

Noise Technical Report

Black Oak Getty Wind Farm

Stearns County, Minnesota

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Black Oak Getty Wind Farm Noise Technical Report

Executive Summary

HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR) performed a noise analysis in support of the proposed Black Oak Getty Wind project. The analysis modeled all proposed wind turbines operating simultaneously at their highest noise emission operating condition and calculated project-related noise levels at 205 noise-sensitive receptors within the study area.

Analysis results indicate the following:

- The noise analysis was conducted in accordance with the accepted environmental noise assessment practices in the industry and in accordance with methods accepted by the State of Minnesota.
- The maximum (calculated) project-related noise level from all wind turbines operating simultaneously at their highest rated operating speed is 45 dBA L_{eq} at the nearest noise-sensitive receptor. This is based on the proposed Vestas V110 2.0 MW wind turbine generator.
- The average (calculated) project-related noise level at residences is 33 dBA, on an hourly L_{eq} basis.¹
- Cumulative noise levels including wind turbine noise levels and standards-based assumed background noise levels at all residences are compatible with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Noise Standards located in Minnesota Rules 7030.0040.
- Maximum calculated L_{eq} levels for project-related noise are at least 5 dB below the MPCA nighttime L_{50} noise limit of 50 dBA.¹

NOISE PERCEPTION

Noise is defined as unwanted sound. Sound is made up of tiny fluctuations in air pressure. Sound, within the range of human hearing, can vary in pressure by over one million units. Therefore, a logarithmic scale, known as the decibel scale (dB), is used to quantify sound pressure and to compress the scale to a more manageable range.

Sound is characterized by both its amplitude (how loud it is) and frequency (or pitch). The human ear does not hear all frequencies equally. In fact, the human hearing organs of the inner ear deemphasize very low and very high frequencies. The A-weighted scale (dBA) is used to reflect the selective sensitivity of human hearing. This scale puts more weight on the range of frequencies that the average human ear perceives, and less weight on those that we do not hear as well such as very high and very low frequencies. The C-weighted scale (dBC) is used to reflect human sensitivity at louder levels. This scale puts more weight on the lower frequencies than does the A-weighted scale; it is also considered an indicator of the potential presence of low-frequency noise.

¹ Based on the proposed Vestas V110 2.0 MW turbine model.

The human range of hearing extends from approximately 3 dBA to around 140 dBA. Table 1 shows a range of typical noise levels from common activities.

Table 1. Common Noise Sources and Levels

| Sound Pressure Level, dBA | Noise Source |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 120 | Jet aircraft takeoff at 100 feet |
| 110 | Same aircraft at 400 feet |
| 90 | Motorcycle at 25 feet |
| 80 | Garbage disposal |
| 70 | City street corner |
| 60 | Conversational speech |
| 50 | Typical office |
| 40 | Living room (without TV) |
| 30 | Quiet bedroom at night |
| Source: Environmental Impact Analysis Handbook, ed. By Rau and Wooten, 1980 | |

Environmental noise is often expressed as a sound level occurring over a stated period of time, typically one hour. When the acoustic energy is averaged over the stated period of time, the resulting equivalent sound level represents the energy-based average sound level. This is called the equivalent level, or L_{eq} . Therefore, the L_{eq} represents a constant sound that, over the specified period, has the same acoustic energy as the time-varying sound.

EVALUATION CRITERIA

Project-related noise was assessed by comparing modeling results with the MPCA noise standards for residential land uses. The daytime and nighttime noise limits are an L_{50} of 60 and 50 dBA respectively and an L_{10} of 65 and 55 respectively. The L_{50} is the noise level exceeded 50% of the time and the L_{10} is the noise level exceeded 10% of the time.

The Cadna-A model used for this analysis calculates an L_{eq} occurring in the stated time period (one hour). The L_{eq} is a mean (average) noise level. The MPCA L_{50} descriptor represents the noise level exceeded 50% of the time, which – by inspection, is a statistical median noise level. For a constant noise source, the L_{eq} and the L_{50} will be equal. Most noise sources, including wind turbines, exhibit some fluctuation, resulting in a statistical distribution of noise levels over time. Even with a fluctuating noise source, the L_{eq} is a close approximation or even a conservative overestimate of the L_{50} . For purposes of this analysis, the L_{eq} calculated by Cadna-A is considered a reasonable, appropriate, and conservative estimate of the L_{50} .

METHODOLOGY

HDR used Cadna-A, a commercially-available acoustical analysis software designed for evaluating environmental noise from stationary and mobile sources, to calculate the project-related noise levels. Cadna-A is a three-dimensional noise model based on ISO 9613, “Attenuation of Sound during Propagation Outdoors,” adopted by the International Standards Organization (ISO) in 1996. This standard provides a widely-accepted engineering method for

the calculation of outdoor environmental noise levels from sources of known sound emission. Sound propagation is a product of several attenuation terms including geometric divergence, ground effect, atmospheric absorptions, screening by obstacles, and meteorological conditions.

In order to provide cumulative noise analysis results, Cadna-A calculated noise emissions from all proposed turbines operating simultaneously (the turbine layout shape file was imported into Cadna-A). The Cadna-A modeling done for this project did not utilize project-specific terrain. By eliminating terrain, the Cadna-A model assumes flat ground and reduces the opportunity for terrain to potentially block the line-of-sight between turbines and receptors, generally resulting in a more conservative, overestimated, calculated sound level.

In lieu of specific state and county specifications for ground absorption, a ground absorption factor of 0.7 was used as suggested in the “Noise Guidelines for Wind Farms” document published by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment. This ground absorption factor takes into account the majority of cultivated terrain in the project area; in effect it assumes 70% of the ground cover is porous, or acoustically absorptive, and 30% of the ground is an exposed hard surface, or acoustically reflective.

A 0% acoustical absorption means that the surface is perfectly reflective. Smooth, debris-free ice, mirrors, and paved parking lots are examples of surfaces that approach perfect reflective surfaces. Even during the winter, the ground surface characteristics in the project area are not representative of a paved parking lot or other perfect acoustical reflectors. During the winter ground surfaces in the project area vary and can include soft powdered snow cover, sleet, and small areas of ice, many of which may be interrupted by vegetation. Thus, a 0% absorption rate, although conservative, would not be appropriate to use in the noise model. Therefore the guidelines published by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment were employed.

Additionally, by eliminating wind rose data from the model, Cadna-A conservatively calculates noise levels at all receptors by assuming that each receptor is downwind from every turbine at the same time. Use of these assumptions and the loudest sound power level provided by the manufacturer means the analysis provides a conservatively high estimate of wind turbine noise levels.

Wind turbine noise emissions vary with the operating speed of the turbine. Sound is generated from the wind turbine at points near the hub or nacelle, 80 meters (262.5 feet) in the air, and from the blade tips as they rotate. Sound power levels (L_w) of the wind turbines used in this analysis were provided by the wind turbine manufacturer and are based on results of standardized measurement procedures. The noise emissions data provided by Vestas accounts for all sound generating elements associated with wind turbines. The Cadna-A model utilized the noise emission level at the highest rated operating speed as shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Vestas V110 Noise Emissions Data

| Octave Band Sound Power Level, dBA | | | | | | | | | Total |
|------------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 31.5 Hz | 63 Hz | 125 Hz | 250 Hz | 500 Hz | 1000 Hz | 2000 Hz | 4000 Hz | 8000 Hz | Lw, dBA |
| 80.5 | 88.6 | 93.9 | 98.1 | 100.8 | 101.7 | 101.6 | 96.7 | 85.6 | 107.5 |

The Vestas V110 2.0 MW turbine was modeled to determine project-related noise levels at residences throughout the project area. This is the proposed turbine model.

EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

The term ambient acoustic environment refers to the all encompassing sound in a given environment or community. The outdoor ambient acoustic environment is a composite of sound from many sources from varying distances and directions. Common sound sources within an agricultural and/or rural environment include, but are not limited to, sound from farm equipment such as tractors and combines, sound generated from traffic on roadways, sounds from wildlife, and wind rustling through the vegetation.

Typically, the ambient acoustic environment of a rural or agriculturally-oriented community has average sound levels ranging from 30 dBA to 60 dBA L_{eq} . This range is based on HDR's extensive and qualified experience in reviewing noise levels in rural settings with high wind resources. In agricultural and/or rural communities, higher sound levels typically exist near roadways and near areas that experience greater human activities such as farming. In addition, compared with similar environments with lower quality wind resources, those environments with higher wind resources generally experience higher sound levels.

Preconstruction noise monitoring activities are underway, and detailed results will be included with the post-construction noise measurement report.

NOISE ASSESSMENT

Project-related noise levels, from all proposed turbines, were calculated at residences using Cadna-A. Figure 1 depicts project turbines and modeled residences. All residences within the project area were included in the noise model. Additionally residences outside of the project area but within one mile of a project turbine were also included in the noise model as shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1. Modeled Residences and Project Turbines

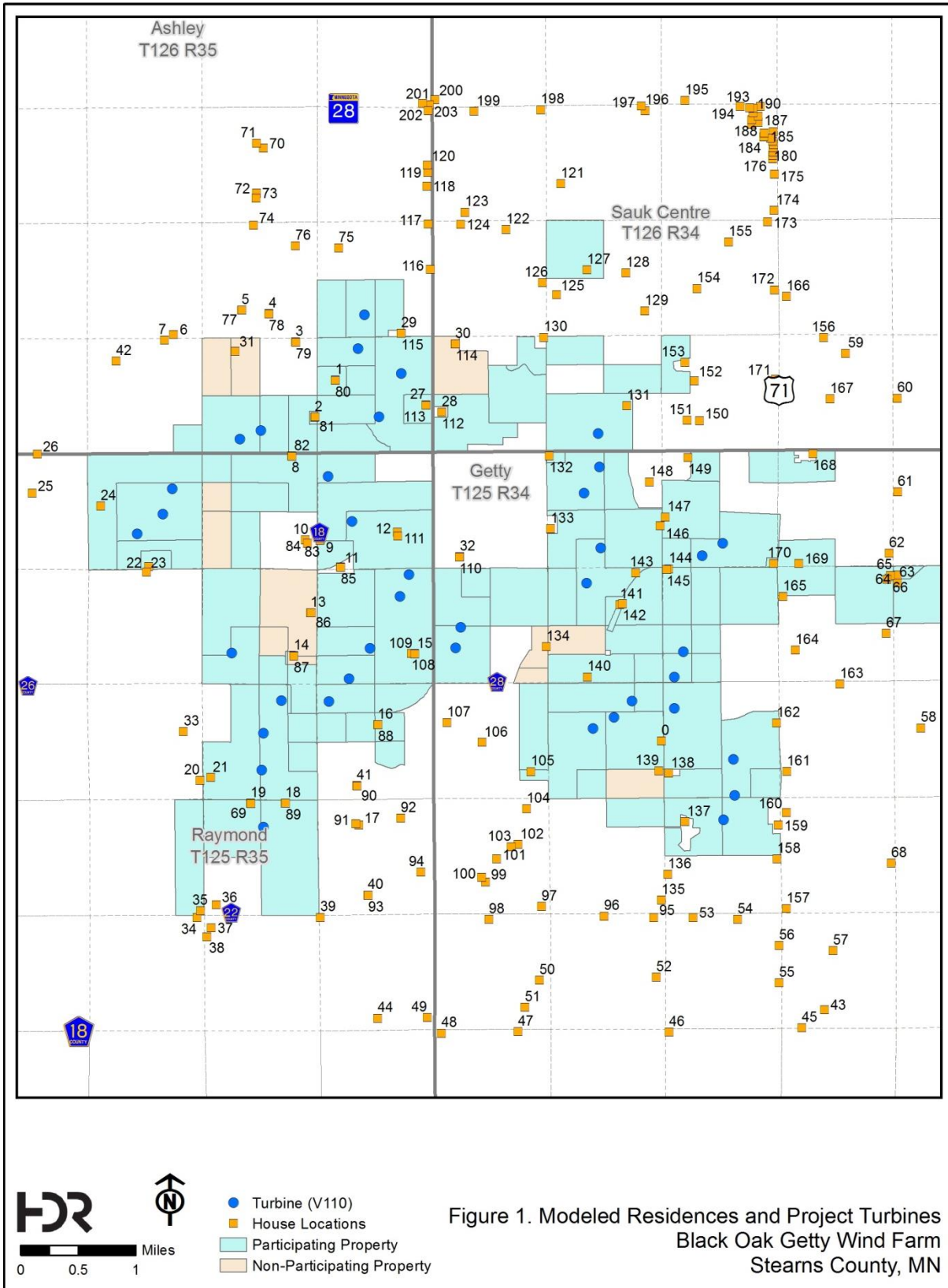


Figure 1. Modeled Residences and Project Turbines
Black Oak Getty Wind Farm
Stearns County, MN

Table 3 presents a summary of the noise analysis results. Calculated noise levels are based on the Vestas V110 2.0 MW turbine as proposed for the Black Oak Getty wind farm. Cumulative noise levels, representative of project-related noise levels in addition to non-project related noise levels, were estimated based on an assumed background noise level.

Table 3. Summary of Noise Analysis

| | Project-Related Noise Level, Day and Night L_{eq} dBA | Background Noise Level ^a | | Cumulative Noise Level | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Daytime L_{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L_{eq} , dBA | Daytime L_{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L_{eq} , dBA |
| Maximum noise level across residences | 45 | 43 | 37 | 47 | 45 |
| Arithmetic mean noise level across residences | 33 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 38 |

^a Preconstruction noise level surveys and data processing for the project area have not been completed at this time. Assumed daytime and nighttime background noise levels are based on America National Standards Institute ANSI / ASA S12.9 Part 3 (2008) typical noise levels for very quiet suburban and rural residential land uses.

Analysis results indicate that the maximum (calculated) hourly L_{eq} due to project-related noise is 45 dBA L_{eq} at the nearest noise-sensitive receptor. The average (arithmetic mean) across the residences of the hourly L_{eq} due to project-related noise is 33 dBA. Based on the final turbine layout the maximum (calculated) project-related noise level is at least 5 dB below the MPCA nighttime L_{50} noise limit of 50 dBA. Project-related (calculated) noise levels at all occupied residences in the project study area are predicted to meet the L_{50} noise threshold of 45 dBA, based upon the nighttime L_{50} noise limit of 50 dBA with a 5 dB buffer as a surrogate for low-frequency noise as suggested by the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH). Figure 2 below shows the project-related noise isopleths (a line or curve of equal values). Analysis results depicted in the multi-turbine constraint maps show that project-related noise complies with MPCA noise guidelines.

Additionally cumulative noise levels at all residences are predicted to meet the MPCA noise limits of 60 dBA and 50 dBA L_{50} during daytime and nighttime hours respectively. The maximum predicted cumulative daytime noise level in the study area is 47 dBA, 13 dB below the daytime noise limit. The maximum cumulative nighttime noise level is 45 dBA, 5 dB below the nighttime noise limit.

Noise modeling results for all noise-sensitive land uses in the project study area are presented in Appendix A.

Figure 2. Predicted Project-Related Noise Levels

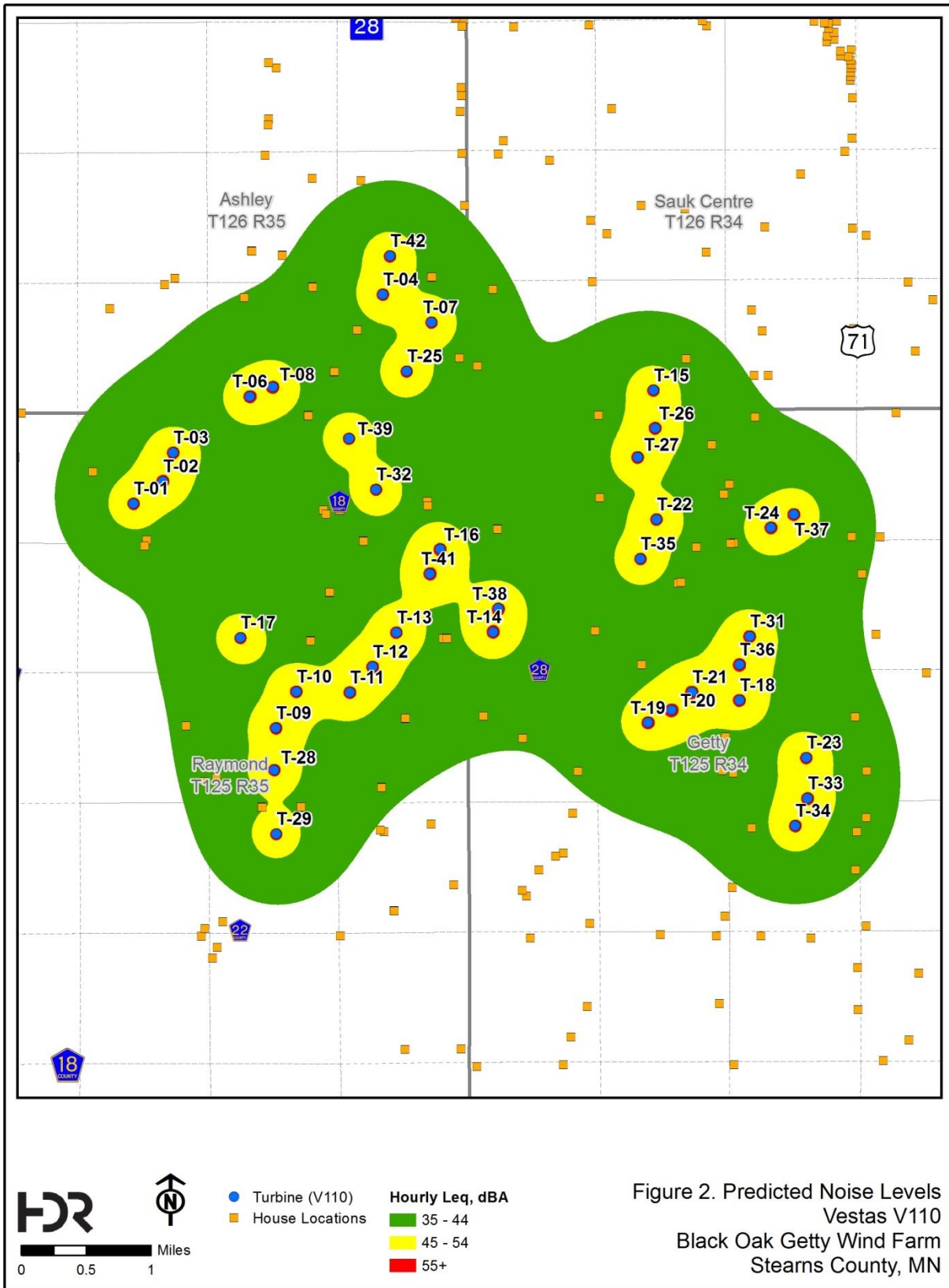


Figure 2. Predicted Noise Levels
 Vestas V110
 Black Oak Getty Wind Farm
 Stearns County, MN

LOW FREQUENCY NOISE

The MDH white paper also recommended an evaluation of the low-frequency component of turbine noise, as a possible additional cause of irritation. Noise emissions from modern wind turbines pose no risk of hearing loss or any other nonauditory effect (Ising and Kruppa 2004). While subaudible, low frequency sound and infrasound are most commonly associated with noise complaints about wind turbines, there is a consensus among acoustic experts that these frequencies are of no consequence to health (Colby et al. 2009). Although some people may be annoyed at the presence of sound from wind turbines, annoyance is a highly-individualized phenomenon, and is not an identified medical condition (Colby et al. 2009). The primary concern about wind turbine sound is its fluctuating nature, which can occur under certain circumstances such as turbulent wind conditions. A small number of individuals with particular sensitivities may find this sound annoying, but the reaction depends primarily on the personal characteristics of the listener, as opposed to the intensity of the sound level (Colby et al. 2009). The substantial body of peer-reviewed literature on the subject of wind turbine noise indicates that there is nothing unique about the sounds and vibrations emitted by wind turbines, and that there is no evidence that the audible or subaudible sounds emitted by wind turbines have any direct adverse physiological effects (Colby et al. 2009).

Geoff Leventhall, an acoustic and vibration expert from the United Kingdom who was cited in the MDH white paper for two of his earlier works on low frequency sound, conducted a study in 2006 on infrasound from wind turbines. According to Leventhall, there is now agreement among peer-reviewed acousticians that infrasound from wind turbines is not a public health issue (Colby et al. 2009).

When studying 1.5 MW wind turbines from a distance of 65 meters (213 feet), Levanthall found that modern upwind turbines produce pulses which are considered infrasound, but only at low levels, typically 50 to 70 dB, which are well below the hearing threshold. Based on his study, Levanthall further concludes that infrasound is inaudible at frequencies below 16 Hz. The threshold which is audible varies by individuals, but Levanthall states that "...it is most unlikely that an individual will be able to hear sound at any frequency which is more than 20 dB below the median threshold for hearing" (Colby, et al. 2009).

Project-specific field studies conducted by Epsilon Associates, Inc. and previously submitted to the PUC in document 20099-41923-01 of docket 09-845 reached similar conclusions (O'Neal, et al, 2009). Epsilon studied the two turbine models most frequently installed – the GE 1.5sle (1.5 MW) and Siemens SWT-2.3-93 (2.3 MW). These field studies consisted of outdoor measurements at various reference distances, and concurrent indoor/outdoor measurements at residences within the wind farm. Epsilon determined all means, methods, and the testing protocol without interference or direction from wind energy industry participants.

Based on field measurements and an extensive literature review, Epsilon concluded that wind farms consisting of GE 1.5sle and Siemens SWT 2.3-93 wind turbines (similar to those to be used at the Black Oak Getty Wind Farm) sited at distances beyond 1,000 feet from residences (i) meet the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard for low frequency sound in bedrooms, classrooms, and hospitals, (ii) meet the ANSI standard for thresholds of annoyance

from low frequency sound, and (iii) caused no window rattles or perceptible vibration of light weight walls or ceilings within homes (O'Neal et al. 2009). In homes, there may be slightly audible low frequency sound (depending on other sources of low frequency sound); however, the levels are below criteria and recommendations for low frequency sound within homes (O'Neal et al, 2009). There is no audible infrasound either outside or inside the homes at any of the measurement sites. (O'Neal et al, 2009) Epsilon concluded there should be no adverse public health effects from low frequency sound or infrasound at distances greater than 1,000 feet (O'Neal et al, 2009).

CONCLUSIONS

Analysis results indicate the following:

- The noise analysis was conducted in accordance with the accepted environmental noise assessment practices in the industry and in accordance with methods used on projects approved by the State of Minnesota.
- Analysis results indicate that the maximum (calculated) project-related noise level from all wind turbines operating simultaneously at their highest rated operating speed is 45 dBA (L_{eq}) at the nearest noise-sensitive receptor. This is based on the proposed Vestas V110 2.0 MW wind turbine generator.
- Analysis results also indicate that the average (calculated) project-related noise level at residences is 33 dBA, on an hourly L_{eq} basis.
- Cumulative noise levels including wind turbine noise levels and assumed background noise levels at all residences are compatible with criteria from Minnesota State Noise Pollution Control Rules 7030.0040 for acceptable levels of noise within residential land uses.
- Analysis results indicate that the maximum calculated noise levels are at least 5 dB below the nighttime L_{50} standard of 50 dBA.

In conclusion, analysis results indicate that project-related noise is expected to comply with MPCA noise standards.

References

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Appendix A

Black Oak Getty Wind Farm

Cadna-A Modeling Results

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 0 | 45.6361 | -94.9745 | T-18 | 1599 | 43 | 37 | 44 | 44 | 46 | 45 |
| 1 | 45.6815 | -95.0331 | T-04 | 1788 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 2 | 45.6768 | -95.0367 | T-08 | 2565 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 3 | 45.6864 | -95.0402 | T-04 | 2898 | 43 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 44 | 40 |
| 4 | 45.6899 | -95.0449 | T-42 | 4380 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 5 | 45.6903 | -95.0499 | T-08 | 5595 | 43 | 37 | 33 | 33 | 43 | 38 |
| 6 | 45.6873 | -95.0621 | T-06 | 5689 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 7 | 45.6866 | -95.0637 | T-06 | 5719 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 8 | 45.6720 | -95.0409 | T-08 | 1840 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 9 | 45.6614 | -95.0358 | T-32 | 1678 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 10 | 45.6614 | -95.0385 | T-32 | 2300 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 11 | 45.6580 | -95.0322 | T-32 | 2152 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 12 | 45.6624 | -95.0219 | T-16 | 2000 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 13 | 45.6522 | -95.0376 | T-13 | 3181 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 45 | 41 |
| 14 | 45.6469 | -95.0406 | T-10 | 2146 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 15 | 45.6471 | -95.0189 | T-14 | 1908 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 16 | 45.6382 | -95.0255 | T-12 | 2478 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 17 | 45.6256 | -95.0289 | T-29 | 4389 | 43 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 44 | 39 |
| 18 | 45.6283 | -95.0422 | T-29 | 1476 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 19 | 45.6283 | -95.0484 | T-29 | 1250 | 43 | 37 | 45 | 45 | 47 | 45 |
| 20 | 45.6312 | -95.0575 | T-28 | 2883 | 43 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 44 | 40 |
| 21 | 45.6316 | -95.0555 | T-28 | 2372 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 44 | 41 |
| 22 | 45.6581 | -95.0667 | T-01 | 1574 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 23 | 45.6574 | -95.0670 | T-01 | 1788 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 24 | 45.6657 | -95.0752 | T-01 | 2102 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 45 | 41 |
| 25 | 45.6673 | -95.0875 | T-01 | 5161 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 26 | 45.6723 | -95.0866 | T-01 | 5866 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 27 | 45.6784 | -95.0168 | T-07 | 1840 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 43 |
| 28 | 45.6775 | -95.0139 | T-07 | 2574 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 44 | 41 |
| 29 | 45.6874 | -95.0212 | T-07 | 1835 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 30 | 45.6860 | -95.0115 | T-07 | 2829 | 43 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 44 | 40 |
| 31 | 45.6852 | -95.0511 | T-08 | 3826 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 32 | 45.6593 | -95.0108 | T-16 | 2475 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 33 | 45.6374 | -95.0604 | T-09 | 3662 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 40 |
| 34 | 45.6139 | -95.0580 | T-29 | 5151 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 35 | 45.6148 | -95.0574 | T-29 | 4815 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 36 | 45.6156 | -95.0546 | T-29 | 4176 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 37 | 45.6127 | -95.0554 | T-29 | 5203 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 38 | 45.6115 | -95.0562 | T-29 | 5671 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 39 | 45.6140 | -95.0359 | T-29 | 4896 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 40 | 45.6168 | -95.0274 | T-29 | 5716 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 41 | 45.6305 | -95.0293 | T-11 | 4062 | 43 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 44 | 40 |
| 42 | 45.6839 | -95.0724 | T-03 | 6387 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 43 | 45.6022 | -94.9454 | T-34 | 9859 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 44 | 45.6013 | -95.0256 | T-29 | 10214 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 45 | 45.5999 | -94.9495 | T-34 | 10191 | 43 | 37 | 25 | 25 | 43 | 37 |
| 46 | 45.5995 | -94.9733 | T-34 | 10039 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 47 | 45.5995 | -95.0005 | T-34 | 13558 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 48 | 45.5994 | -95.0142 | T-29 | 12495 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 49 | 45.6013 | -95.0167 | T-29 | 11534 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 50 | 45.6060 | -94.9966 | T-34 | 11216 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 51 | 45.6026 | -94.9992 | T-34 | 12537 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 52 | 45.6063 | -94.9756 | T-34 | 7851 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |
| 53 | 45.6139 | -94.9690 | T-34 | 4694 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 54 | 45.6136 | -94.9610 | T-34 | 4603 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 55 | 45.6056 | -94.9535 | T-34 | 7894 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 56 | 45.6103 | -94.9536 | T-34 | 6303 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 57 | 45.6097 | -94.9438 | T-34 | 7824 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 58 | 45.6376 | -94.9280 | T-23 | 8719 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |
| 59 | 45.6848 | -94.9413 | T-37 | 10387 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 60 | 45.6791 | -94.9321 | T-37 | 10429 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 61 | 45.6673 | -94.9320 | T-37 | 8389 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 37 |
| 62 | 45.6596 | -94.9336 | T-37 | 7655 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 63 | 45.6559 | -94.9322 | T-37 | 8216 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 64 | 45.6568 | -94.9322 | T-37 | 8147 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 65 | 45.6568 | -94.9334 | T-37 | 7846 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 66 | 45.6563 | -94.9340 | T-37 | 7722 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 67 | 45.6495 | -94.9342 | T-37 | 8570 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 68 | 45.6206 | -94.9334 | T-33 | 7842 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |
| 69 | 45.6283 | -95.0483 | T-29 | 1228 | 43 | 37 | 45 | 45 | 47 | 45 |
| 70 | 45.7107 | -95.0459 | T-42 | 8939 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 71 | 45.7113 | -95.0471 | T-42 | 9288 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 72 | 45.7051 | -95.0471 | T-42 | 7458 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |
| 73 | 45.7044 | -95.0472 | T-42 | 7287 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 74 | 45.7010 | -95.0477 | T-42 | 6531 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 75 | 45.6982 | -95.0324 | T-42 | 3283 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 76 | 45.6984 | -95.0402 | T-42 | 4471 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 77 | 45.6903 | -95.0498 | T-08 | 5588 | 43 | 37 | 33 | 33 | 43 | 38 |
| 78 | 45.6898 | -95.0450 | T-42 | 4383 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 79 | 45.6863 | -95.0401 | T-04 | 2873 | 43 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 44 | 40 |
| 80 | 45.6815 | -95.0330 | T-04 | 1787 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 81 | 45.6769 | -95.0367 | T-08 | 2583 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 82 | 45.6720 | -95.0409 | T-08 | 1854 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 83 | 45.6614 | -95.0359 | T-32 | 1705 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 84 | 45.6610 | -95.0381 | T-32 | 2278 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 85 | 45.6580 | -95.0321 | T-32 | 2170 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 86 | 45.6523 | -95.0374 | T-13 | 3154 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 45 | 41 |
| 87 | 45.6468 | -95.0405 | T-10 | 2126 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 46 | 43 |
| 88 | 45.6382 | -95.0255 | T-12 | 2481 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 89 | 45.6283 | -95.0421 | T-29 | 1501 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 90 | 45.6305 | -95.0293 | T-11 | 4086 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 40 |
| 91 | 45.6257 | -95.0295 | T-29 | 4245 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 92 | 45.6264 | -95.0214 | T-11 | 6287 | 43 | 37 | 33 | 33 | 43 | 38 |
| 93 | 45.6167 | -95.0273 | T-29 | 5735 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 94 | 45.6196 | -95.0178 | T-29 | 7522 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 95 | 45.6139 | -94.9760 | T-34 | 5506 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 96 | 45.6141 | -94.9849 | T-34 | 7043 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 97 | 45.6153 | -94.9961 | T-19 | 8493 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 98 | 45.6137 | -95.0056 | T-19 | 9980 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 99 | 45.6184 | -95.0062 | T-19 | 8607 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 100 | 45.6190 | -95.0069 | T-19 | 8521 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 101 | 45.6213 | -95.0042 | T-19 | 7445 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 102 | 45.6231 | -95.0004 | T-19 | 6331 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 103 | 45.6228 | -95.0016 | T-19 | 6601 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 104 | 45.6276 | -94.9988 | T-19 | 4784 | 43 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 43 | 39 |
| 105 | 45.6322 | -94.9980 | T-19 | 3473 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 39 |
| 106 | 45.6360 | -95.0068 | T-14 | 4489 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 39 |
| 107 | 45.6384 | -95.0130 | T-14 | 3444 | 43 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 44 | 40 |
| 108 | 45.6471 | -95.0195 | T-13 | 1913 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 109 | 45.6471 | -95.0189 | T-14 | 1904 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 110 | 45.6593 | -95.0108 | T-16 | 2463 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 111 | 45.6619 | -95.0219 | T-16 | 1830 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 46 | 43 |
| 112 | 45.6775 | -95.0139 | T-07 | 2581 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 44 | 41 |
| 113 | 45.6784 | -95.0168 | T-07 | 1847 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 43 |
| 114 | 45.6860 | -95.0114 | T-07 | 2837 | 43 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 44 | 40 |
| 115 | 45.6874 | -95.0212 | T-07 | 1839 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 |
| 116 | 45.6954 | -95.0159 | T-42 | 3671 | 43 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 44 | 39 |
| 117 | 45.7012 | -95.0163 | T-42 | 5089 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 118 | 45.7059 | -95.0165 | T-42 | 6543 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 119 | 45.7076 | -95.0164 | T-42 | 7139 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 120 | 45.7086 | -95.0165 | T-42 | 7442 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |
| 121 | 45.7062 | -94.9924 | T-42 | 10844 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 122 | 45.7004 | -95.0023 | T-42 | 7578 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 123 | 45.7026 | -95.0097 | T-42 | 6592 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 124 | 45.7011 | -95.0105 | T-42 | 6054 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 125 | 45.6922 | -94.9933 | T-15 | 6640 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 126 | 45.6937 | -94.9958 | T-15 | 7367 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 127 | 45.6954 | -94.9878 | T-15 | 7530 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 128 | 45.6950 | -94.9808 | T-15 | 7487 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 129 | 45.6901 | -94.9774 | T-15 | 6014 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 130 | 45.6869 | -94.9956 | T-15 | 5066 | 43 | 37 | 33 | 33 | 43 | 38 |
| 131 | 45.6782 | -94.9807 | T-15 | 1841 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 132 | 45.6720 | -94.9946 | T-27 | 2341 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 133 | 45.6628 | -94.9944 | T-27 | 2248 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 134 | 45.6479 | -94.9952 | T-35 | 3459 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 44 | 41 |
| 135 | 45.6161 | -94.9746 | T-34 | 4652 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 136 | 45.6193 | -94.9735 | T-34 | 3579 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 137 | 45.6259 | -94.9704 | T-34 | 1786 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 138 | 45.6320 | -94.9733 | T-18 | 2971 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 139 | 45.6323 | -94.9750 | T-18 | 2942 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 140 | 45.6441 | -94.9878 | T-20 | 2223 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 141 | 45.6532 | -94.9820 | T-35 | 1823 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 142 | 45.6533 | -94.9815 | T-35 | 1905 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 143 | 45.6572 | -94.9791 | T-22 | 1974 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 144 | 45.6577 | -94.9732 | T-24 | 1640 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 46 | 43 |
| 145 | 45.6576 | -94.9736 | T-24 | 1755 | 43 | 37 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 43 |
| 146 | 45.6631 | -94.9747 | T-24 | 2356 | 43 | 37 | 41 | 41 | 45 | 42 |
| 147 | 45.6642 | -94.9738 | T-24 | 2445 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 148 | 45.6686 | -94.9766 | T-26 | 2394 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 42 |
| 149 | 45.6717 | -94.9697 | T-26 | 4080 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 40 |
| 150 | 45.6763 | -94.9676 | T-15 | 4707 | 43 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 44 | 39 |
| 151 | 45.6764 | -94.9698 | T-15 | 4142 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 152 | 45.6813 | -94.9685 | T-15 | 5039 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 153 | 45.6837 | -94.9702 | T-15 | 5160 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 154 | 45.6930 | -94.9681 | T-15 | 8054 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |
| 155 | 45.6988 | -94.9623 | T-15 | 10631 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 156 | 45.6867 | -94.9452 | T-37 | 10518 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 157 | 45.6149 | -94.9522 | T-34 | 4991 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 31 | 43 | 38 |
| 158 | 45.6212 | -94.9538 | T-34 | 3039 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 40 |
| 159 | 45.6255 | -94.9536 | T-33 | 2422 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 44 | 41 |
| 160 | 45.6270 | -94.9521 | T-33 | 2514 | 43 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 44 | 41 |
| 161 | 45.6322 | -94.9520 | T-23 | 2522 | 43 | 37 | 39 | 39 | 44 | 41 |
| 162 | 45.6383 | -94.9539 | T-23 | 2588 | 43 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 44 | 41 |
| 163 | 45.6432 | -94.9425 | T-23 | 5993 | 43 | 37 | 32 | 32 | 43 | 38 |
| 164 | 45.6475 | -94.9505 | T-31 | 5144 | 43 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 44 | 39 |
| 165 | 45.6542 | -94.9527 | T-37 | 3684 | 43 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 44 | 39 |
| 166 | 45.6919 | -94.9519 | T-15 | 10710 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 167 | 45.6791 | -94.9441 | T-37 | 8275 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 28 | 43 | 38 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA | Daytime L _{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L _{eq} , dBA |
| 168 | 45.6721 | -94.9472 | T-37 | 5845 | 43 | 37 | 30 | 30 | 43 | 38 |
| 169 | 45.6583 | -94.9498 | T-37 | 3622 | 43 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 44 | 39 |
| 170 | 45.6584 | -94.9544 | T-37 | 2507 | 43 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 44 | 40 |
| 171 | 45.6815 | -94.9540 | T-37 | 7909 | 43 | 37 | 29 | 29 | 43 | 38 |
| 172 | 45.6928 | -94.9541 | T-15 | 10452 | 43 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 43 | 37 |
| 173 | 45.7013 | -94.9553 | T-15 | 12442 | 43 | 37 | 25 | 25 | 43 | 37 |
| 174 | 45.7028 | -94.9541 | T-15 | 13054 | 43 | 37 | 25 | 25 | 43 | 37 |
| 175 | 45.7073 | -94.9540 | T-15 | 14389 | 43 | 37 | 24 | 24 | 43 | 37 |
| 176 | 45.7093 | -94.9544 | T-15 | 14943 | 43 | 37 | 24 | 24 | 43 | 37 |
| 177 | 45.7097 | -94.9543 | T-15 | 15081 | 43 | 37 | 24 | 24 | 43 | 37 |
| 178 | 45.7101 | -94.9543 | T-15 | 15222 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 179 | 45.7107 | -94.9543 | T-15 | 15384 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 180 | 45.7110 | -94.9542 | T-15 | 15511 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 181 | 45.7115 | -94.9543 | T-15 | 15635 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 182 | 45.7126 | -94.9543 | T-15 | 16009 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 183 | 45.7119 | -94.9547 | T-15 | 15701 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 184 | 45.7120 | -94.9560 | T-15 | 15582 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 185 | 45.7125 | -94.9559 | T-15 | 15748 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 186 | 45.7136 | -94.9581 | T-15 | 15838 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 187 | 45.7138 | -94.9570 | T-15 | 16058 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 188 | 45.7142 | -94.9581 | T-15 | 16042 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 189 | 45.7146 | -94.9570 | T-15 | 16308 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 190 | 45.7150 | -94.9579 | T-15 | 16341 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 191 | 45.7158 | -94.9565 | T-15 | 16760 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |

| Residence ID ^a | Location | | Nearest Turbine | | Background Noise Level ^c | | Modeled Project-Related Noise Level | | Cumulative Noise Level, Project + Background | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | Latitude | Longitude | Turbine ID ^b | Distance to Turbine, ft. | Daytime L_{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L_{eq} , dBA | Daytime L_{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L_{eq} , dBA | Daytime L_{eq} , dBA | Nighttime L_{eq} , dBA |
| 192 | 45.7156 | -94.9579 | T-15 | 16526 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 193 | 45.7157 | -94.9585 | T-15 | 16484 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 194 | 45.7159 | -94.9601 | T-15 | 16370 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 195 | 45.7166 | -94.9701 | T-15 | 15785 | 43 | 37 | 23 | 23 | 43 | 37 |
| 196 | 45.7153 | -94.9773 | T-15 | 14968 | 43 | 37 | 24 | 24 | 43 | 37 |
| 197 | 45.7159 | -94.9779 | T-15 | 15147 | 43 | 37 | 24 | 24 | 43 | 37 |
| 198 | 45.7155 | -94.9960 | T-42 | 12409 | 43 | 37 | 25 | 25 | 43 | 37 |
| 199 | 45.7153 | -95.0080 | T-42 | 10604 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 200 | 45.7168 | -95.0151 | T-42 | 10382 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 201 | 45.7161 | -95.0160 | T-42 | 10074 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 202 | 45.7163 | -95.0173 | T-42 | 10036 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 203 | 45.7154 | -95.0163 | T-42 | 9788 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |
| 204 | 45.7165 | -95.0318 | T-42 | 9819 | 43 | 37 | 26 | 26 | 43 | 37 |

^a Residence ID as shown on Figure 1

^b Turbine ID shown in Figure 2

^c Preconstruction noise level surveys for the project area have not been completed at this time. Assumed daytime and nighttime background noise levels are based on American National Standards Institute ANSI / ASA S12.9 Part 3 (2008) typical noise levels for very quiet suburban and rural residential land uses