS AT THE OFFSITE SOUTHEAST MONITOR

6.0 SOUND PROPAGATION MODELING

6.1 MODELING PROCEDURE

Modeling for the Project was in accordance with the standard ISO 9613-2, "Acoustics – Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors, Part 2: General Method of Calculation." The ISO standard states,

This part of ISO 9613 specifies an engineering method for calculating the attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors in order to predict the levels of environmental noise at a distance from a variety of sources. The method predicts the equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level ... under meteorological conditions favorable to propagation from sources of known sound emissions. These conditions are for downwind propagation ... or, equivalently, propagation under a well-developed moderate ground-based temperature inversion, such as commonly occurs at night.

The model takes into account source sound power levels, surface reflection and absorption, atmospheric absorption, geometric divergence, meteorological conditions, walls, barriers, berms, and terrain. The acoustical modeling software used here was CadnaA, from Datakustik GmbH. CadnaA is a widely accepted acoustical propagation modeling tool, used by many noise control professionals in the United States and internationally.

ISO 9613-2 also assumes downwind sound propagation between every source and every receiver, consequently, all wind directions, including the prevailing wind directions, are taken into account.

Model input parameters are listed in Appendix B including the modeled sound power spectra for each turbine model. Each turbine model under consideration has sound mitigation built into the turbine in the form of serrated trailing edges on the Vestas turbines (STE) or low-noise trailing edges (LNTE) on the GE turbines. The sound powers used in the model and detailed in Appendix B include this mitigation technology. In addition some of the turbines in each layout use noise reduced operations which is detailed in Appendix B.

For this analysis, we utilized a ground absorption factor of G=0.7, which is appropriate for comparing modeled results to the L_{50} metric used in the state standard, particularly when summing model results with the monitored L_{50} levels¹⁸. A 2-dB uncertainty factor was added to the turbine sound power per typical manufacturer warranty confidence interval specifications.

¹⁸ Generally accepted wind turbine modeling procedure calls for a ground absorption factor of G = 0.5, with a 2 dB uncertainty factor added to the manufacturer's guaranteed levels, to predict a maximum $L_{EQ(1-hr)}$. In this case, the state limit utilizes an L_{50} metric instead of maximum $L_{EQ(1-hr)}$, which means a ground factor of G=0.7 can be used.

Two distinct receiver heights are included in the analysis; different receiver heights result in different sound levels as a result of source proximity and relative exposure. Residences are modeled as discrete receivers at 4 meters (13 feet) above ground level. A total of 461 residences were modeled throughout and around the Project area. The grid, represented in the results maps by sound pressure level contours, is calculated at a height of 1.5 meters (5 feet), to represent one's average listening height when standing outside. The sound pressure level contours represent turbine-only sound levels.

A search distance up to 10,000 meters (6.2 miles) allows for the contributions of distant turbines to be considered at receivers. The contribution of distant turbines will depend on the geometry and geography of the Project.

6.2 MODELING RESULTS

Overall A-weighted Model Results

A summary of the sound propagation model results is presented in Table 9. For each turbine model, results are presented as turbine-only sound levels from the sound propagation model, and total sound levels, which is a calculation summing (logarithmically)¹⁹ the modeled turbine-only sound levels to the average monitored nighttime background L_{50} across all monitor locations. The highest modeled turbine-only sound level (L_{50}) at a non-participating residence is 44 dBA for the GE-127, and the average sound level (L_{50}) across all non-participating residences is 28 to 33 dBA depending on which turbine model is selected. The highest modeled turbine-only sound level at a participating residence is 46 dBA for the GE-127 and the V150, and the average sound level (L_{50}) across all participating residences is 35 to 40 dBA depending on which turbine model is selected. For all turbine models, when added with the average monitored nighttime background L_{50} across all monitor locations, 42 dBA in Table 6, the total sound level is less than 50 dBA.

Maps of model results for each turbine model are shown in Figure 33 through 35. Results are presented as contour lines representing 5-dB increments of calculated A-weighted sound pressure levels. Appendix C provides a list of the calculated sound pressure levels at each receiver in tabular format and a map showing all receiver identification numbers for reference in the appendix table.

$$^{\rm 19}\,L_{p1,2} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left(10^{L_{p1}/_{\rm 10}} + 10^{L_{p2}/_{\rm 10}}\right)$$

Geronimo Energy, A National Grid Company

TABLE 9: MODEL RESULTS SUMMARY (dBA)

RESIDENCE CLASSIFICATION TURBINE STATISTICAL **NOISE SOURCE Non-Participating** ΑII **Participating MODEL** L₅₀ METRIC Residences Residences Residences 40 33 Avg 35 Turbine-Only Noise Max 46 46 44 Min 19 23 19 GE-127 **Total Sound** Avg 43 44 43 (Background + 47 47 46 Max Turbine) Min 42 42 42 29 31 36 Avg Turbine-Only Noise Max 46 46 41 13 20 13 Min V150 **Total Sound** Avg 42 43 42 48 48 (Background + 44 Max Turbine) Min 42 42 42 35 28 Avg 30 Turbine-Only Noise Max 45 45 40 19 12 12 Min V162 **Total Sound** Avg 42 43 42 (Background + 47 47 44 Max Turbine) Min 42 42 42

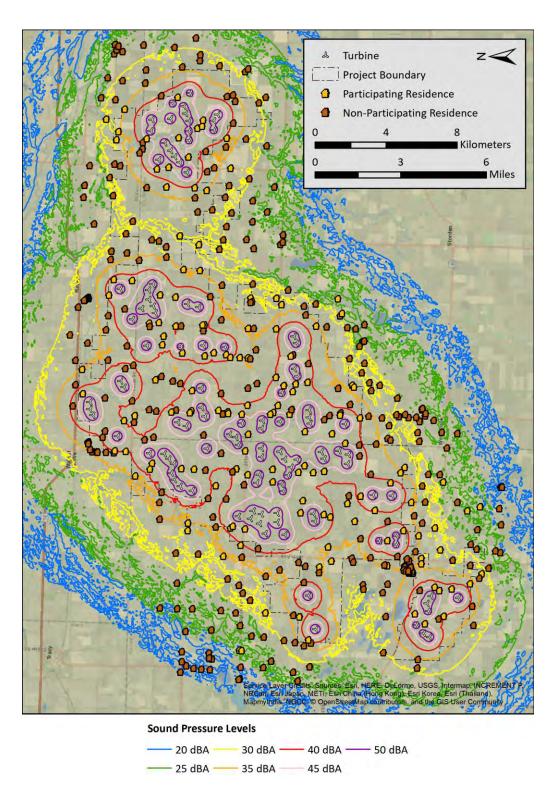


FIGURE 33: SOUND PROPAGATION MODEL RESULTS (TURBINE-ONLY SOUND LEVEL) - GE 2.8-127 $\,$

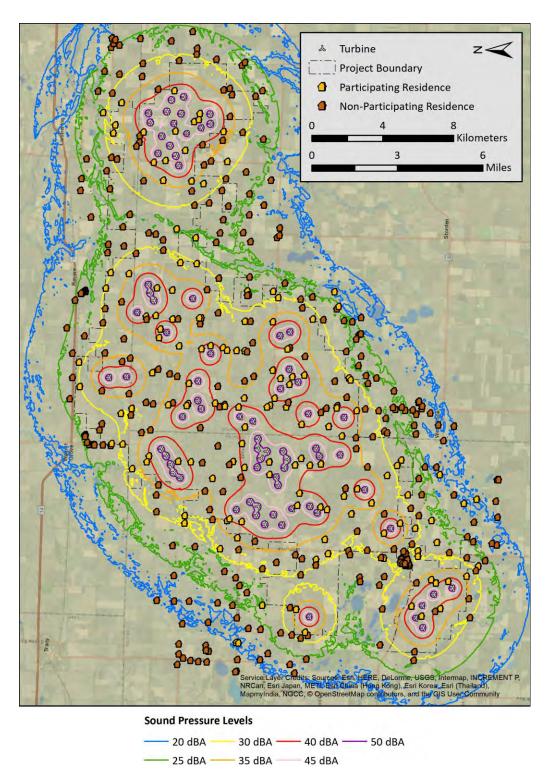


FIGURE 34: SOUND PROPAGATION MODEL RESULTS (TURBINE-ONLY SOUND LEVEL) - VESTAS V150

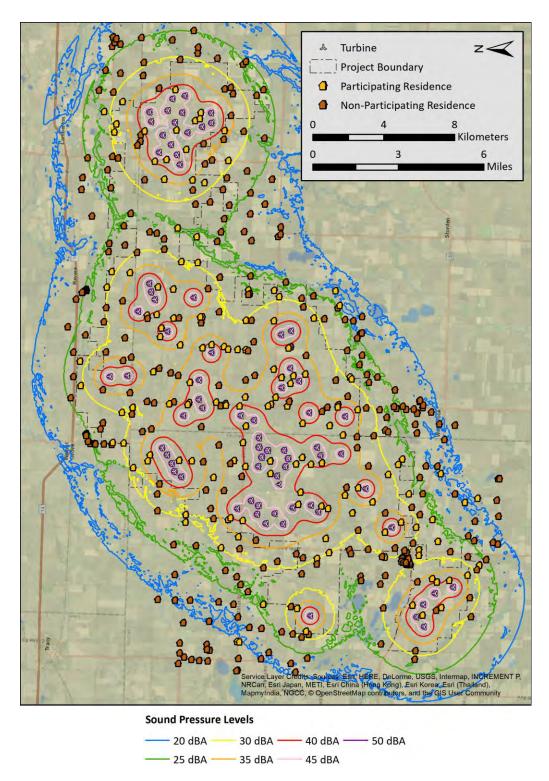


FIGURE 35: SOUND PROPAGATION MODEL RESULTS (TURBINE-ONLY SOUND LEVEL) - VESTAS V162

Model Results Added to Background

To assess compliance with state noise regulations, the model results must be summed with the monitored nighttime results to determine the projected cumulative sound level that could occur when the Project is operating. An analysis of this is presented in Table 10 for each monitor location. As shown in the table, the model results summed with the overall nighttime for each background monitor location are less than 50 dBA.

TABLE 10: MODEL RESULTS (dBA) SUMMED WITH MONITORED BACKGROUND SOUND LEVELS (L₅₀, dBA)

CCENADIO	METRIC					
SCENARIO	METRIC	Monitor 1	Monitor 2	Monitor 3	Monitor 4	Monitor 5
Background	Overall Nighttime	39	46	39	43	43
Monitor	Maximum 1-hr Nighttime	46	51	50	61 ²⁰	50
Results	Minimum 1-hr Nighttime	31	37	31	30	30
	Modeled Sound Level	41	44	42	44	44
GE-127	Summed with Overall Nighttime	43	48	44	47	47
	Modeled Sound Level	28	40	38	43	43
V150	Summed with Overall Nighttime	39	47	41	46	46
	Modeled Sound Level	27	39	37	43	43
V162	Summed with Overall Nighttime	39	47	41	46	46

The background does and will vary from hour to hour, as shown in the monitor results in Section 5.3. The average overall nighttime L_{50} across all monitor sites was 42 dBA (see Table 6), but there were some nighttime hours during the monitoring period when the L_{50} was above 45 dBA and as high as 61 dBA²⁰. Thus, in Appendix C, the model results are summed with a range of potential background values ranging from 35 dBA to 50 dBA in 5 dB increments.

²⁰ The 61 dBA nighttime L50 was due to a social event/celebration occurring at the property where the monitoring was taking place.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS

Plum Creek Wind Farm is a proposed wind power generation facility in Cottonwood, Murray, and Redwood Counties. The Project will include up to 110 turbines for a project rating of up to 414 MW. For the SPA, RSG performed a preliminary noise compliance assessment of the Project based on the preliminary turbine layout.

Conclusions of the assessment are as follows:

- 1. Background sound levels vary around the Project site during the day and night. The overall nighttime L_{50} across the Project area ranged from 39 dBA at Monitors 1 and 3 to 46 dBA at Monitor 2. The average overall nighttime L_{50} across the site was 42 dBA. During the day, the overall L50 across the Project area ranged from 37 at Monitor 3 to 45 at Monitor 2 with an average overall daytime L_{50} of 41 dBA.
- 2. Minimum 1-hour nighttime L₅₀s were between 30 and 37 dBA across the Project area, while maximum 1-hour nighttime L₅₀s were between 46 and 61 dBA.
- 3. Elevated background sound levels at night were due primarily to biogenic sources such as insect sounds. When weighted to exclude insect sounds as discussed in Section 5.3, nighttime sound levels (L_{50}) are generally at least 10 dB lower.
- 4. State noise regulations require that wind power generation facilities show compliance with a nighttime limit of 50 dBA (L_{50}) and a daytime limit of 60 dBA (L_{50}) at residences.
- Sound propagation modeling was performed in accordance with ISO 9613-2 at a total of 461 discrete receivers with spectral ground attenuation and a ground factor of G=0.7.
 These modeling parameters are meant to represent the L₅₀ of the proposed facility.
- 6. Modeling was completed for three turbine models and two potential layouts. The GE 2.8-127 with a hub height of 89 meters was modeled with a layout of 110 turbines. The Vestas V150 and V162, with hub heights of 105 and 125 meters respectively, were each modeled with an 74 turbine layout.
- 7. Projected turbine-only sound levels from the Project are less than 50 dBA at all residences with the highest projected sound level (L₅₀) at a non-participating residence of 44 dBA. The average turbine-only sound level (L₅₀) across all modeled residences is 30 to 35 dBA depending on which turbine model is selected.
- 8. When added to the average overall nighttime L_{50} across the monitored sites, sound levels remain below 50 dBA, but the background L_{50} does and will vary from hour to hour, as shown in the monitor results.

APPENDIX A. ACOUSTICS PRIMER

Expressing Sound in Decibel Levels

The varying air pressure that constitutes sound can be characterized in many different ways. The human ear is the basis for the metrics that are used in acoustics. Normal human hearing is sensitive to sound fluctuations over an enormous range of pressures, from about 20 micropascals (the "threshold of audibility") to about 20 pascals (the "threshold of pain").²¹ This factor of one million in sound pressure difference is challenging to convey in engineering units. Instead, sound pressure is converted to sound "levels" in units of "decibels" (dB, named after Alexander Graham Bell). Once a measured sound is converted to dB, it is denoted as a level with the letter "L".

The conversion from sound pressure in pascals to sound level in dB is a four-step process. First, the sound wave's measured amplitude is squared and the mean is taken. Second, a ratio is taken between the mean square sound pressure and the square of the threshold of audibility (20 micropascals). Third, using the logarithm function, the ratio is converted to factors of 10. The final result is multiplied by 10 to give the decibel level. By this decibel scale, sound levels range from 0 dB at the threshold of audibility to 120 dB at the threshold of pain.

Typical sound sources, and their sound pressure levels, are listed on the scale in Figure 36.

Human Response to Sound Levels: Apparent Loudness

For every 20 dB increase in sound level, the sound pressure increases by a *factor* of 10; the sound *level* range from 0 dB to 120 dB covers 6 factors of 10, or one million, in sound *pressure*. However, for an increase of 10 dB in sound *level* as measured by a meter, humans perceive an approximate doubling of apparent loudness: to the human ear, a sound level of 70 dB sounds about "twice as loud" as a sound level of 60 dB. Smaller changes in sound level, less than 3 dB up or down, are generally not perceptible.

²¹ The pascal is a measure of pressure in the metric system. In Imperial units, they are themselves very small: one pascal is only 145 millionths of a pound per square inch (psi). The sound pressure at the threshold of audibility is only 3 one-billionths of one psi: at the threshold of pain, it is about 3 one-thousandths of one psi.

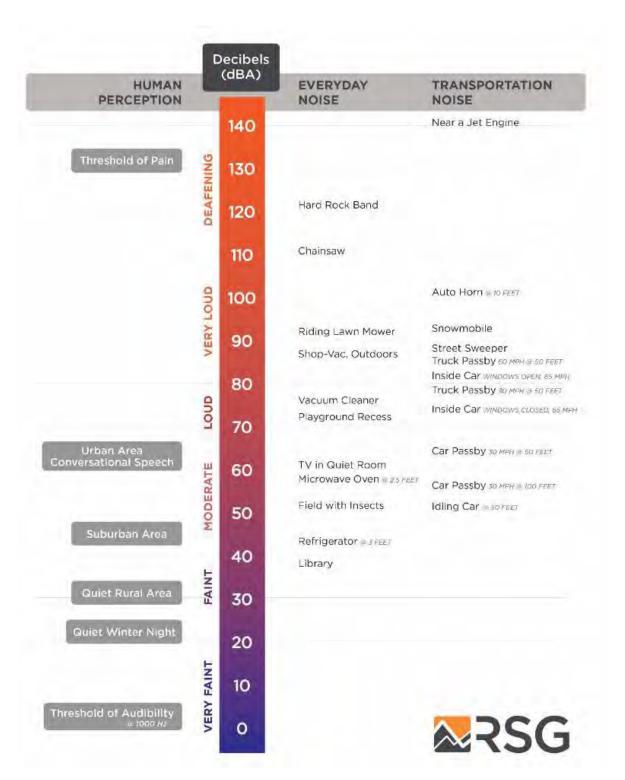


FIGURE 36: A SCALE OF SOUND PRESSURE LEVELS FOR TYPICAL SOUND SOURCES

Frequency Spectrum of Sound

The "frequency" of a sound is the rate at which it fluctuates in time, expressed in Hertz (Hz), or cycles per second. Very few sounds occur at only one frequency: most sound contains energy at many different frequencies, and it can be broken down into different frequency divisions, or bands. These bands are similar to musical pitches, from low tones to high tones. The most common division is the standard octave band. An octave is the range of frequencies whose upper frequency limit is twice its lower frequency limit, exactly like an octave in music. An octave band is identified by its center frequency: each successive band's center frequency is twice as high (one octave) as the previous band. For example, the 500 Hz octave band includes all sound whose frequencies range between 354 Hz (Hertz, or cycles per second) and 707 Hz. The next band is centered at 1,000 Hz with a range between 707 Hz and 1,414 Hz. The range of human hearing is divided into 10 standard octave bands: 31.5 Hz, 63 Hz, 125 Hz, 250 Hz, 500 Hz, 1,000 Hz, 2,000 Hz, 4,000 Hz, 8,000 Hz, and 16,000 Hz. For analyses that require finer frequency detail, each octave-band can be subdivided. A commonly-used subdivision creates three smaller bands within each octave band, or so-called 1/3-octave bands.

Human Response to Frequency: Weighting of Sound Levels

The human ear is not equally sensitive to sounds of all frequencies. Sounds at some frequencies seem louder than others, despite having the same decibel level as measured by a sound level meter. In particular, human hearing is much more sensitive to medium pitches (from about 500 Hz to about 4,000 Hz) than to very low or very high pitches. For example, a tone measuring 80 dB at 500 Hz (a medium pitch) sounds quite a bit louder than a tone measuring 80 dB at 60 Hz (a very low pitch). The frequency response of normal human hearing ranges from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz. Below 20 Hz, sound pressure fluctuations are not "heard", but sometimes can be "felt". This is known as "infrasound". Likewise, above 20,000 Hz, sound can no longer be heard by humans; this is known as "ultrasound". As humans age, they tend to lose the ability to hear higher frequencies first; many adults do not hear very well above about 16,000 Hz. Most natural and man-made sound occurs in the range from about 40 Hz to about 4,000 Hz. Some insects and birdsongs reach to about 8,000 Hz.

To adjust measured sound pressure levels so that they mimic human hearing response, sound level meters apply filters, known as "frequency weightings", to the signals. There are several defined weighting scales, including "A", "B", "C", "D", "G", and "Z". The most common weighting scale used in environmental noise analysis and regulation is A-weighting. This weighting represents the sensitivity of the human ear to sounds of low to moderate level. It attenuates sounds with frequencies below 1000 Hz and above 4000 Hz; it amplifies very slightly sounds between 1000 Hz and 4000 Hz, where the human ear is particularly sensitive. The C-weighting scale is sometimes used to describe louder sounds. The B- and D- scales are seldom used. All of these frequency weighting scales are normalized to the average human hearing response at

1000 Hz: at this frequency, the filters neither attenuate nor amplify. G-weighting is a standardized weighting used to evaluate infrasound.

When a reported sound level has been filtered using a frequency weighting, the letter is appended to "dB". For example, sound with A-weighting is usually denoted "dBA". When no filtering is applied, the level is denoted "dB" or "dBZ". The letter is also appended as a subscript to the level indicator "L", for example " L_A " for A-weighted levels.

Time Response of Sound Level Meters

Because sound levels can vary greatly from one moment to the next, the time over which sound is measured can influence the value of the levels reported. Often, sound is measured in real time, as it fluctuates. In this case, acousticians apply a so-called "time response" to the sound level meter, and this time response is often part of regulations for measuring sound. If the sound level is varying slowly, over a few seconds, "Slow" time response is applied, with a time constant of one second. If the sound level is varying quickly (for example, if brief events are mixed into the overall sound), "Fast" time response can be applied, with a time constant of one-eighth of a second.²² The time response setting for a sound level measurement is indicated with the subscript "S" for Slow and "F" for Fast: L_S or L_F. A sound level meter set to Fast time response will indicate higher sound levels than one set to Slow time response when brief events are mixed into the overall sound, because it can respond more quickly.

In some cases, the maximum sound level that can be generated by a source is of concern. Likewise, the minimum sound level occurring during a monitoring period may be required. To measure these, the sound level meter can be set to capture and hold the highest and lowest levels measured during a given monitoring period. This is represented by the subscript "max", denoted as " L_{max} ". One can define a "max" level with Fast response L_{Fmax} (1/8-second time constant), Slow time response L_{Smax} (1-second time constant), or Continuous Equivalent level over a specified time period L_{EQmax} .

Accounting for Changes in Sound Over Time

A sound level meter's time response settings are useful for continuous monitoring. However, they are less useful in summarizing sound levels over longer periods. To do so, acousticians apply simple statistics to the measured sound levels, resulting in a set of defined types of sound level related to averages over time. An example is shown in Figure 37. The sound level at each instant of time is the grey trace going from left to right. Over the total time it was measured (1 hour in the figure), the sound energy spends certain fractions of time near various levels, ranging from the minimum (about 27 dB in the figure) to the maximum (about 65 dB in the

²² There is a third time response defined by standards, the "Impulse" response. This response was defined to enable use of older, analog meters when measuring very brief sounds; it is no longer in common use.

figure). The simplest descriptor is the average sound level, known as the Equivalent Continuous Sound Level. Statistical levels are used to determine for what percentage of time the sound is louder than any given level. These levels are described in the following sections.

Equivalent Continuous Sound Level - Leq

One straightforward, common way of describing sound levels is in terms of the Continuous Equivalent Sound Level, or L_{EQ} . The L_{EQ} is the average sound pressure level over a defined period of time, such as one hour or one day. L_{EQ} is the most commonly used descriptor in noise standards and regulations. L_{EQ} is representative of the overall sound to which a person is exposed. Because of the logarithmic calculation of decibels, L_{EQ} tends to favor higher sound levels: loud and infrequent sources have a larger impact on the resulting average sound level than quieter but more frequent sounds. For example, in Figure 37, even though the sound levels spends most of the time near about 34 dBA, the L_{EQ} is 41 dBA, having been "inflated" by the maximum level of 65 dBA and other occasional spikes over the course of the hour.

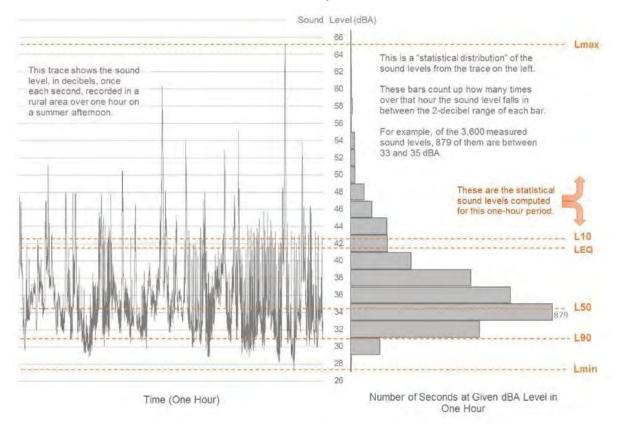


FIGURE 37: EXAMPLE OF DESCRIPTIVE TERMS OF SOUND MEASUREMENT OVER TIME

Percentile Sound Levels - Ln

Percentile sound levels describe the statistical distribution of sound levels over time. " L_N " is the level above which the sound spends "N" percent of the time. For example, L_{90} (sometimes called the "residual base level") is the sound level exceeded 90% of the time: the sound is louder than L_{90} most of the time. L_{10} is the sound level that is exceeded only 10% of the time. (the "median level") is exceeded 50% of the time: half of the time the sound is louder than , and half the time it is quieter than . Note that (median) and L_{EQ} (mean) are not always the same, for reasons described in the previous section.

 L_{90} is often a good representation of the "ambient sound" in an area. This is the sound that persists for longer periods, and below which the overall sound level seldom falls. It tends to filter out other short-term environmental sounds that aren't part of the source being investigated. L_{10} represents the higher, but less frequent, sound levels. These could include such events as barking dogs, vehicles driving by and aircraft flying overhead, gusts of wind, and work operations. L_{90} represents the background sound that is present when these event sounds are excluded.

Note that if one sound source is very constant and dominates the soundscape in an area, all of the descriptive sound levels mentioned here tend toward the same value. It is when the sound is varying widely from one moment to the next that the statistical descriptors are useful.

APPENDIX B. MODEL INPUT DATA

TABLE 11: SOUND PROPAGATION MODELING PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	SETTING		
Ground Absorption	Spectral for all sources, Mixed Ground (G=0.7)		
Atmospheric	Based on 10 Degrees Celsius, 70% Relative Humidity		
Attenuation	based of 10 begrees ceisius, 70% Relative Humbling		
Reflections	None		
Receiver Height	4 meters for residences, 1.5 meters for grid		
Search Distance	10,000 meters		

[NONPUBLIC DATA HAS BEEN EXCISED...

TABLE 12: TURBINE HUB HEIGHT AND 1/1 OCTAVE BAND MODELED TURBINE SPECTRA (dBZ UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

Table 12 EXCISED due to proprietary information. The sound power level of the turbines are considered trade secret information and may be provided only under a proper protective agreement. The modeled sound power levels in Table 13 below are also excised in this document version.

TABLE 13: MODELED TURBINE SOUND POWER LEVELS & LOCATIONS²³

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT	COORDINATES (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		
		WODE	(dBA)	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)	
1	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	294206	4878187	
2	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	294309	4879744	
3	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	291992	4879824	
4	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	293452	4879902	
5	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	293899	4879983	
6	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	292197	4880172	
7	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	292670	4880565	
8	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	297710	4881687	
9	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	297205	4881698	
10	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	299967	4881931	
11	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	297421	4882665	
	·		·				

²³ Maps showing the locations of the turbines by Turbine ID are provided after this Table.

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT	COORDINATES (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		
		WODE	(dBA)	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)	
12	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300001	4883012	
13	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	301760	4884454	
14	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302286	4884402	
15	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304008	4884591	
16	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302490	4884929	
17	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302442	4885940	
18	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302059	4885779	
19	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	292438	4886250	
20	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298527	4886302	
21	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298942	4886381	
22	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304030	4886559	
23	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304380	4886623	
24	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304796	4886629	
25	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	306691	4887275	
26	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302001	4887296	
27	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	308564	4887333	
28	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	301579	4887648	
29	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	308950	4887482	
30	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	297758	4887988	
31	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	301118	4887810	
32	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302023	4887997	
33	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	305764	4888158	
34	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300613	4888169	
35	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304144	4888256	
36	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302448	4888267	
37	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298481	4888418	
38	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298989	4888424	
39	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	297825	4889102	
40	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304206	4889239	
41	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	303755	4889291	
42	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302638	4889301	
43	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302148	4889310	
44	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298929	4889330	
45	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298400	4889419	
46	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	301144	4889431	

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT		DINATES D 83 Z15N)
טו		WODE	(dBA)	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)
47	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300696	4889571
48	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	299109	4889782
49	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298671	4889933
50	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304053	4890414
51	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302829	4890615
52	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	298812	4890618
53	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	303263	4890753
54	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	303446	4891096
55	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	308345	4891366
56	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321452	4891781
57	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	320590	4891989
58	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321118	4892011
59	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304932	4892686
60	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302622	4892384
61	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	306024	4892697
62	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304438	4892499
63	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	308440	4892591
64	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	310601	4892843
65	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300254	4893222
66	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	320004	4893378
67	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	322674	4893334
68	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321101	4893392
69	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	320522	4893406
70	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	310772	4893485
71	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	318194	4893502
72	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	303903	4893565
73	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321514	4893593
74	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321922	4893686
75	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	308374	4893866
76	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300499	4893901
77	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	318754	4893924
78	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304103	4894030
79	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	319075	4894215
80	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300871	4894226
81	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	301771	4894258

Record R	TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT		DINATES D 83 Z15N)
83 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 301243 4894398 84 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319415 4894442 85 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321229 4894445 86 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302036 4894538 87 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319856 4894754 88 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302324 4894795 89 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 31650 4895425 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 31650 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895427 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 316617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4899063 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 109 GE 2.8-127			WODE	_	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)
84 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319415 4894442 85 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321229 4894445 86 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302036 4894538 87 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319856 4894754 88 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 318913 4895121 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311650 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895427 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 48956629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310524 4895665 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 31651 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 8	82	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	322090	4894312
85 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321229 4894445 86 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302036 4894538 87 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319856 4894754 88 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302324 4894795 89 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 318913 4895121 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 48956529 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	83	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	301243	4894398
86 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302036 4894538 87 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319856 4894754 88 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302324 4894795 89 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 318913 4895121 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 3106084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	84	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	319415	4894442
87 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 319856 4894754 88 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302324 4894795 89 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 318913 4895121 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310650 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895427 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4895665 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 3106084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	85	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321229	4894445
88 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302324 4894795 89 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 318913 4895121 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310650 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895427 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 48987273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	86	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302036	4894538
89 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 318913 4895121 90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310650 4895425 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895427 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895427 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 30584 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304404 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304447 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE <	87	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	319856	4894754
90 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 93 311898 93 321164 94 4895452 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 98 310519 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 304504 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 305249 99 898991 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 305447 9899903 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 306435 9895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 30744 9896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 99 308426	88	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302324	4894795
91 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311898 4895427 92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	89	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	318913	4895121
92 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 321164 4895492 93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 30323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	90	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	310650	4895425
93 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 320541 4895555 94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 489826 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	91	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	311898	4895427
94 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 302359 4895629 95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 489826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 30447 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	92	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	321164	4895492
95 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311023 4895665 96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 489826 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 48977581 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 30323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE	93	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	320541	4895555
96 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311568 4895675 97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 12	94	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	302359	4895629
97 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310519 4896063 98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 30323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 30323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125	95	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	311023	4895665
98 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306084 4897062 99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303223 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125	96	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	311568	4895675
99 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 311617 4897273 100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 </td <td>97</td> <td>GE 2.8-127 LNTE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>89</td> <td>310519</td> <td>4896063</td>	97	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	310519	4896063
100 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304504 4898826 101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	98	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	306084	4897062
101 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 305249 4898991 102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	99	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	311617	4897273
102 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 304847 4899003 103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	100	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304504	4898826
103 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 310266 4895304 104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	101	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	305249	4898991
104 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 309912 4896596 105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	102	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	304847	4899003
105 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 308426 4895781 106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	103	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	310266	4895304
106 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 306435 4897256 107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	104	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	309912	4896596
107 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 307114 4887446 108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	105	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	308426	4895781
108 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 303323 4897429 109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	106	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	306435	4897256
109 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 294330 4886670 110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	107	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	307114	4887446
110 GE 2.8-127 LNTE 89 300224 4888077 1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	108	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	303323	4897429
1 V162 STE 125 294318 4878345 2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	109	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	294330	4886670
2 V162 STE 125 293968 4879379 3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	110	GE 2.8-127 LNTE			89	300224	4888077
3 V162 STE 125 292079 4879996 4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	1	V162 STE			125	294318	4878345
4 V162 STE 125 293336 4880040 5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	2	V162 STE			125	293968	4879379
5 V162 STE 125 292634 4880420	3	V162 STE			125	292079	4879996
	4	V162 STE			125	293336	4880040
6 V162 STE 125 297697 4881809	5	V162 STE			125	292634	4880420
	6	V162 STE			125	297697	4881809

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT	COORDINATES (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		
		WODE	(dBA)	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)	
7	V162 STE			125	299875	4883282	
8	V162 STE			125	303967	4884442	
10	V162 STE			125	301855	4884664	
11	V162 STE			125	302221	4886032	
12	V162 STE			125	301756	4885826	
13	V162 STE			125	298571	4885956	
14	V162 STE			125	298942	4886381	
15	V162 STE			125	292699	4886411	
16	V162 STE			125	304173	4886468	
18	V162 STE			125	305963	4887034	
19	V162 STE			125	298812	4887402	
20	V162 STE			125	308797	4887495	
21	V162 STE			125	306687	4887547	
22	V162 STE			125	301587	4887647	
23	V162 STE			125	301118	4887810	
24	V162 STE			125	302061	4887879	
25	V162 STE			125	297882	4887951	
26	V162 STE			125	305588	4888029	
27	V162 STE			125	308584	4888064	
28	V162 STE			125	300604	4888284	
29	V162 STE			125	298478	4888421	
30	V162 STE			125	302045	4888801	
31	V162 STE			125	297918	4888929	
32	V162 STE			125	301658	4889155	
33	V162 STE			125	302762	4889305	
34	V162 STE			125	302229	4889315	
35	V162 STE			125	298929	4889330	
36	V162 STE			125	301137	4889348	
37	V162 STE			125	298430	4889416	
38	V162 STE			125	303753	4889605	
40	V162 STE			125	299202	4889759	
41	V162 STE			125	304015	4890343	
42	V162 STE			125	298751	4890532	
44	V162 STE			125	307570	4891973	
45	V162 STE			125	320544	4891990	

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT	COORDINATES (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		
		WODE	(dBA)	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)	
46	V162 STE			125	321118	4892011	
47	V162 STE			125	306024	4892697	
48	V162 STE			125	304443	4892500	
49	V162 STE			125	320324	4892526	
50	V162 STE			125	304932	4892707	
52	V162 STE			125	310680	4892993	
54	V162 STE			125	320003	4893338	
55	V162 STE			125	322082	4893495	
56	V162 STE			125	304008	4893576	
57	V162 STE			125	321134	4893642	
59	V162 STE			125	300549	4893692	
60	V162 STE			125	318189	4893775	
61	V162 STE			125	318746	4893941	
63	V162 STE			125	300843	4894091	
64	V162 STE			125	320571	4894059	
65	V162 STE			125	321911	4894192	
66	V162 STE			125	301310	4894232	
67	V162 STE			125	319321	4894272	
68	V162 STE			125	321252	4894462	
69	V162 STE			125	308765	4894469	
70	V162 STE			125	301789	4894495	
71	V162 STE			125	319860	4894745	
72	V162 STE			125	302188	4894781	
73	V162 STE			125	318882	4894958	
74	V162 STE			125	320619	4895388	
75	V162 STE			125	310556	4895181	
77	V162 STE			125	310995	4895399	
78	V162 STE			125	321164	4895492	
79	V162 STE			125	311479	4895505	
80	V162 STE			125	309903	4896130	
81	V162 STE			125	306266	4896745	
82	V162 STE			125	306220	4897736	
83	V162 STE			125	300133	4888168	
1	V150 STE			105	294318	4878345	
2	V150 STE			105	293968	4879379	

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT	COORDINATES (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		
ID.		WOOL	(dBA)	(m)	X (m)	Y (m)	
3	V150 STE			105	292079	4879996	
4	V150 STE			105	293336	4880040	
5	V150 STE			105	292634	4880420	
6	V150 STE			105	297697	4881809	
7	V150 STE			105	299875	4883282	
8	V150 STE			105	303967	4884442	
10	V150 STE			105	301855	4884664	
11	V150 STE			105	302221	4886032	
12	V150 STE			105	301756	4885826	
13	V150 STE			105	298571	4885956	
14	V150 STE			105	298942	4886381	
15	V150 STE			105	292699	4886411	
16	V150 STE			105	304173	4886468	
18	V150 STE			105	305963	4887034	
19	V150 STE			105	298812	4887402	
20	V150 STE			105	308797	4887495	
21	V150 STE			105	306687	4887547	
22	V150 STE			105	301587	4887647	
23	V150 STE			105	301118	4887810	
24	V150 STE			105	302061	4887879	
25	V150 STE			105	297882	4887951	
26	V150 STE			105	305588	4888029	
27	V150 STE			105	308584	4888064	
28	V150 STE			105	300604	4888284	
29	V150 STE			105	298478	4888421	
30	V150 STE			105	302045	4888801	
31	V150 STE			105	297918	4888929	
32	V150 STE			105	301658	4889155	
33	V150 STE			105	302762	4889305	
34	V150 STE			105	302229	4889315	
35	V150 STE			105	298929	4889330	
36	V150 STE			105	301137	4889348	
37	V150 STE			105	298430	4889416	
38	V150 STE			105	303753	4889605	
40	V150 STE			105	299202	4889759	

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL	HUB HEIGHT (m)		DINATES D 83 Z15N) Y (m)
	\450 CT5		(dBA)			
41	V150 STE			105	304015	4890343
42	V150 STE			105	298751	4890532
44	V150 STE			105	307570	4891973
45	V150 STE			105	320544	4891990
46	V150 STE			105	321118	4892011
47	V150 STE			105	306024	4892697
48	V150 STE			105	304443	4892500
49	V150 STE			105	320324	4892526
50	V150 STE			105	304932	4892707
52	V150 STE			105	310680	4892993
54	V150 STE			105	320003	4893338
55	V150 STE			105	322082	4893495
56	V150 STE			105	304008	4893576
57	V150 STE			105	321134	4893642
59	V150 STE			105	300549	4893692
60	V150 STE			105	318189	4893775
61	V150 STE			105	318746	4893941
63	V150 STE			105	300843	4894091
64	V150 STE			105	320571	4894059
65	V150 STE			105	321911	4894192
66	V150 STE			105	301310	4894232
67	V150 STE			105	319321	4894272
68	V150 STE			105	321252	4894462
69	V150 STE			105	308765	4894469
70	V150 STE			105	301789	4894495
71	V150 STE			105	319860	4894745
72	V150 STE			105	302188	4894781
73	V150 STE			105	318882	4894958
74	V150 STE			105	320619	4895388
75	V150 STE			105	310556	4895181
77	V150 STE			105	310995	4895399
78	V150 STE			105	321164	4895492
79	V150 STE			105	311479	4895505
80	V150 STE			105	309903	4896130
81	V150 STE			105	306266	4896745

TURBINE ID	TURBINE	NRO MODE	MODELED SOUND POWER LEVEL (dBA)	HUB HEIGHT (m)		DINATES D 83 Z15N) Y (m)
82	V150 STE			105	306220	4897736
83	V150 STE			105	300133	4888168

...NONPUBLIC DATA HAS BEEN EXCISED]

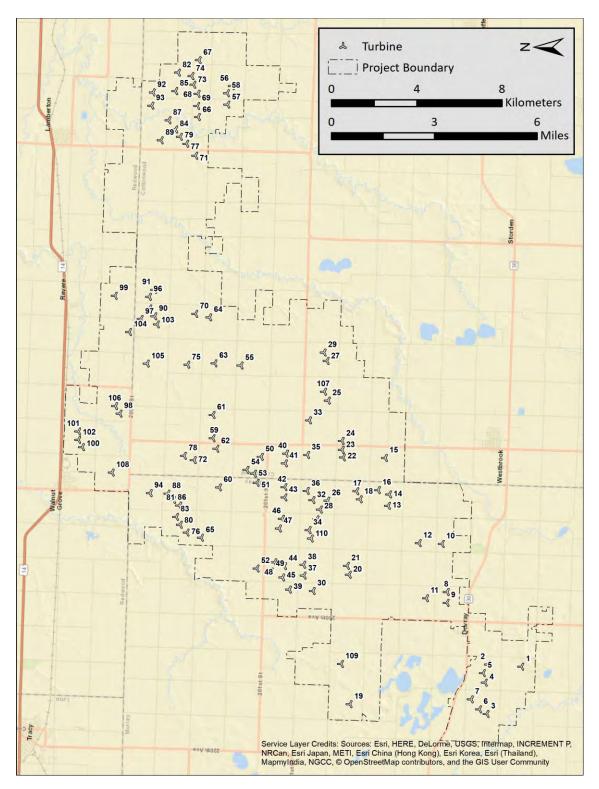
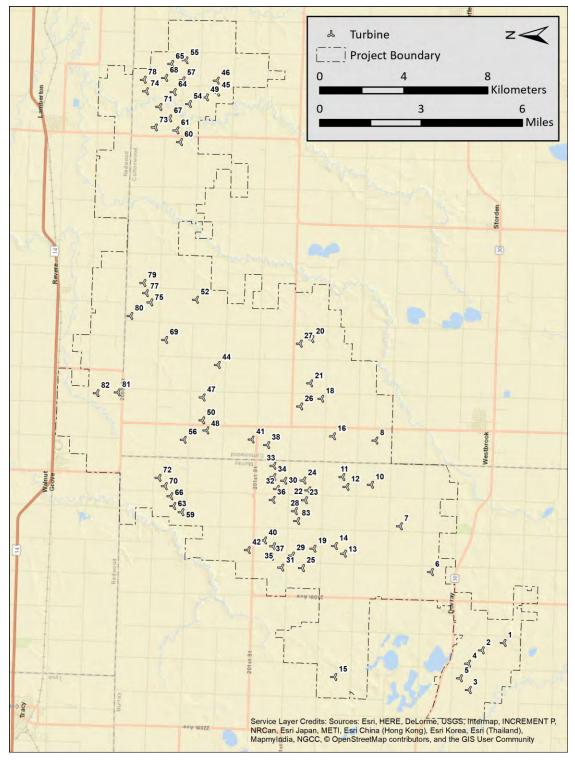


FIGURE 38: MAP OF MODELED TURBINE LOCATIONS BY TURBINE ID FOR THE GE LAYOUT



APPENDIX C. RECEIVER INFORMATION

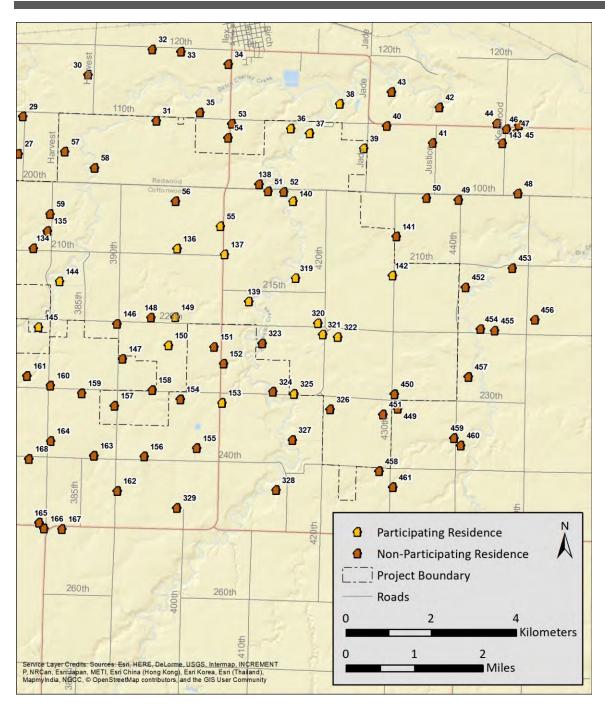


FIGURE 40: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - NORTHEAST AREA

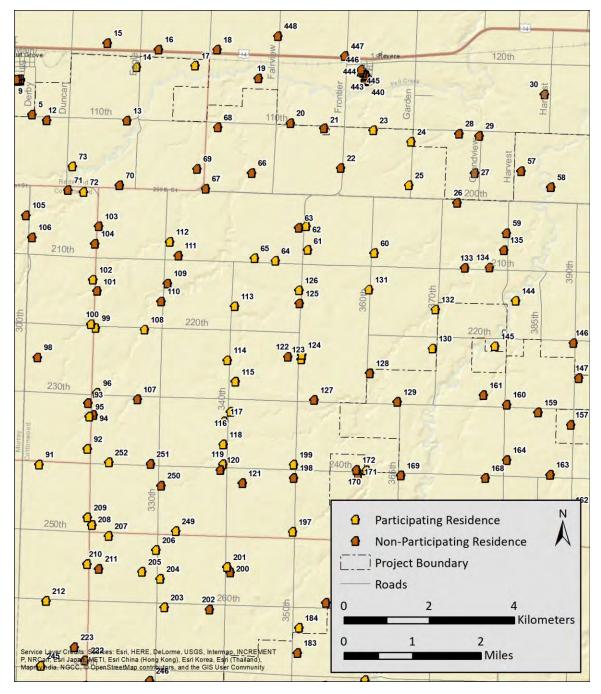


FIGURE 41: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - NORTH-CENTRAL AREA

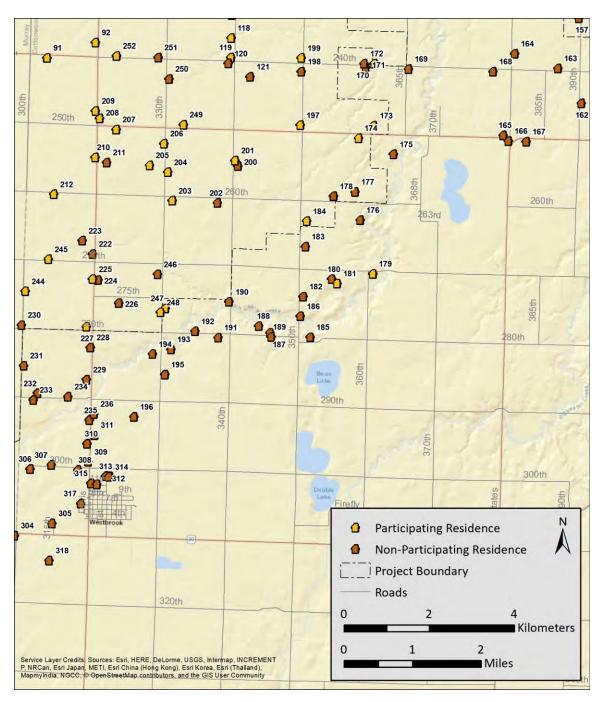


FIGURE 42: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - SOUTH-CENTRAL AREA

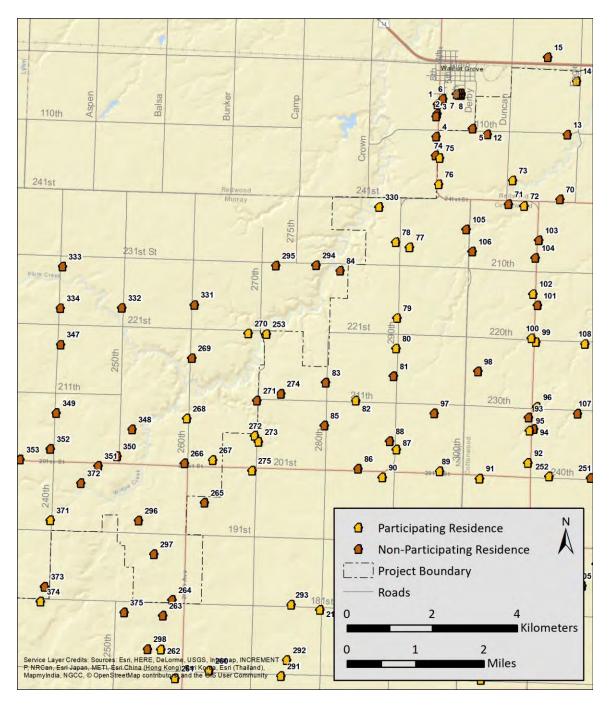


FIGURE 43: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - NORTHWEST AREA

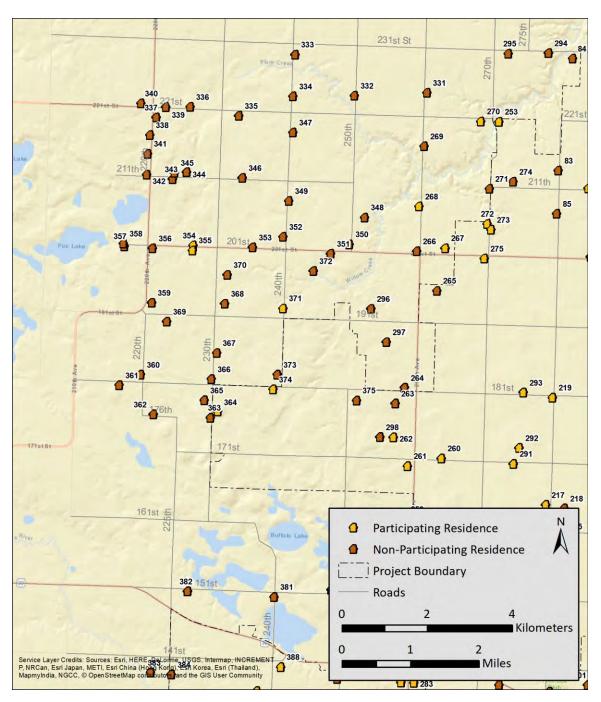


FIGURE 44: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - WESTERN AREA

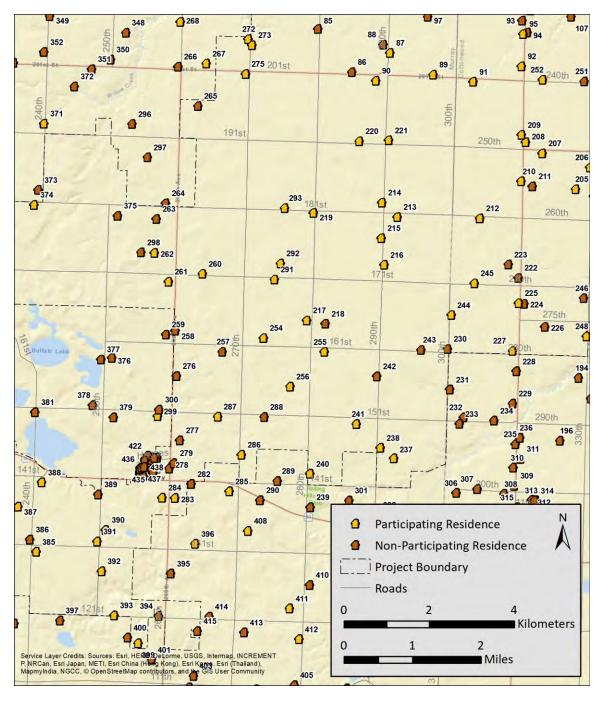


FIGURE 45: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - SOUTHWEST-CENTRAL AREA

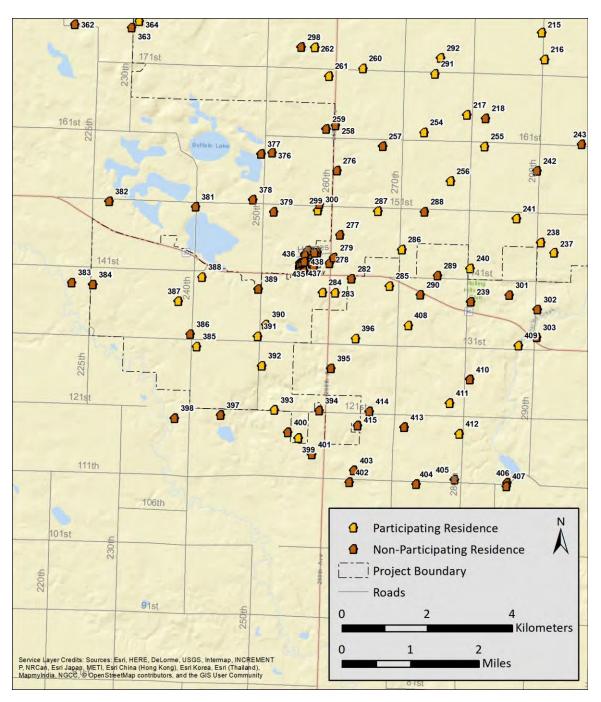


FIGURE 46: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - SOUTHWEST AREA

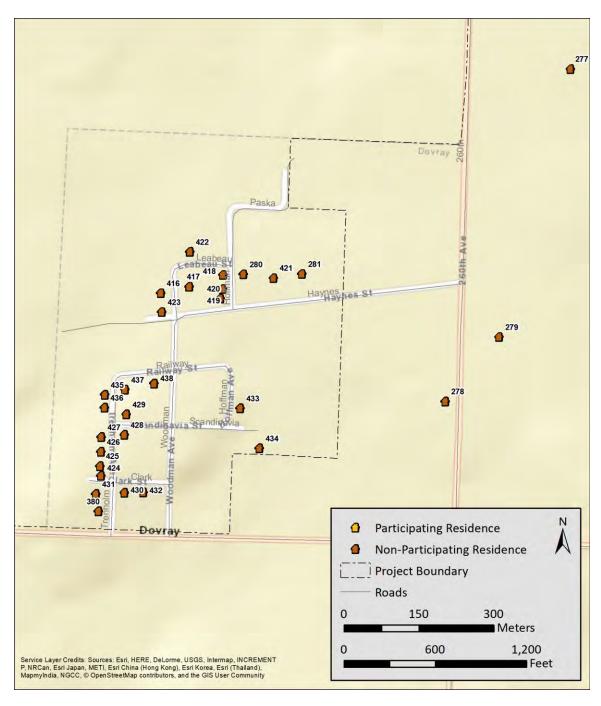


FIGURE 47: MAP OF MODELED RECEIVERS - DOVRAY

TABLE 14: MODELED RECEIVER COORDINATES

RECEIVER ID		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
1	302440	4898831	381
2	302434	4898600	382
3	302410	4898539	383
4	302410	4898068	387
5	303263	4898256	382
6	302569	4898952	379
7	302991	4899049	376
8	302935	4899048	376
9	302993	4899080	376
10	302938	4899080	376
11	302889	4899071	376
12	303607	4898119	383
13	305486	4898110	370
14	305709	4899371	362
15	305029	4899934	363
16	306229	4899784	360
17	307085	4899404	359
18	307602	4899778	359
19	308573	4899106	355
20	309321	4898056	362
21	310114	4897936	365
22	310503	4896999	367
23	311268	4897890	364
24	312160	4897614	362
25	312103	4896593	365
26	313241	4896184	365
27	313653	4896880	360
28	313286	4897805	359
29	313755	4897756	355
30	315290	4898733	355
31	316889	4897657	352
32	316794	4899329	352

RECEIVER ID	(UTM NA	DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
33	317467	4899274	356
34	318580	4898982	350
35	317909	4897852	352
36	320044	4897476	348
37	320488	4897361	350
38	321192	4898051	347
39	321755	4897005	352
40	322294	4897529	350
41	323375	4897131	351
42	323532	4897971	347
43	322408	4898331	342
44	324880	4897592	348
45	325401	4897546	347
46	325107	4897456	346
47	325309	4897354	348
48	325381	4895945	351
49	323979	4895800	353
50	323227	4895846	354
51	319512	4895997	350
52	319882	4895985	352
53	318665	4897583	354
54	318571	4897256	354
55	318392	4895181	358
56	317339	4895765	355
57	314740	4896929	357
58	315441	4896547	355
59	314397	4895470	364
60	311292	4895001	375
61	309727	4895074	375
62	309691	4895631	375
63	309516	4895594	374
64	308968	4894821	380
65	308479	4894880	379
66	308415	4896879	371
67	307332	4896515	375

RECEIVER		DINATES D 83 Z15N)			RECEIVER		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
ID	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)		ID	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
68	307616	4897952	366		103	304824	4895632	390
69	307129	4896978	371	-	104	304736	4895223	393
70	305314	4896593	380	-	105	303116	4895888	391
71	304105	4896480	385	-	106	303259	4895373	394
72	304473	4896440	383	-	107	305729	4891565	413
73	304206	4897040	382	-	108	305898	4893203	398
74	302391	4897623	390	-	109	306437	4894291	393
75	302489	4897566	390	-	110	306286	4893869	394
76	302467	4896951	391	-	111	306691	4894942	386
77	301787	4895466	406	-	112	306493	4895268	382
78	301465	4895588	408	-	113	308018	4893754	388
79	301488	4893806	418	-	114	307842	4892489	395
80	301469	4893094	423	-	115	308030	4891978	400
81	301409	4892442	424	-	116	307920	4891279	405
82	300524	4891872	430	-	117	307763	4891048	408
83	299816	4892289	429	-	118	307749	4890507	411
84	300155	4894922	407	-	119	307740	4890046	415
85	299782	4891280	439	-	120	307680	4889909	417
86	300578	4890267	437	-	121	308195	4889597	417
87	301479	4890717	435	-	122	309261	4892567	392
88	301316	4890916	433	-	123	309578	4892507	388
89	302494	4890211	431	-	124	309591	4892613	388
90	301148	4890065	438	-	125	309534	4893820	382
91	303429	4890039	428	-	126	309523	4894130	380
92	304563	4890401	424	_	127	309883	4891551	397
93	304577	4891475	419		128	311188	4892176	381
94	304698	4891201	419	-	129	311835	4891505	387
95	304602	4891163	419	_	130	312659	4892764	376
96	304777	4891721	417	-	131	311165	4894146	376
97	302364	4891566	426	-	132	312724	4893680	374
98	303389	4892554	417	-	133	313418	4894654	370
99	304750	4893244	407	_	134	314000	4894665	371
100	304645	4893333	407	_	135	314335	4895070	366
101	304787	4894112	400	-	136	317374	4894651	357
102	304688	4894375	398		137	318490	4894518	358

COORDINATES RECEIVER (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		RECEIVER		RECEIVER ID		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER	
טו	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)		טו	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
138	319300	4896162	353	_	173	311094	4888449	405
139	319057	4893415	360	•	174	310737	4888155	409
140	320098	4895767	352	•	175	311557	4887777	400
141	322522	4894937	355	•	176	310774	4886232	417
142	322432	4894021	355		177	310659	4886894	413
143	325012	4897124	348		178	310154	4886791	415
144	314615	4893885	368		179	311074	4884972	408
145	314125	4892813	374		180	310109	4884845	425
146	315963	4892890	368		181	310239	4884745	424
147	316091	4892068	374		182	309440	4884436	425
148	316760	4893037	368		183	309489	4885610	427
149	317329	4893046	367		184	309523	4886206	423
150	317173	4892383	372		185	309603	4883480	425
151	318240	4892349	369		186	309375	4883975	412
152	318463	4891955	370		187	308656	4883585	428
153	318428	4891036	372		188	308396	4883744	428
154	317450	4891118	374		189	308687	4883487	428
155	317839	4889972	379		190	307699	4884311	427
156	316601	4889775	388		191	307441	4883475	429
157	315906	4890969	378		192	306902	4883620	428
158	316792	4891336	376		193	306336	4883196	435
159	315139	4891258	380		194	305898	4883087	433
160	314401	4891442	380		195	306192	4882604	431
161	313855	4891664	382		196	305466	4881612	441
162	315970	4888971	391		197	309373	4888459	414
163	315422	4889795	383		198	309397	4889720	408
164	314406	4890141	390		199	309397	4890037	406
165	314138	4888222	397		200	307908	4887500	427
166	314253	4888085	396		201	307839	4887630	427
167	314675	4888072	396		202	307426	4886633	432
168	313897	4889718	390		203	306366	4886685	432
169	311913	4889779	392		204	306265	4887354	432
170	311105	4889903	397		205	305837	4887518	433
171	310907	4889813	401		206	306171	4888030	432
172	310867	4889907	401		207	305053	4888360	434

RECEIVER	(UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		ELEVATION + RECEIVER	RECEIVER			DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
ID	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)		ID	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
208	304662	4888619	433	!	243	302208	4883746	443
209	304563	4888793	432		244	302916	4884561	439
210	304555	4887703	433	•	245	303460	4885312	438
211	304822	4887585	432		246	306021	4884959	429
212	303588	4886835	435		247	306197	4884156	429
213	301649	4886866	439		248	306090	4884064	430
214	301288	4887203	438		249	306631	4888472	428
215	301276	4886371	440		250	306288	4889543	423
216	301342	4885743	444		251	306037	4890049	423
217	299523	4884438	447	•	252	305062	4890086	424
218	299957	4884360	447		253	298424	4893434	407
219	299682	4886958	444		254	298512	4884026	449
220	300754	4888643	438		255	299933	4883698	449
221	301445	4888665	435		256	299134	4882883	445
222	304492	4885437	429		257	297541	4883702	448
223	304253	4885748	433		258	296436	4884193	448
224	304623	4884826	433		259	296213	4884106	452
225	304499	4884845	434		260	297075	4885531	452
226	305112	4884283	434		261	296279	4885349	451
227	304353	4883725	441		262	295949	4886025	453
228	304444	4883240	433		263	295991	4886821	449
229	304356	4882484	437		264	296212	4887189	444
230	302829	4883767	442		265	296971	4889470	451
231	302882	4882812	438		266	296499	4890396	448
232	303201	4882162	438		267	297162	4890469	442
233	303103	4882008	441		268	296552	4891448	438
234	303920	4882082	435		269	296672	4892865	443
235	304422	4881532	437		270	298000	4893446	423
236	304528	4881679	435		271	298199	4891867	438
237	301564	4881199	441		272	298148	4891041	438
238	301254	4881443	446		273	298237	4890899	437
239	299607	4880051	444		274	298761	4892031	439
240	299598	4880835	438		275	298085	4890223	439
241	300686	4882004	447		276	296466	4883131	459
242	301168	4883123	449		277	296541	4881622	462

RECEIVER ID	(UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		RECEIVER		RECEIVER ID		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)	_	U	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
278	296290	4880956	465	•	313	304893	4880211	442
279	296398	4881086	466		314	304875	4880203	442
280	295886	4881211	466	-	315	304458	4880046	442
281	296003	4881212	465		316	304595	4880027	442
282	296810	4880595	468	_	317	304215	4879572	440
283	296427	4880265	475	-	318	303476	4878235	442
284	296130	4880273	471	_	319	320154	4893962	356
285	297701	4880422	456	_	320	320681	4892907	360
286	297993	4881280	453	_	321	320794	4892643	360
287	297432	4882178	453	_	322	321147	4892580	358
288	298520	4882167	443	_	323	319375	4892433	364
289	298829	4880667	451	_	324	319627	4891295	366
290	298426	4880214	452		325	320122	4891247	374
291	298767	4885402	447		326	320971	4890880	374
292	298902	4885776	451	-	327	320080	4890163	373
293	299001	4887076	448		328	319697	4888987	383
294	299590	4895047	413	-	329	317368	4888570	386
295	298643	4895038	424	-	330	301074	4896416	395
296	295420	4889048	448	-	331	296734	4894119	431
297	295783	4888265	447		332	295033	4894051	441
298	295629	4886034	461	-	333	293638	4895016	440
299	296019	4882191	459		334	293591	4894038	446
300	296054	4882340	459	-	335	292315	4893575	445
301	300511	4880208	442	-	336	291174	4893786	450
302	301172	4879873	448		337	290378	4893537	456
303	301158	4879218	439	_	338	290231	4893127	456
304	302662	4878821	444	-	339	290602	4893783	457
305	303544	4879111	437	_	340	290017	4893869	461
306	303028	4880384	440	-	341	290179	4892686	456
307	303524	4880479	441	_	342	290153	4892196	461
308	304152	4880363	441	_	343	290761	4892086	458
309	304392	4880555	442	_	344	291091	4892258	450
310	304365	4880978	440	_	345	290810	4892239	455
311	304540	4881184	442	_	346	292400	4892119	457
312	304801	4880223	442		347	293591	4893187	442

RECEIVER	COORDINATES CEIVER (UTM NAD 83 Z15N)		ELEVATION + RECEIVER		RECEIVER ID		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
טו	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)		טו	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
348	295273	4891191	444		383	290244	4880506	462
349	293490	4891579	455		384	290735	4880458	465
350	294914	4890560	448		385	293170	4879002	482
351	294475	4890336	454		386	293020	4879293	482
352	293355	4890737	460		387	292743	4880064	482
353	292641	4890487	460		388	293301	4880632	474
354	291246	4890532	455		389	294624	4880352	462
355	291230	4890414	456		390	294798	4879518	468
356	290290	4890466	469		391	294604	4879244	473
357	289627	4890515	466		392	294704	4878550	474
358	289608	4890582	467		393	294996	4877510	471
359	290271	4889187	468		394	296046	4877497	476
360	290011	4887500	474		395	296328	4878491	468
361	289512	4887252	471		396	296903	4879190	468
362	290315	4886569	469		397	293731	4877392	459
363	291648	4886488	479		398	292652	4877320	455
364	291825	4886638	478		399	295559	4876854	472
365	291503	4886894	473	•	400	295312	4876988	468
366	291675	4887391	467		401	295879	4876470	472
367	291799	4888012	469		402	296755	4875816	462
368	291990	4889164	467		403	296860	4876092	475
369	290632	4888748	466		404	298324	4875771	479
370	292052	4889840	465		405	299227	4875871	468
371	293353	4889057	460		406	300456	4875798	452
372	294068	4889931	450		407	300441	4875720	453
373	293219	4887500	478		408	298142	4879496	456
374	293120	4887152	477		409	300728	4879025	442
375	295080	4886893	454		410	299591	4878225	450
376	294943	4883554	468		411	299116	4877671	459
377	294689	4883523	470		412	299340	4876952	461
378	294494	4882448	467		413	298047	4877108	470
379	294981	4882162	468		414	297228	4877478	471
380	295596	4880736	473		415	296951	4877144	477
381	293146	4882280	464		416	295720	4881173	465
382	291118	4882412	482		417	295777	4881187	466

RECEIVER ID		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER	RECEIVER ID		DINATES D 83 Z15N)	ELEVATION + RECEIVER
	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)	ID .	X(m)	Y (m)	HEIGHT (m)
418	295845	4881210	467	440	311084	4899038	353
419	295844	4881182	467	441	311085	4899067	353
420	295840	4881163	467	442	311094	4899148	353
421	295946	4881204	465	443	311086	4899178	353
422	295778	4881256	465	444	311028	4899235	353
423	295722	4881136	465	445	310969	4899266	353
424	295600	4880808	473	446	310982	4899306	353
425	295598	4880827	473	447	310603	4899627	354
426	295600	4880855	471	448	309031	4900100	354
427	295601	4880885	470	449	322551	4890896	372
428	295647	4880889	470	450	322478	4891236	367
429	295651	4880930	470	451	322205	4890762	374
430	295647	4880773	471	452	324146	4893748	354
431	295590	4880771	474	453	325243	4894199	352
432	295685	4880774	470	454	324499	4892766	354
433	295880	4880943	465	455	324832	4892729	355
434	295918	4880862	463	456	325775	4892983	354
435	295608	4880969	467	457	324215	4891646	360
436	295607	4880944	467	458	322116	4889430	375
437	295649	4880980	469	459	323874	4890208	371
438	295707	4880992	469	460	324031	4890035	367
439	311154	4899063	353	461	322437	4889055	377

TABLE 15: MODEL RESULTS FOR EACH RECEIVER, WITH AND WITHOUT BACKGROUND SOUND LEVELS (L_{50} , dBA)

LLVLL3 (L			-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	VESTAS	S V162	STE	
	I. SOUND	М	COMB ACKGRO DDELEC RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	I. LY SOUND	МС	COMB CKGR DELEC ESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
1	36	38	41	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
2	36	39	41	46	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
3	36	39	42	46	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
4	38	40	42	46	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
5	41	42	43	46	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
6	36	38	41	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
7	37	39	42	46	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
8	37	39	42	46	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
9	37	39	42	46	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
10	37	39	42	46	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
11	37	39	42	46	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
12	42	43	44	47	51	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
13	43	43	45	47	51	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	41	46	50
14	44	45	46	48	51	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
15	41	42	44	47	51	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
16	38	39	42	46	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
17	35	38	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
18	33	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
19	32	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
20	36	39	41	46	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
21	38	40	42	46	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
22	44	44	45	47	51	36	39	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50
23	42	42	44	47	51	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
24	42	43	44	47	51	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
25	42	43	44	47	51	35	38	41	45	50	34	37	41	45	50

		GE 2.8	3- 127 L I	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	VESTAS	S V162	STE	
	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEI EESSUF	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGR(DELEC ESSUR	OUND SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
26	36	39	41	46	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
27	34	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
28	33	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
29	32	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
30	29	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
31	29	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
32	27	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
33	28	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
34	29	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
35	30	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
36	34	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50
37	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
38	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
39	35	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
40	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
41	31	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
42	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
43	29	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
44	27	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
45	27	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
46	27	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
47	27	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
48	28	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
49	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
51	41	42	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50	38	39	42	46	50

	(GE 2.8	3-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	VESTAS	S V162	STE	
	LY SOUND	M	COMB ACKGR ODELED RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DELEI EESSUF	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	MC	COMB ACKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
52	42	42	44	47	51	39	41	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
53	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
54	33	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
55	45	45	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	44	46	51
56	35	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
57	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
58	31	36	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
59	33	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
60	46	46	47	48	51	45	45	46	48	51	44	44	45	47	51
61	45	45	46	48	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	40	43	46	50
62	45	46	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	44	46	51
63	44	44	45	47	51	41	42	43	46	50	40	41	43	46	50
64	41	42	43	46	50	43	44	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51
65	41	42	44	46	51	41	42	44	47	51	40	42	43	46	50
66	39	41	43	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
67	40	41	43	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
68	38	39	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
69	42	43	44	47	51	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50
70	41	42	43	46	50	36	39	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50
71	39	40	42	46	50	31	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50
72	38	40	42	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50
73	40	41	43	46	50	31	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
74	39	41	43	46	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
75	40	41	43	46	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
76	40	41	43	46	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
77	45	46	46	48	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50

	(GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	/ESTAS	5 V162	STE	
	LY SOUND	MC	COMB ACKGR ODELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEE EESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGR(DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
78	42	43	44	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
79	46	46	47	48	51	45	45	46	48	51	44	44	45	47	51
80	42	43	44	47	51	39	40	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
81	41	42	43	46	50	36	39	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50
82	40	41	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	38	41	45	50
83	40	41	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	38	41	45	50
84	41	42	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
85	41	42	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	46	50
86	43	44	45	47	51	39	41	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
87	41	42	43	46	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
88	40	41	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	41	46	50
89	45	46	47	48	51	41	42	43	46	50	40	41	43	46	50
90	45	45	46	48	51	41	42	44	47	51	40	42	43	46	50
91	46	46	47	48	51	43	44	45	47	51	43	43	45	47	51
92	44	45	45	48	51	41	42	43	46	51	41	42	43	46	50
93	42	43	44	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
94	42	42	44	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
95	42	43	44	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
96	43	43	45	47	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50
97	43	44	45	47	51	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
98	44	44	45	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
99	45	46	47	48	51	43	44	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51
100	45	46	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	42	42	44	47	51
101	43	44	45	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
102	43	44	45	47	51	37	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50
103	38	40	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50

		GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		\	/ESTAS	S V162	STE	
	IT SOUND	М	COMB ACKGR DDELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	IF SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DELEI ESSUF	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
104	39	40	42	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
105	42	43	44	47	51	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
106	42	43	44	47	51	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
107	40	41	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50
108	45	45	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	43	46	51
109	38	40	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
110	39	40	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
111	37	39	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
112	37	39	42	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
113	44	45	46	48	51	36	39	41	46	50	35	38	41	45	50
114	43	44	45	47	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	41	43	46	50
115	43	44	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	44	46	51
116	44	45	46	48	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
117	41	42	43	46	50	36	39	41	46	50	35	38	41	45	50
118	37	39	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
119	36	39	41	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
120	36	39	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
121	36	39	41	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
122	41	42	44	47	51	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
123	40	42	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	37	41	45	50
124	41	42	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	38	41	45	50
125	40	41	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50
126	40	42	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
127	37	39	42	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50
128	40	41	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	38	41	45	50
129	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50

		GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	VESTAS	S V162	STE	
	LY SOUND EL	MC	COMB ACKGR ODELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEE EESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB ACKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
130	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
131	43	43	45	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
132	35	38	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
133	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
134	33	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
135	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
136	38	40	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50
137	46	46	47	48	51	44	45	46	48	51	43	44	45	47	51
138	40	41	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50
139	45	45	46	48	51	43	44	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51
140	45	45	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	43	46	50
141	41	42	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
142	45	46	46	48	51	43	44	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51
143	28	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
144	31	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
145	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
146	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
147	32	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
148	35	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
149	39	40	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
150	35	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
151	38	40	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
152	36	39	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	38	41	45	50
153	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50
154	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
155	29	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50

		GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		\	/ESTAS	S V162	STE	
	IT SOUND	М	COMB ACKGR DDELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	IF SOUND	МС	COMB CKGR DELEI ESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
156	29	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
157	30	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
158	31	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
159	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
160	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
161	31	36	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
162	28	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
163	26	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
164	28	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
165	26	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50
166	27	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50
167	27	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50
168	27	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
169	31	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
170	31	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
171	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
172	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
173	31	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
174	33	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
175	29	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
176	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
177	33	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
178	35	38	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50
179	23	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50
180	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
181	28	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50

		GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	/ESTAS	S V162	STE	
	LY SOUND	М	COMB ACKGR DDELEC RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COME CKGR DELEC ESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
182	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
183	33	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
184	36	38	41	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50
185	28	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
186	24	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50
187	30	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
188	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
189	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
190	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
191	29	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
192	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
193	31	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
194	33	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
195	31	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
196	30	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
197	38	40	42	46	50	38	39	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
198	35	38	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50
199	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
200	44	44	45	47	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50
201	43	44	45	47	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50
202	41	42	44	46	51	36	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50
203	42	43	44	47	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	44	46	51
204	45	46	46	48	51	45	46	46	48	51	44	45	46	48	51
205	43	44	45	47	51	44	45	46	48	51	43	44	45	47	51
206	45	45	46	48	51	43	43	44	47	51	42	42	44	47	51
207	43	43	45	47	51	40	42	43	46	50	40	41	43	46	50

	(GE 2.8	3-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		\	/ESTAS	S V162	STE	
	IT SOUND	М	COMB ACKGR DDELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	IF SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DELEI ESSUF	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
208	45	45	46	48	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
209	45	46	47	48	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
210	44	44	45	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
211	43	44	45	47	51	39	41	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
212	45	46	47	48	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	41	43	46	50
213	45	46	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	44	47	51
214	46	46	47	48	51	44	45	46	48	51	43	44	45	47	51
215	43	43	44	47	51	41	42	44	47	51	40	42	43	46	50
216	44	44	45	47	51	44	45	45	48	51	43	44	45	47	51
217	38	40	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
218	38	40	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50
219	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	43	46	50	40	41	43	46	50
220	46	46	47	48	51	46	46	47	48	51	45	45	46	48	51
221	45	46	46	48	51	46	46	47	48	51	45	45	46	48	51
222	42	43	44	47	51	38	39	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
223	44	44	45	47	51	39	41	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
224	43	43	45	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
225	44	45	45	48	51	39	41	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
226	38	40	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	37	41	45	50
227	39	41	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	41	46	50
228	36	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
229	32	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
230	42	42	44	47	51	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
231	36	39	41	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50
232	34	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
233	34	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50

	(GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		,	/ESTAS	5 V162	STE	
	LY SOUND	MC	COMB ACKGR ODELEE RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEE EESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND EL	BA MC	COMB CKGR(DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
234	31	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
235	30	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50
236	31	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
237	34	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
238	36	39	41	46	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
239	33	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50
240	37	39	42	46	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
241	42	43	44	47	51	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50
242	39	41	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	37	41	45	50
243	44	44	45	47	51	37	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50
244	45	46	47	48	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
245	43	44	45	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
246	36	39	41	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
247	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
248	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
249	41	42	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50	38	39	42	46	50
250	37	39	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	37	41	45	50
251	38	40	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	34	37	41	45	50
252	40	42	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
253	30	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
254	37	39	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
255	42	43	44	47	51	43	43	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51
256	40	42	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	46	50
257	36	39	42	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50
258	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
259	34	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50

	(GE 2.8	3-127 L	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		\	/ESTAS	S V162	STE	
	IT SOUND	М	COME ACKGR DDELEI RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	IF SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DELEI ESSUF	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
260	37	39	42	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
261	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
262	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
263	36	39	42	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50
264	37	39	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
265	41	42	44	47	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50
266	36	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50
267	39	41	43	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50
268	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
269	33	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50
270	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
271	38	40	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
272	42	43	44	47	51	39	40	42	46	50	38	40	42	46	50
273	44	45	46	48	51	41	42	43	46	50	40	41	43	46	50
274	38	40	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
275	46	46	47	49	51	42	42	44	47	51	41	42	43	46	50
276	36	39	41	46	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
277	40	41	43	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50
278	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
279	37	39	42	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50
280	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
281	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
282	36	38	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
283	34	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50
284	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50
285	35	38	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50

	(GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		•	VESTAS V162 STE				
	LY SOUND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEE EESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	LY SOUND EL	BA MC	COMB CKGR(DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND					
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	
286	43	43	44	47	51	39	41	43	46	50	38	40	42	46	50	
287	45	45	46	48	51	42	43	44	47	51	41	42	43	46	51	
288	39	41	43	46	50	36	39	42	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	
289	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
290	34	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
291	41	42	44	47	51	41	42	44	46	51	40	41	43	46	50	
292	45	46	46	48	51	45	46	46	48	51	44	45	46	48	51	
293	44	45	46	48	51	45	45	46	48	51	44	45	46	48	51	
294	38	40	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	
295	34	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
296	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
297	36	38	41	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	
298	36	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
299	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
300	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
301	33	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	
302	31	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
303	28	36	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	
304	28	36	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	
305	27	36	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	
306	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
307	30	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
308	29	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	
309	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
310	30	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
311	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	

		GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		\	VESTAS V162 STE				
	IT SOUND	COMBINED BACKGROUND + MODELED SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL				IF SOUND	МС	COMB CKGR DELEI ESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	SED SOUND LEVEL	
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	
312	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
313	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
314	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
315	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
316	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
317	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
318	23	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	
319	45	46	47	48	51	46	46	47	48	51	45	46	46	48	51	
320	45	46	46	48	51	44	45	46	48	51	44	44	45	47	51	
321	45	45	46	48	51	45	45	46	48	51	44	45	46	48	51	
322	45	45	46	48	51	44	44	45	47	51	43	43	45	47	51	
323	40	41	43	46	50	40	41	43	46	50	39	41	43	46	50	
324	36	39	42	46	50	36	39	42	46	50	36	38	41	46	50	
325	39	41	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50	38	40	42	46	50	
326	39	41	43	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	36	39	41	46	50	
327	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50	
328	29	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	
329	27	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	
330	37	39	42	46	50	32	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	
331	31	36	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	
332	29	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	
333	26	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	
334	26	36	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	
335	23	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	
336	22	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50	16	35	40	45	50	
337	21	35	40	45	50	15	35	40	45	50	14	35	40	45	50	

		GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		ļ ,	/ESTA	S V162	STE	
	COMBINED BACKGROUND + MODELED SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL					LY SOUND	BA MC	COME ACKGR DELEI ESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND
338	22	35	40	45	50	16	35	40	45	50	15	35	40	45	50
339	19	35	40	45	50	14	35	40	45	50	13	35	40	45	50
340	20	35	40	45	50	13	35	40	45	50	12	35	40	45	50
341	21	35	40	45	50	16	35	40	45	50	15	35	40	45	50
342	22	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50	16	35	40	45	50
343	24	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50
344	24	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50
345	24	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50
346	25	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50
347	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50
348	33	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
349	29	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
350	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50
351	30	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50
352	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
353	27	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50
354	24	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50
355	25	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50
356	22	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50
357	23	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50
358	22	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50
359	26	36	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50
360	27	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50
361	26	36	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50
362	29	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50
363	39	40	43	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50

	(GE 2.8-127 LNTE					ESTAS	V150	STE		,	VESTAS	S V162	STE	## PACKGROUND ##				
	IT SOUND	COMBINED BACKGROUND + MODELED SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL				IF SOUND	МС	COME CKGR DELEI ESSUF	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	MC	COMB CKGRO DELED ESSUR	SOUI	ND				
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND				
364	40	42	43	46	50	35	38	41	45	50	34	38	41	45	50				
365	36	38	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50				
366	34	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50				
367	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50				
368	28	36	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50				
369	26	36	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50				
370	26	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50				
371	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50				
372	31	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50				
373	36	39	41	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50				
374	38	40	42	46	50	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50				
375	40	41	43	46	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50				
376	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50				
377	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50				
378	33	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50				
379	32	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50				
380	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50				
381	33	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50				
382	31	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50				
383	31	36	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50				
384	35	38	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50				
385	41	42	43	46	50	39	40	42	46	50	38	40	42	46	50				
386	42	43	44	47	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	41	43	46	50				
387	45	46	46	48	51	45	46	46	48	51	45	45	46	48	51				
388	43	44	45	47	51	41	42	44	47	51	41	42	44	46	51				
389	43	44	45	47	51	36	38	41	45	50	35	38	41	45	50				

	GE 2.8-127 LNTE							V150	STE		,	VESTAS V162 STE				
	LY SOUND	LY SOUND	МС	COME ACKGR DDELEE EESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	COMBINED BACKGROUND + MODELED SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL								
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	
390	45	45	46	48	51	38	40	42	46	50	37	39	42	46	50	
391	44	45	46	48	51	40	41	43	46	50	39	41	43	46	50	
392	43	44	45	47	51	43	43	45	47	51	42	43	44	47	51	
393	37	39	42	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	
394	31	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	
395	32	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
396	32	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	
397	38	40	42	46	50	34	38	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	
398	33	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
399	31	37	41	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	
400	33	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
401	29	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
402	21	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	
403	27	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
404	23	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	
405	24	35	40	45	50	19	35	40	45	50	18	35	40	45	50	
406	21	35	40	45	50	16	35	40	45	50	15	35	40	45	50	
407	23	35	40	45	50	17	35	40	45	50	16	35	40	45	50	
408	32	37	41	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	
409	26	36	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	
410	28	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
411	25	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	
412	26	36	40	45	50	21	35	40	45	50	20	35	40	45	50	
413	27	36	40	45	50	23	35	40	45	50	22	35	40	45	50	
414	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
415	29	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	

	GE 2.8-127 LNTE							V150	STE		\	/ESTAS	S V162	STE		
	COMBINED BACKGROUND + MODELED SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL					IF SOUND	МС	COMB CKGR DELEI ESSUR	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	COMBINED BACKGROUND + MODELED SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL				
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	
416	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
417	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
418	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
419	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
420	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
421	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
422	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
423	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
424	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
425	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
426	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
427	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
428	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
429	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
430	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
431	36	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
432	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
433	34	38	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
434	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
435	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
436	35	38	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
437	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
438	35	38	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	
439	34	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
440	34	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	
441	34	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	

	(GE 2.8	-127 LI	NTE		v	ESTAS	V150	STE		\	/ESTAS	V162	STE		
	IV SOUND	М	COMB ACKGR ODELED RESSUR	OUND SOU	ND	I. LY SOUND	BA MC	COME ACKGR DDELEI ESSUF	OUNE SOU	ND	LY SOUND	BA MO	DELED	OUND SOUI	NED UND + SOUND LEVEL	
RECEIVER ID	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	MODELED TURBINE-ONLY SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL	35 dBA BACKGROUND	40 dBA BACKGROUND	45 dBA BACKGROUND	50 dBA BACKGROUND	
442	33	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
443	33	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
444	33	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
445	33	37	41	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
446	33	37	41	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
447	32	37	41	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
448	31	36	41	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
449	36	38	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	37	41	45	50	
450	37	39	42	46	50	34	37	41	45	50	33	37	41	45	50	
451	37	39	42	46	50	33	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	
452	34	37	41	45	50	32	37	41	45	50	31	36	40	45	50	
453	30	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	
454	32	37	41	45	50	30	36	40	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	
455	31	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	
456	28	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	
457	31	37	41	45	50	29	36	40	45	50	28	36	40	45	50	
458	29	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	
459	30	36	40	45	50	27	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	
460	27	36	40	45	50	25	35	40	45	50	24	35	40	45	50	
461	29	36	40	45	50	26	36	40	45	50	26	35	40	45	50	



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